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The Daily Freeman.

VOL. 2.--NO. 250. CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT,) N. Y., SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1873. WHOLE NO. 560.

In the Shadow of Death.

TWO LITTLE CHILDREN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS ALONE WITH THEIR DYING MOTHER.

From the Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.

Mr. John W. Van Brocklin of Twin Bridges, a short distance from this city, was helping to build a church at Sheridan, and was away from home with his wagon and team from Monday morning till Saturday night. He was therefore absent from his wife and two little children, the eldest five years old, all week, except Saturday nights and Sundays. Mrs. Van Brocklin and the children enjoyed good health, and the husband and father had no fear for the safety of the birds in the home nest. There were near neighbors too. On Saturday evening the two children used to toddle a good distance along the road by which their father came, to meet him and get a ride home in the wagon.

On a late Saturday, Mr. Van Brocklin was returning home as usual, and the two little fellows had gone quite a distance to meet him. He stopped to take them in the wagon, and as he lifted them up, he asked, "How is mamma?" Two little voices replied, "Oh, papa, mamma's dead." He thought he did not hear correctly and asked again. "Your mamma?" The little voices again chimed together, "Yes, papa, mamma's dead in the bed." Van Brocklin hurried his team home. He found his wife indeed in bed insensible, and fast sinking in death. She was there alone; no neighbors were near. He called loudly for help; the neighbors were alarmed; a doctor was summoned, but before he arrived the poor woman had passed away. The doctor said her attack was of a paralytic nature. This is the children's story, gathered from them by odds and ends:

On Thursday evening Mrs. Van Brocklin called her children to her and told them she was sick, and to run and call the nearest neighbor. Then she fell down on the bed.—She never said anything more to them, and they at first supposed she was asleep. It was growing dark, and they were afraid to go for the neighbor. They slept in their clothes and tried to waken their mother in the morning, but she would not rouse. They ate what they could find cooked in the house, and drove up the cows morning and evening to be milked, but there was nobody to milk them, and at the usual time they turned them out into the pasture again. The neighbors seeing the children at their usual tasks supposed, of course, that it was all right with them at home, and it so happened that none of them called. The oldest child began to be a little frightened, and suggested to the other, "What if mamma should be dead. She must be dead, or she'd waked up," and so the little boys came to the conclusion that their mother had gone away from them, and wondered what papa would say when he heard of it. Their curiosity on this point was excited, and, with their hearts full of news, they started out to meet their father coming home in his wagon. They had been forty-eight hours with the shadow of death in the house and were not old enough to realize what it was.

An Enterprising Coroner.

[From the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.]

Butcher, when we knew him, was coroner up in Williamsport. Business that winter was dreadful dull. Nobody died suddenly or was drowned or murdered, and Butcher not only had nothing to do, but he made no fees, and was as poor as Walt Whitman's poetry. Suddenly a mania for committing suicide by poison seemed to break out among the people. Mrs. Brown fed herself with strychnine; both the Smith girls stuffed themselves with arsenic; Aleck Jones took a dose of laudanum; Johnson, a colored girl, swallowed some bug poison, and Mrs. Murphy's little son ate four boxes of phosphorus matches. These tragic events occurred at intervals of a few days, and in each case no sooner were the facts discovered than Dr. Bumm was at once on hand with his stomach pump. He' emptied Mrs. Brown all of a sudden; he pumped out the Smith girls; he tore the laudanum out of Jones; he separated the poison from the colored girl, and he nearly turned Mrs. Murphy's boy wrong side out. All of them recovered. The coroner viewed these proceedings with regret. He went to Bumm and suggested that he would give $100 if the doctor wo'd close out his pump, and $50 more if he would go out of town for three or four weeks. The coroner said that he did not wish to seem importunate or obtrusive, but was tired of having doctors meddle with his business. Then Dr. Bumm affirmed that he would not only sell and not leave town, but when the next poisoning case occurred, he would buy a steam engine, attach it to the machine, and pump the patient throughout the unending ages of all eternity, if he wanted to. That night Butcher bribed the doctor's boy to bring him the pump for a few moments. Then he rubbed some nitro-glycerine around the end of the piston and sent it back. The next day Mary Jane McGuire took oxalic acid. The doctor came; he inserted the apparatus down her throat and plunged the piston down. A snap, a shriek, a loud explosion, and Mary Jane, oh! where was she? Forty-seven pieces of her were found, and they picked up twelve fragments of the doctor, so the coroner had a chance for forty-nine inquests, the fees of which enabled him to buy a barrel of flour, get his wagon fixed, and give his wife a pink silk dress. He was the most enterprising coroner they ever had in Williamsport.

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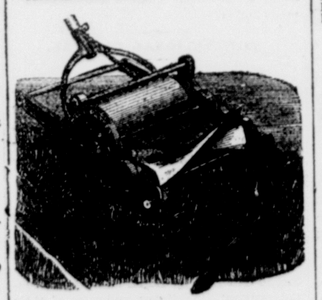

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The Daily Freeman.

VOL. 2.—NO. 250. CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT.) N. Y., SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1873. WHOLE NO. 560.

In the Shadow of Death.

TWO LITTLE CHILDREN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS ALONE WITH THEIR DYING MOTHER.

From the Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.

Mr. John W. Van Brocklin of Twin Bridges, a short distance from this city, was helping to build a church at Sheridan, and was away from home with his wagon and team from Monday morning till Saturday night. He was therefore absent from his wife and two little children, the eldest five years old, all week, except Saturday nights and Sundays. Mrs. Van Brocklin and the children enjoyed good health, and the husband and father had no fear for the safety of the birds in the home nest. There were near neighbors too. On Saturday evening the two children used to toddle a good distance along the road by which their father came, to meet him and get a ride home in the wagon.

On a late Saturday, Mr. Van Brocklin was returning home as usual, and the two little fellows had gone quite a distance to meet him. He stopped to take them in the wagon, and as he lifted them up, he asked, "How is mamma?" Two little voices replied, "Oh, papa, mamma's dead." He thought he did not hear correctly and asked again. "Your mamma?" The little voices again chimed together, "Yes, papa, mamma's dead in the bed." Van Brocklin hurried his team home. He found his wife indeed in bed insensible, and fast sinking in death. She was there alone; no neighbors were near. He called loudly for help; the neighbors were alarmed; a doctor was summoned, but before he arrived the poor woman had passed away. The doctor said her attack was of a paralytic nature. This is the children's story, gathered from them by odds and ends:

On Thursday evening Mrs. Van Brocklin called her children to her and told them she was sick, and to run and call the nearest neighbor. Then she fell down on the bed.—She never said anything more to them, and they at first supposed she was asleep. It was growing dark, and they were afraid to go for the neighbor. They slept in their clothes and tried to waken their mother in the morning, but she would not rouse. They ate what they could find cooked in the house, and drove up the cows morning and evening to be milked, but there was nobody to milk them, and at the usual time they turned them out into the pasture again. The neighbors seeing the children at their usual tasks supposed, of course, that it was all right with them at home, and it so happened that none of them called. The oldest child began to be a little frightened, and suggested to the other, "What if mamma should be dead. She must be dead, or she'd waked up," and so the little boys came to the conclusion that their mother had gone away from them, and wondered what papa would say when he heard of it. Their curiosity on this point was excited, and, with their hearts full of news, they started out to meet their father coming home in his wagon. They had been forty-eight hours with the shadow of death in the house and were not old enough to realize what it was.

An Enterprising Coroner.

[From the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.]

Butcher, when we knew him, was coroner up in Williamsport. Business that winter was dreadful dull. Nobody died suddenly or was drowned or murdered, and Butcher not only had nothing to do, but he made no fees, and was as poor as Walt Whitman's poetry. Suddenly a mania for committing suicide by poison seemed to break out among the people. Mrs. Brown fed herself with strychnine; both the Smith girls stuffed themselves with arsenic; Aleck Jones took a dose of laudanum; Johnson, a colored girl, swallowed some bug poison, and Mrs. Murphy's little son ate four boxes of phosphorus matches. These tragic events occurred at intervals of a few days, and in each case no sooner were the facts discovered than Dr. Bumm was at once on hand with his stomach pump. He' emptied Mrs. Brown all of a sudden; he pumped out the Smith girls; he tore the laudanum out of Jones; he separated the poison from the colored girl, and he nearly turned Mrs. Murphy's boy wrong side out. All of them recovered. The coroner viewed these proceedings with regret. He went to Bumm and suggested that he would give $100 if the doctor wo'd close out his pump, and $50 more if he would go out of town for three or four weeks. The coroner said that he did not wish to seem importunate or obtrusive, but was tired of having doctors meddle with his business. Then Dr. Bumm affirmed that he would not only sell and not leave town, but when the next poisoning case occurred, he would buy a steam engine, attach it to the machine, and pump the patient throughout the unending ages of all eternity, if he wanted to. That night Butcher bribed the doctor's boy to bring him the pump for a few moments. Then he rubbed some nitro-glycerine around the end of the piston and sent it back. The next day Mary Jane McGuire took oxalic acid. The doctor came; he inserted the apparatus down her throat and plunged the piston down. A snap, a shriek, a loud explosion, and Mary Jane, oh! where was she? Forty-seven pieces of her were found, and they picked up twelve fragments of the doctor, so the coroner had a chance for forty-nine inquests, the fees of which enabled him to buy a barrel of flour, get his wagon fixed, and give his wife a pink silk dress. He was the most enterprising coroner they ever had in Williamsport.

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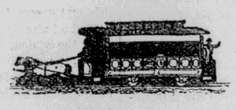
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WINTER'S NEWS OFFICE.

OVERLOOK MOUNTAIN HOUSE.
Via City of Kingston.
ULSTER CO., N. Y.
This Hotel is built in the most elegant style, and furnished with every modern convenience, and will accommodate 500 guests. The rooms are supplied with hot and cold water.
The site of the Hotel is the most delightful in the country. The Overlook Mountain forms a part of the Catskills, and is the highest peak of the range. Its height is 3,800 feet above the tide. From every point on the Mountain and every room of the Hotel views can be obtained that are unsurpassed in the country. The Valley of the Hudson is spread out before the beholder for 100 miles of its length. Of mountains the view comprises the SHAWANGUNK, CATSKILLS and BERKSHIRES; and from HIGH POINT in the South West to MT. HOLYOKE in the East mountains are presented on every hand. The air of this resort has been found a perfect curative of the distressing HAY FEVER, patients suffering from it obtaining speedy and perfect relief.
A pretty lake nestles among the great hills, and paths among the mountains lead to superb views.
Take steamers Mary Powell, foot of Vestry St., at 3½ P. M., James W. Baldwin and Thomas Cornell, Harrison St. Pier, at 4 P. M., for Kingston, the Albany day-boats or Hudson River Railroad to Rhinebeck, and Kingston, (90 miles,) and N. Y., K. & S. R. R. to West Hurley (9 miles), where the hotel stages are in waiting for every train. Also Erie and Wallkill Valley Railway foot of 23d and Chambers Streets, to Kingston City, &c. Baggage by this route checked at New York through to West Hurley.
The House will be kept in STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS STYLE. It will be opened for Guests on the 1st of June, 1873.
To parties or families desirous of taking rooms by the month or for the Summer satisfactory prices will be made.
A full Orchestra has been engaged for the season.
J. E. Lasher, Manager.
OVERLOOK MOUNTAIN HOUSE, WOODSTOCK P. O., N. Y.

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Who has removed to
L. MELLERT'S OLD STAND
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Next to A. DUNN'S jewelry store, keeps a full assortment of
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ALL KINDS OF HAIR GOODS, REAL AND IMITATION HAIR SWITCHES, &c., &c.
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WHITE GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
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FOR SALE.
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE—
The Prospect Hill Farm.
The subscriber being desirous of retiring from active life as a cultivator of the soil, would offer for sale his farm on which he now resides, situated in the City of Kingston, about ten minutes' walk from the Post Office, containing forty five acres of choice land. This place is beautifully situated, presenting the finest view of the mountains and surrounding country in the city. On this farm there are a large number of sites for buildings, commanding magnificent views that cover a large scope of the surrounding country. This property, lying as it does in close proximity to the central part of the city, must necessarily soon be in strong demand for the erection of private residences. There can be found no better site for a Hotel to accommodate summer boarders than on this property. Title indisputable. Terms accommodating.
Kingston City, May 19th, 1873.
ABRAHAM M. PELLS.

Coal, Coal, Coal.
All Kinds of LACKAWANNA COAL, constantly on hand, and for sale at the old stand corner Wall and St. James streets. Orders promptly filled.
W. W. & P. N. TEN BROECK,
Kingston, N. Y.

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Saturday Morning, August 9

The Danbury Man has become a famous character throughout the country and his paper, the News, has prospered exceedingly by reason of the peculiarly humorous style in which it is conducted. We like the News, and we laugh over its fun every week; but never the less we are reluctantly compelled to admit that it occasionally developes a stratum of very weak, watery wit. It is a hard thing, we know, to be periodically funny, but it does seem to us that Bailey could have invented something more brilliant than sticking the initials T. B. T. G. G. over his correspondence column and then setting every one to guessing what the letters meant, thereby inflicting on his readers every week an avalanche of four or five columns of the silliest kind of bosh, which the unsophisticated writers doubtless innocently imagine is excruciatingly smart. If the Danbury Man pans out any more such pointless fun we shall have our faith in him weakened and be led to believe that the true interpretation of the initials are Tom Bailey, The Great Goose.

Important Decision.

Judge Grover, of the State Court of Appeals, has just rendered an important opinion on the right of the Legislature to compel towns to bond for building railroads. We have no space to quote his words, but his points are as follows: First, railroad companies are private corporations and the right of eminent domain may be exercised in regard to them only so far as their construction and operation is for the public benefit; second, inasmuch as the property of railroad companies is held by them in the same way and by virtue of the same legal power as individual property the state cannot compel contracts to be made with such companies, although it may enforce fulfillment of contracts when they are made; thirdly, municipalities, like cities or towns, may be compelled to grant domain and money to companies which are *exclusively* public, but not to railways, which are only *partially* so; fourthly, a town having bonded under the provisions of the act of 1869 cannot be compelled to issue bonds according to the new law of 1870, which latter law repealed the former one so far as it favored the towns. Of course under this opinion the back interest on the issue of 1869 cannot be collected as required by the statute of 1870. We hail this opinion as presaging the time when the almost despotic power of railroad corporations shall be limited by the popular interest and will.

"Calculated."

The New York Times of yesterday in speaking of the effect of recent rains says "The rain which has fallen so plentifully at intervals during the past ten days, although coming, so to say, at the eleventh hour, is nevertheless calculated to do a great deal of good." We do not quote this to debate the general issue, but to enter a mild protest against the careless use of the word "calculated," of which the above is an instance among multitudes. The Times in its reflecting and dictionary-consulting moods knows better than to abuse a good word by such a manifest misplacement. This, however, is a poor excuse, inasmuch as a paper holding the position now occupied by the Times should never be slovenly written; especially upon its editorial page. The journalistic "Aggies," whose editors alternate between publishing and small farming, may be readily pardoned for even more unfortunate verbal lapses, but a metropolitan four-decker should be master of the meanings and uses of all common words. "Calculate," whether considered as a verb-transitive or intransitive, is a purely mathematical term. No operations of nature can be "calculated" unless it is assumed that the Almighty is given to the use of tables.

We regret to usurp for a single moment the functions of the professional philologist, and offer as our plea that we were worried to see the bright face of those new types of the Times marred by a phrase "calculated" to do so much harm as "calculated" does when out of place.

Darwin vs. Agassiz.

The scientific gentlemen above named are the sword-bearers of two opposing schools of science. Darwin represents what is popularly styled the development theory, while Agassiz contends against him for what happens to be the more nearly orthodox notion of special and separate creative acts. We have no call nor room for a discussion of the illimitable matters involved in the premises and reasoning of these intellectual athletes. Our present purpose is merely to object to the prevalent fashion among some would-be philosophers of mixing any of these things with faith and its objects. Which of these men is right or which wrong is not of the least practical consequence to anybody. If Mr. Darwin asserts that men are merely improved and revised editions of the ape and monkey, candor compels the admission that many facts of human nature seem to attest his dogma. If Mr. Agassiz declares, as he does in a recent lecture, that the evolutionists are "men who are trying to get along without a God," the public who care for the debate at all should remember that some of the very foremost promoters of Christianity in Europe hold the views announced by them. In fact, so far as the religious questions are introduced into this controversy the motive is one of physical, professional or church jealousy. No man will ever be damned for his belief or roasted by reason of his hauling logic. The sphere of science is as distinct from that of faith as a dose of pills is different from Butler's Analogy. As Scottie remarked to the Colorado clergyman, "Put it *there*, pard."

Pork.

The parish clerk in Dicken's Great Expectations once declared that he had no doubt that if he should try to preach, he could easily beat the parson. "However," he said, in cautious qualification, "the trouble would be in finding subjects to preach about." "Subjects," indignantly echoed Uncle Pumblechook, "there are plenty of subjects going about. If you want a subject, *look at pork*." Let us, brethren, look at pork for one moment. Considered concretely pork is defunct hog treated for preservation. This is fortunate for the hog but sad for humanity. For on the irrefrangible principle that like produces like, men who eat pork will be porcine. They will bristle up easily and love to have little curly tails to their names, such as Esq., M. D., LL. D., and so on. But pork is more specifically dangerous when taken internally. Dr. Smith (everybody has heard of Dr. Smith) in speaking of the *trichina spiralis* says that it is all nonsense to be afraid of such an insignificant little worm and that, as to the danger from it, "it is of very little weight, when we consider it on the great numbers of pork consumers, since the known instances of injury are infinitesimally few." Yes, yes, but how about the *unknown* instances of injury" from it?

Yet, Dr. Smith recommends pork and animal food in general and mentions that it is to be preferred to vegetable food for the reason that is more easily digested and more readily sustains the vital actions. In justice to Dr. Smith we should say that his work on Food, published by the Appletons, is at once popular and instructive. But, personally, we don't like pork.

Education.

The National Educational Convention in session at Elmira is largely attended and seems to be more than ordinarily fruitful in good talk and sound suggestion. In a forcible speech a member suggested that the funds accruing from the sale of public lands should be appropriated to purposes of education. There is sense in this proposition, heralded as it is by the growth and popularity of the Free School system in this country. It is but a truism to say that education, of both head and heart, is the cheapest thing in the long run that people are called upon to pay for. There is such a possibility to any nation as that it may get wealthier and weaker. We hear no end of brag about our increasing facilities for intercommunication, and brilliant prophecies of the nation's future abound in the rhetorical fireworks of Fourth of July, and a ride with exultant crow across the pages of many a dull hebdomidal.

But power means *law*. Endurance is the child of obedience, as much in politics as in architecture. Manifest destiny is manifest humbug. We shall amount to something if we behave ourselves; and if we don't, we won't. That fact summarizes the whole case. Upon this we base the necessity of culture.—The fools will be a majority for at least five hundred years to come, but something will be gained if the schoolmaster can convince the fools of the limitations of their nature. It will also be an infinite advantage to our busy, bustling population if the cool cloister and the Academic shade shall finally impress them with the notion that there is nothing divine about money.

Furthermore if they shall come some time to think that contentment is the best currency, the highest kingdom the well-furnished mind, the noblest republic the independence of intelligence and the equality which is born of charity—but we must not moralize in August. We are glad to notice that the reports of the convention allude to the vast, integral changes going on in China and Japan. Few of us realize what a concession to the ideas which underlie our civilization is the sending students here for education by those ancient hives of humanity. The governments of China and Japan, be it remembered, are opposing the instruction and hereditary prejudices of millions in taking this advanced ground. Officially, those lands are no longer heathen. They have abjured Buddhism, the ingrained religion of centuries, and are honestly striving after a faith more practical and efficient. They are more likely to arrive at this through an interchange of thought with us and a commingling of life, than by means of exported missionaries and bibles. We shall justify our claim to the name of Christian by renouncing in favor of Japan our share of the Wyoming insanity, which forty times overpays our losses; especially as the offence committed against us by the attack on our cruiser was by a rebel Daimio, not by the government.—Speed education. With its advent wars go out and quarrels become less vicious and prolonged; the people healthier and happier, and nearer loom up the thousand years of peace.

CURRENT TOPICS.

—Professor Wise has had no recent prominent applicants to accompany him while air cruising.

—The London Journals deny the report that Prince Arthur is betrothed to Princess Thyra of Denmark.

—Saratoga racing stakes are to close on the 15th. Let bored newspaper readers, who can't for their life, "talk horse," take fresh courage.

—A reported death from cholera in New York city was found on a post mortum examination to have resulted from inflammation of the stomach.

—The Cherokee Indians are reported to be on the war path, owing to an election difficulty among themselves. Such occurrences are unusual to the Indian Territory.

—What changes happen in the course of one short year! Witness, for instance, the public reception of North Carolina election returns in 1872, and again in 1873.

—The swill-milk, stump-tail cow question threatens soon to be revived in Brooklyn. This time it can be hoped this gross outrage on dumb beasts and common decency will be fully and permanently abated.

—President Grant, in a quiet, modest way, has much gallantry towards the ladies, as common usually among regular army and navy officers. Thursday night at Long Branch, he rescued a lady from injury by a runaway team.

—The Times discourses against the danger to public health, just now, by New York street venders of fruit. It truthfully remarks that much of this fruit by exposure to the burning rays of the sun becomes very unwholesome eating for the average human digestion. It disclaims any hostile intent against the class of poor people usually vending, but insists that the business wants some proper seasonable rules.

—The steam driving nature of modern enterprise was well shown by two New York journals, the Tribune and Evening Post, publishing elaborate obituary notices of the historian and ex-Minister Motley. The latest reliable information concerning the latter's illness shows it to be, instead of paralysis or apoplexy as first reported, an attack of neuralgia, from which every one is pleased to know Mr. Motley will soon likely be out of danger. What news and enterprise next?

—Independent journalism in its fullest sense, that is when not dependent for patronage upon politics or jobs, is popular with the people, and is fast crowding partisan papers out of the influence they once wielded. This is right, and the sentiment that causes the fact is also more and more seen in our political contests. The growth of independent voters, if it continues as likely, will prove the power that will yet save our government from utter sacrifices by selfish, venal politicians.

—It seems politics will pop up at all times, regardless of wind or weather. Ohio having been heard from in a nominating line, Virginia follows suit and has its opposing candidates for Governor in the field. So far all right; but when disputation arises as to the meaning of platforms adopted, whether on the one side seemingly tenacious of still keeping in view the once known principles of 1776, and on the other hand a squirmishness about back-pay denunciation, an impartial observer, if found, must impute the phrase of "glittering generalities" to platform making generally.

—The Tribune, amid convulsive spasms, calls attention to a noted United States Senator taking a paramour to Long Branch, during the course of a drunken spree. The writer goes on to beat all around the bush to save mentioning directly the Senator's name; yet for all that asserts "between him and the Presidency of the United States are but two lives, and one of them of frailest tenure." Who else but Senator Matt Carpenter of Wisconsin, presiding officer pro tem of the Senate, does all this mean? Out upon this suppression of names, when disgraced prominence is concerned!

—The approaching state canvass may call public attention anew to the subject of our state canals. As a popular avenue of competition with our railway lines no party dares or cares to take ground in favor of their sale to private ownership. That is well enough it they formed less prominent objects for official pluckings to either political party in power. A long continued course like this will soon put forbearance to a test, the more if added to it the canals became out of repair through the acts of venal contractors. We hope, however, this great avenue of trade may long remain to compete with adjacent railway lines, in the interests of the people.

—The Rhinebeck & Connecticut Railroad is being rapidly pushed toward completion.—During the past week a switch has been laid near the Hog Bridge, and a considerable portion of the road ballasted. Four thousand and four hundred tons of iron arrived at the Slate Dock on Monday. The work of puting it down will commence immediately and every effort will be made to finish the road by the middle of September.—*Rhinebeck Gazette.*

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

Unconditional Surrender of Valencia.

MADRID, August 8.—Valencia has unconditionally surrendered and General Compos now occupies the city. The submission of Cartagena is expected to follow immediately.

FRANCE.

Rochefort's Departure for New Caledonia.

PARIS, August 8.—Henri Rochefort was examined by physicians yesterday and pronounced able to bear the fatigues of a voyage. He was accordingly sent on board the transport Virginie this morning with eighty-nine other convicts for New Caledonia.

The payment of the third quarter of the last milliard of war indemnity was completed on the 5th inst.

AUSTRIA.

A New King of France.

VIENNA, August 8.—The Vorstadt Zeitung reports that Count de Chambord has accepted the throne of France, a formal tender of which was recently made him by a deputation of Legitimists.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE A PRINCE.

TRIESTE, August 8.—An attempt was made to-day to assassinate Prince Nicholas Hospodar of Montenegro. The Prince was severely wounded in the face.

LOUISIANA.

A Policeman Charged with Attempted Assassination.

NEW ORLEANS, August 8.—Officer Wm. Terry of the mounted Metropolitan police was arrested to-day on a charge of attempting to assassinate District Attorney McKay last night in Carrollton. Terry snapped a pistol twice at McKay and fled.

CONNECTICUT.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide at Columbia.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 8.—About noon to-day Mrs. Almira Maynard, wife of Alfred Maynard, of Columbia, Conn., attempted suicide by shooting herself in the head with a pistol, after vainly trying morphine and laudanum. The surgeons have not yet been able to extract the ball, which entered just below the centre of the forehead. Mrs. Maynard had left her husband and came here from New London with two young men named Herbert Bassett and Morrie Frarie, who are now detained by the police.

NEW YORK.

Another Roadside Horror.

ALBANY, August 8.—The body of an unknown man was found on the Schenectady turnpike about two miles from the city yesterday with his throat cut and seven pistol wounds in his head. He was apparently about thirty-five years of age, and well-dressed. A copy of the New York Sun of August 5th and a small looking-glass were found in his pocket. Though a razor was found near him there was no pistol, and there are other evidences of murder having been committed. Coroner Harrigan has the matter in charge.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

The Alabama Safe.

NEW YORK, August 8.—A dispatch from Glasgow to the agents of the State Line of steamers to-day says "Look for the Alabama on the 18th. Report unfounded." This explodes the theory that the wreck stuff on the coast of Ireland belonged to that steamship.

MORE RING RESULTS.

Hearing was given counsel to-day in the case of a bank which demands a mandamus against the city to compel the payment of some $25,000 alleged to have been advanced to pay for Court House jobs under the ring rule.—Decision reserved.

THE FARMERS' MOVEMENT.

Remarkable Speech by a Granger.

CHICAGO, August 8.—The Farmers' Convention was held in Paxton, Ford county, Ill., yesterday and a full ticket for county officers was nominated. The platform of the McLean county Farmers' Convention was adopted.

At the gathering of the Farmers' Clubs at Winchester, Scott county, yesterday, S. M. Smith, Secretary of the State Farmers' Association, made rather a remarkable speech, in the course of which he denounced the corruption and fraud of the present political parties and prophesied that the day would come, if there was no other way left, if the farmers were swindled and hoodwinked as they had been, that he and his boys and thousands of other farmers and their boys would have to ride some of these villains out of the state capitals on rails and that many a tree in broad America would bear human fruit. He thought a remedy could be found, but if a remedy could not be found anarchy and bloodshed might follow.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Vogt Case.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The German Minister has been officially informed of the grounds of the conclusion of our government in the Vogt case, and further that at the expiration of a certain time Vogt will be discharged from custody.

THE VIENNA INVESTIGATION.

The full report of the special commission on the abuses of the United States branch of the Vienna exposition has been received here.—The conclusions are the reverse of complimentary to General Van Buren and his confidential assistant, Gen. Mayer, and some of their subordinates.

THE MANITOBA DIFFICULTY.

The government has received no official communication from Great Britain relative to the Manitoba difficulty and therefore, contrary to report, has taken no action whatever in the premises; nor has the government received any communication from the Spanish representatives concerning the action of the United States officers in relation to the protection of the Virginius.

EXTENSIVE HIGHWAY ROBBERIES IN THE WEST.

Special agent Wickizer of the Post-office Department reports from Salt Lake July 31st that highway robbery on the main routes in the Rocky Mountains is becoming quite frequent. On the 9th ult. robbers attacked the mail coach on the Montana route near Pleasant Valley and took $19,000 in treasure from Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, but did not molest the mails. The robbers have been arrested. A few days later, on the same route, near Snake River, the stage coach was fired into and the driver mortally wounded. The poor fellow had the nerve and presence of mind to put the whip to his horses, by which all was saved but his own life. He expired soon after he reached the first station. On the 24th ult. the mail coach on the Kelton & Boise route near Snake River was attacked by robbers and the through mail pouch from Boise to Kelton taken and also Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box. Agent Wickizer says bad men come to the mines with the expectation of making sudden fortunes and being disappointed become reckless and desperate highwaymen.

FIRE IN DUTCHESS COUNTY.

Loss Seven Thousand Dollars.

POUGHKEEPSIE, August 8.—Herman Smith's dwelling and barn at Clinton Corners, Dutchess Co., were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss $7,000; partially insured.

HEARTRENDING CATASTROPHE.

A Steamer Burned on the Potomac,

BETWEEN FORTY AND FIFTY LIVES LOST.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The steamer Wawasset of Washington, with a large number of passengers on board, was burned off Acquia Creek this evening. Report says fifty to seventy-five persons were lost. Particulars are expected soon.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., August 8.—The steamer Wawasset, running on the Potomac River between Washington and Curriman took fire about 12 o'clock to-day, at Chatterton's Landing and was destroyed. She had about one hundred and fifty passengers on board and between forty and fifty lives are lost. Six bodies were found up to 2 o'clock—three white ladies, one child, and two colored children. Miss Virginia Warburg of Glymoul, Miss Bertie Saunders and a child from Curriman are among the dead. The others have not been recognized. George W. Cook, Warsaw, Va., is missing. Capt. Wood did not leave the boat until forced to do so by the flames. The fire was first discovered in the engine room.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—A reporter of the Associated Press at midnight had an interview with Doc Kenney, the bar-keeper of the Wawasset, who is the only one of the passengers or crew of that vessel that reached Washington to-night. He came up to this city on the steamer Express with an excursion party from Piney Point. The latter vessel sighted the wreck about four o'clock this afternoon and picked up Kenney, who had been sent out in a small boat to come to Washington. The passengers and crew of the Wawasset were at that time all cared for at Stewart's wharf, near the scene of the disaster. Kenney states that the Wawasset left here at six o'clock this forenoon on her regular weekly trip to Cone River with 117 registered passengers and quite a large cargo of freight for the river landings. Just before reaching Chatterton's Landing, on the Virginia side of the Potomac, about five miles below Acquia Creek, and after the whistle of the boat had been blown as a signal of landing, the steamer at the time being about a third of a mile from shore, fire was discovered in the hold and hose was attached immediately, but before the men could reach it the conflagration became general. The fire had been smouldering, it is supposed, for some hours, and upon opening the hatches it burst forth with great fury, driving the men from the hold, and completely baffled all attempts to subdue it. In an instant the wildest confusion prevailed on the vessel, passengers becoming panic-stricken and frantic with fear, very few having presence of mind sufficient to take care of themselves.

The steamer was without a second's delay headed for the shore on the Virginia side and in a few minutes ran aground about two hundred yards from the shore. At this time the flames had spread with fearful rapidity and in the excitement many jumped overboard.—Several of them jumped into the water before the steamer struck. She was provided with but two small boats, and in the frenzy of the moment one of these was thrown overboard and lost by the passengers, who, uncontrolled, were endeavoring to launch her. Capt. Wood of the ill-fated steamer and his assistants are said to have used every effort to control the passengers, but without avail, and but for this disobedience of orders many who were lost would have been saved. The vessel was well provided with life preservers, but in the panic it seems that none of the passengers secured them, and this also added to the loss of life. Over forty passengers were drowned, among whom were Mrs. Reed and three children, the wife and children of Policeman Reed of this city, and his neice, name not ascertained; Adeline Jenkins, chambermaid, and deck hand, name unknown; Mrs. Virginia Warburg of Glymont; Miss Bertie Sanders and child of Curriman, Va. Up to the time that the Express, in which the narrator arrived, left the scene of the wreck but five or six bodies had been recovered and the confusion was so great that a further list of names of the lost could not be obtained.

Among the saved was Mr. Wise of this city and J. Welkin Massey. Kenney states that Captain Wood was the last man to leave the steamer and the pilot, Mr. Boswell, was surrounded by flames before he left the pilot-box. Not until after he had run the steamer aground. The flames spread with such rapidity that the tiller ropes were on fire before the vessel struck ground. All of those lost were, it is supposed, drowned, having jumped overboard to escape the flames.

The Wawasset was a side-wheel steamer of about three hundred and fifty tons and was running between Washington and landings along the Potomac. She was insured for $28,000. When she left here this morning it was supposed she was in perfect order and the origin of the fire is unknown.

The fire was first discovered about twenty minutes before eleven o'clock and Kenney states that in less than ten minutes the vessel was enveloped in flames and burned to the water's edge. Chatterton's Point is just opposite to Maryland Point and the survivors of the disaster have been made as comfortable as possible at Stewart's and near that place, where they will remain till about nine o'clock this (Saturday) morning, when the steamer Georgiana will take them on board, expecting to reach this city about nine o'clock P. M. About one-half of the passengers on the Wawasset were women and children. There were quite a number of colored people among the passengers.

The crew of the Wawasset consisted of Captain Wood, a clerk, two engineers, two firemen, bar-keeper, four deck hands and chambermaid. As soon as the particulars of the disaster became known to-night, 1.15 A. M. great crowds collected about the wharves and the steamer Express was boarded by hundreds of persons anxious to learn the fate of friends on the ill-fated steamer, but as the registry list was destroyed no positive particulars as to the names could be gained. It is impossible to obtain a correct list before the arrival of the survivors on the Georgiana, which is expected at 9 o'clock to-day (Saturday.)

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

—Bankruptcy proceedings against the Trust Company of Brooklyn have been discontinued.

—Fifteen sudden deaths from various causes were attended to by the coroners of New York yesterday.

—The Louisiana colored delegates who propose speaking in various northern cities upon the affairs of their state arrived at New York yesterday.

—The Brooklyn Police Department was newly organized yesterday, many of the old captains who held office through political influence being removed and faithful sergeants appointed in their places. Other like changes are to be made throughout the whole force.

—The ball for the benefit of the Portland sufferers at Long Branch has been postponed 'till Wednesday evening next.

—Mr. Dent having recovered, the President has decided to visit Maine on Monday.

—The body of the man found murdered at the corner of Spring and Green streets and supposed to have been that of Gorgan has been fully identified as the body of Captain James Hadwin of the schooner Benjamin English, who left his vessel Monday morning to purchase ship stores. Hadwin lived at Fall River, Mass.

—Rigid quarrantine is enforced at Copenhagen on all vessels coming from Hamburgh on account of cholera prevailing there.

THE WEATHER.

To-Day's Probabilities.

For the Middle Atlantic States northerly veering to southeasterly winds, clear and slightly cooler weather.

THE BUFFALO RACES.

Gloster Wins the 2:24 Race.

BUFFALO, August 8.—Fully twenty thousand people attended the Buffalo Park races to-day. In the 2:24 race ten horses were entered and eight started, John W. Conley and Chicago having been withdrawn. The horses were called promptly on time, and on the third score the word was given. Major Allen had the pole and Susie was ahead. At the quarter pole Derby had the lead by four lengths and at the half mile pole held the same position, Susie second. On the home stretch Susie passed Derby. Flagler, running, came in first, Susie second, Derby third and Gloster fourth. The heat was given to Susie. Time 2:26½.

SECOND HEAT.—The horses started on the second score, Derby leading. At the quarter pole Gloster took the lead and kept it around the track, winning the heat in 2:24½, Susie second, Brown third and Major Allen fourth.

THIRD HEAT.—A start was effected on the second score, Gloster taking the lead, Major Allen second, Hotspur third and the balance stringing out from two to three lengths. The same position on home stretch, Gloster coming in first, Major Allen lapping and Hotspur three lengths behind. Time 2:23¾.

FOURTH HEAT.—In this heat the horses were all in a bunch to the quarter pole, Gloster leading and Major Allen second. At the half pole Gloster still maintained the lead, with Susie second and Major Allen third. On the home stretch Gloster and Brown were neck and neck, Hotspur nosing Brown's wheel. Gloster came in first, winning the heat and race in 2:23½.

In the 2:30 race ten horses entered and six started, Brother Jonathan, Manhattan, Red Wing and Platt being drawn. The word was given on the second score. St. James and Castle Boy took the lead. At the quarter pole the contest was exceedingly interesting. St. James came in winner by a length, Annie Collins second, Star of Philadelphia third, Castle Boy fourth, Lady Banker fifth. Time 2:27¾.

SECOND HEAT.—Word was given on the third scoring. Castle Boy took the lead, Annie Collins second. At the half post St. James drew ahead, closely followed by Castle Boy. Down the home stretch all were in a bunch. St. James came in winner, Castle Boy second, Cosette third. Time 2:26¾.

THIRD HEAT.—The horses got the word on the first trial, St. James leading, Castle Boy second. At the half post St. James was half a length ahead of Cosette, who was closely followed by the others. This position was maintained until reaching the home stretch, when Lady Banker pulled ahead, winning the heat by a length in 2:26¼. St. James second, Annie Collins third, Castle Boy fourth.

FOURTH HEAT.—Lady Banker took the lead, St. James second, Castle Boy third. The horses were neck and neck until reaching the half post, when St. James drew ahead. When within eight rods of the wire St. James broke, but was quickly down, coming under the wire on a square trot and winning the heat and race by a length, Lady Banker second, on a run. Time 2:24¼.

In the free for all race to-morrow Judge Fullerton is drawn. Lucy is lame and probably will be drawn. In the pools Goldsmith Maid is the favorite at fifty dollars against the field.

AN INDIAN FIGHT.

The Pawnees Whipped.

OMAHA, Nebraska, August 8.—On Tuesday morning while a party of Pawnee Indians were hunting near Republican River on Blackwood Creek they were surprised and attacked by a large body of Sioux and a bloody fight ensued, resulting in the defeat of the Pawnees, who lost about one hundred, comprising some of the best men of the tribe, and most of their horses, arms and game.

THE CHOLERA.

New Cases at Chattanooga.

NASHVILLE, August 8.—Five new cholera cases in Chattanooga to-day, three fatal.

ITS REAPPEARANCE NEAR MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, August 8.—Cholera has again made its appearance in the northeastern portion of this county.

A HORRIBLE AFFAIR.

A Negro Roasted Alive "For Fun."

MEMPHIS, August 8.—Last Monday a negro named Dan Calhoun, who had been digging a well near Brighton station on the Paducah Railroad, lay down to sleep near his work.—While sleeping he was discovered by three men, who, thinking to have some fun, as they afterwards stated, poured the contents of a bottle of turpentine on Calhoun's clothes and set them on fire. Calhoun awaking and finding himself enveloped in flames ran shrieking for help and before he could be caught by the citizens was so badly burned that he died next day. The negroes in the neighborhood heard of the horrible affair and in vain attempted to have warrants issued for the arrest of the perpetrators of the crime, who, becoming alarmed, fled. The negroes in armed squads scoured the woods in search of them and becoming enraged threatened other citizens, but were quieted by Sheriff Locke, who promised to make every effort for the capture of the murderers. Believing they had come to this city Sheriff Locke came here to-day and with the assistance of the police is searching for them.

A NOVEL CASE.

Bluff Old Spinner Speaks His Mind.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—General Spinner has addressed the following letter to the cashier of the New England Bank:

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7th, 1873.

Sir:—Your letter of the 1st inst. was received yesterday by Adams Express Co. There came enclosed, as therein stated, two United States legal tender notes, one of the denomination of $500 and the other of $100. Both of these notes are entirely new, having never even been folded, and are perfectly clean, being without spot or speck. For some bad purpose, probably a fraudulent one, with a view to the raising of other United States notes of smaller denominations to the value of these, more than one-tenth of each has been scissored out with a clean cut. Under the old regulations of the Treasury Department that existed for more than ten years these two notes could have been redeemed for only nine-tenths of their face value; $60 would, under the old rules, have been deducted for the mutilations. These rules, unfortunately for the government, have been lately modified so that this penalty cannot be enforced. Under this more than generous modification you claim to have returned to you new United States notes of like denominations, under government contract, at the expense of the United States. The charge to the government by the express company for their transportation both ways would be one dollar and twenty cents. For dog days I consider this request decidedly cool. First, you or your client wilfully mutilate clean, new notes, and then you ask the government not only to replace them with other new unmutilated notes, to be in their turn, for aught I know, mutilated and returned with a like request for other new notes, but to pay the expense and run the risk of transportation both ways. This, to my mind, is piling it on pretty steep. You not only burn with a hot iron, but you ask the burned one to pay for heating the poker.

If you will turn to the 58th section of the national banking law you will find that if any person had treated two of your bank notes in the way these two United States notes have been you could recover by any action in any court having jurisdiction fifty dollars for each of the mutilations. Now what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. Ought not the perpetrators of these mutilations be made to respond in like manner under the circumstances? It has been concluded that the notes be retained, at any rate until the pieces that were cut out of them shall be returned to this office and until the apparent fraudulent or malicious mutilation shall have been satisfactorily explained to the Department.

Very respectfully yours,
F. E. SPINNER,
Treasurer United States.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

FLOUR—More active and without decided change. Receipts 8,000 barrels. Sales 14,000 bbls. at $4 75@5 15 for superfine State and Western; $5 90@7 10 for common to choice extra; $6 80@7 10 for common to choice extra Western; $6 05@8 50 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio. Rye Flour steady. Sales 400 bbls. at $4 25@5 25 ⁋ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat firmer. Receipts 156,000 bu. Sales 62,000 bu. at $1,43 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1 29@1 41 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.35 for No. 2 Spring. Rye firm. Receipts none—Western held at 82. Corn steady. Receipts $36,000 bushels. Sales 94,000 bu. at 53@55½ for steamer Western mixed. Barley dull. Receipts none. Sales none. Oats a shade firmer. Receipts 25,000 bu. Sales 41,000 bu. at 43½@44 for new Mixed Western; 50@54 for White Western; 42½@43½ for Black do.

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet and weak. Sales at $18.00 for new Mess. Beef quiet. Cut Meats quiet. Lard dull; selling at 8 ½@8 7-16 for steam; 8¾ for kettle rendered. Butter 25@30. Cheese 11½@12¼. Sugar firm. Eggs 18@20.

ALBNY MARKET.

ALBANY, August 8.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Receipts to-day 575 bbls. There is no quotable change in the demand or in prices. City millers are filling orders daily but these sales are less than they were a year ago. Corn Meal continues to sell in small lots at $1.25 to 1.40 for coarse and fine.

GRAIN—Wheat in fair demand, and the best samples of old are being taken by millers here. Sales 6,000 bu. Amber and 2,000 bu. White State on p. t. Rye dull at 75c. for new, 78@80c. for old. Oats in fair demand. Sales 5,000 bu. No. 2 Chicago 42½ in car lots, No. 2 Western at 46½, 164 bags White State at 53. Corn sells slowly in small lots at 57. Barley, no sales. Old Canada held at $1.20@1.30, and stock here 12,000 to 13,000 bu. Malt in good trade demand, and orders from eastern brewers are liberal.

FEED—Dull and lower. Prices range from 80 to 95 for coarse, and middlings $1.00 to $1.26.

OSWEGO MARKET.

OSWEGO, August 8.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat firm but quiet; sales of 2 cars No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1.48; Choice White Canada at $1.90. Corn dull.

STOCK and MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

Money more active, loaning as high as 5 per cent., closing 4. Sterling dull at unchanged rates. Customs receipts to-day $305,000. Gold closed 115¼. Loans from 2 to 5 per cent. Clearings $24,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $168,000. Railway and miscellaneous speculations exhibited more animation and firmness than on any previous day of the week, the advance in prices ranging from ¼ to 2¾. The greatest strength was in Pacific Mail, which rose from 38¾ to 41¾, with large dealings. The improved feeling in the general share list to-day was quite marked. There was a good demand for all leading stocks. There are indications of renewed activity next week. The most active stocks outside of Pacific Mail were Erie, Lake Shore, New York Central, Western Union, Rock Island, Wabash, Northwest common, Ohio, Union Pacific, C. C. & I. C. and Atlantic & Pacific preferred. The general market closed firm. Governments dull. Money 3 to 4. Stocks dull and steady. State bonds firm.

STOCKS.

U. S. 6's '81 reg.	118¼	Un. Pacific stock	28⅛
U. S. 6's '81 cou.	119¾	L. S. & Mich. Sou.	94⅜
U. S. 5-20's '62, reg.	117	Ill. Central	108¾
U. S. 5-20's '62 cou.	117¼	Clev. & Pitts.	89¾
U. S. 6's '64 con.	117⅜	Chi. & N. West	67¾
U. S. 6's '65 cou.	119¼	Chi. & N. W. pref.	83
U. S. 6's '65 new	117⅜	Clev., Col. & Cin.	84⅜
U. S. 6's '67	119⅜	New Jersey Cen.	103
U. S. 6's '68	118⅜	Chi. & R. I.	110⅜
U. S. new fives	114¾	Mil. & St. Paul	73¾
U. S. 10-40's, reg.,	112	Mil. & St. P. pref.	73⅛
U. S. 10-40's, cou.	115¾	Tol. Wab. & W.	71⅝
Currency Sixes	114	Do. pref.	80
Del. & Hud Canal	104	Ft. Wayne	93½
Canton	99¾	Alton & T. H.	20
Consol'd Coal Co	54⅜	Do. pref.	35
Cumberland	75	Chicago & Alton	109
West Union Tel.	92¼	Do. pref.	111⅜
Quicksilver	38	Ohio & Miss.	39⅜
Do. pref.	47	Del. L. & W.	101⅜
Pacific Mail	41¾	Bost. Har. & Erie	9¾
Boston Water P.	30	Col. Chi. & In. Cen	31½
Adams' Express	94¼	Chi., B. & Q.	105
Wells, F. & Co. Ex.	75	Hannibal & St. Jo.	38¾
Am. Mer. Un. Ex	61¾	Cen. Pacific	100⅜
United States Ex.	66¼	Union Pacific Bonds	82½
N. Y. Cen. & H. R.	105¾	Tenn. 6's	82
Erie	29¾	Tenn. 6's new	82
Erie pref.	73	Va. 6's	48⅜
Harlem	132	Va. 6's new	50
Harlem pref.	135	Mo. 6's	92⅞
Mich. Cen.	94		

6@4—115¾

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Next Monday President Grant, his daughter Nellie and Gen. Babcock leave Long Branch for Boston. Speaker Blaine will there meet them, and their trip will be extended to Augusta and Mount Desert Island.

—An excursion train of 40 cars carried 2,500 persons to Atlantic City, from Philadelphia, Thursday.

—In Washington, during a quarrel, Michael Hussey of Baltimore was stabbed and dangerously wounded by a young man named Statter from Philadelphia.

—The State Labor Reform Party, of Mass., which has just met in convention at Lowell, resolved to support Gen. Butler for Governor.

—An ocean steamer of the Baltic Lloyd line is overdue at New York. The vessel left Stettin, Germany, July 2d, with nearly one hundred passengers.

—The break in the canal at Shelby Basin, at Medina, N. Y., has been repaired and boats are passing.

—William Henry Brown, of Birmingham, England, committed suicide in Waco, Texas, by shooting himself through the heart.

—The pasting of newspaper clippings or printed matter of any kind on a postal card is not allowed by the Postal Department.

—A Boston paper comforts bathers with the assurance that "sharks are now plentiful off the Massachusetts south shore."

—A force of farmers, with plows, scrapers and spades, are digging over the Bender grave-yard at Cherryvale, Kansas.

—A Florida paper ascertained that a healthy alligator can eat seven negro children inside of seven hours, and not display any symptoms of disquiet.

B. LOUGHRAN,

PRACTICAL PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER.

106 NORTH FRONT STREET, KINGSTON, N. Y.

Dealer in PLUMBERS' materials of all descriptions, Chandeliers and GAS FIXTURES.

AGENT FOR THE

Star Gas Machine.

Country houses fitted up with all conveniences of city dwellings, with both

GAS AND WATER.

All goods and work warranted. Jobbing promptly attended to.

CHOLERA

AND

EPIDEMIC DISEASES

PREVENTED BY USING

BROMO-CHLORALUM,

The New Odorless and Non-Poisonous Powerful DEODERIZER and DISINFECTANT.

It destroys all bad odors and poisonous emanations about your premises, and thereby prevents contagion and disease; contains no poison, has no odor, and is always safe.

"Diploma awarded by the American Institute to Tilden & Co., for Bromo-Chloralum. They consider it of value as being non-poisonous and inodorous, and can recommend it especially for medical and general household purposes where disinfection and deodorization is called for."—Exhibition of 1872. Prepared only by TILDEN & CO., New York.

Sold by all druggists. July22w4

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE and MARINE.

Stow & Benson,

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Saturday Morning, August 9

The Danbury Man has become a famous character throughout the country and his paper, the News, has prospered exceedingly by reason of the peculiarly humorous style in which it is conducted. We like the News, and we laugh over its fun every week; but never the less we are reluctantly compelled to admit that it occasionally developes a stratum of very weak, watery wit. It is a hard thing, we know, to be periodically funny, but it does seem to us that Bailey could have invented something more brilliant than sticking the initials T. B. T. G. G. over his correspondence column and then setting every one to guessing what the letters meant, thereby inflicting on his readers every week an avalanche of four or five columns of the silliest kind of bosh, which the unsophisticated writers doubtless innocently imagine is excruciatingly smart. If the Danbury Man pans out any more such pointless fun we shall have our faith in him weakened and be led to believe that the true interpretation of the initials are Tom Bailey, The Great Goose.

Important Decision.

Judge Grover, of the State Court of Appeals, has just rendered an important opinion on the right of the Legislature to compel towns to bond for building railroads. We have no space to quote his words, but his points are as follows: First, railroad companies are private corporations and the right of eminent domain may be exercised in regard to them only so far as their construction and operation is for the public benefit; second, inasmuch as the property of railroad companies is held by them in the same way and by virtue of the same legal power as individual property the state cannot compel contracts to be made with such companies, although it may enforce fulfillment of contracts when they are made; thirdly, municipalities, like cities or towns, may be compelled to grant domain and money to companies which are *exclusively* public, but not to railways, which are only *partially* so; fourthly, a town having bonded under the provisions of the act of 1869 cannot be compelled to issue bonds according to the new law of 1870, which latter law repealed the former one so far as it favored the towns. Of course under this opinion the back interest on the issues of 1869 cannot be collected as required by the statute of 1870. We hail this opinion as presaging the time when the almost despotic power of railroad corporations shall be limited by the popular interest and will.

"Calculated."

The New York Times of yesterday in speaking of the effect of recent rains says "The rain which has fallen so plentifully at intervals during the past ten days, although coming, so to say, at the eleventh hour, is nevertheless calculated to do a great deal of good." We do not quote this to debate the general issue, but to enter a mild protest against the careless use of the word "calculated," of which the above is an instance among multitudes. The Times in its reflecting and dictionary-consulting moods knows better than to abuse a good word by such a manifest misplacement. This, however, is a poor excuse, inasmuch as a paper holding the position now occupied by the Times should never be slovenly written; especially upon its editorial page. The journalistic "Aggies," whose editors alternate between publishing and small farming, may be readily pardoned for even more unfortunate verbal lapses, but a metropolitan four-decker should be master of the meanings and uses of all common words. "Calculate," whether considered as a verb-transitive or intransitive, is a purely mathematical term. No operations of nature can be "calculated" unless it is assumed that the Almighty is given to the use of tables.

We regret to usurp for a single moment the functions of the professional philologist, and offer as our plea that we were worried to see the bright face of those new types of the Times marred by a phrase "calculated" to do so much harm as "calculated" does when out of place.

Darwin vs. Agassiz.

The scientific gentlemen above named are the sword-bearers of two opposing schools of science. Darwin represents what is popularly styled the development theory, while Agassiz contends against him for what happens to be the more nearly orthodox notion of special and separate creative acts. We have no call nor room for a discussion of the illimitable matters involved in the premises and reasoning of these intellectual athletes. Our present purpose is merely to object to the prevalent fashion among some would-be philosophers of mixing any of these things with faith and its objects. Which of these men is right or which wrong is not of the least practical consequence to anybody. If Mr. Darwin asserts that men are merely improved and revised editions of the ape and monkey, candor compels the admission that many facts of human nature seem to attest his dogma. If Mr. Agassiz declares, as he does in a recent lecture, that the evolutionists are "men who are trying to get along without a God," the public who care for the debate at all should remember that some of the very foremost promoters of Christianity in Europe hold the views announced by them. In fact, so far as the religious questions are introduced into this controversy the motive is one of physical, professional or church jealousy. No man will ever be damned for his belief or roasted by reason of his hair-brained logic. The sphere of science is as distinct from that of faith as a dose of pills is different from Butler's Analogy. As Scottie remarked to the Colorado clergyman, "Put it *there*, pard."

Pork.

The parish clerk in Dicken's Great Expectations once declared that he had no doubt that if he should try to preach, he could easily beat the parson. "However," he said, in cautious qualification, "the trouble would be in finding subjects to preach about." "Subjects," indignantly echoed Uncle Pumblechook, "there are plenty of subjects going about. If you want a subject, *look at pork*." Let us, brethren, look at pork for one moment. Considered concretely pork is defunct hog treated for preservation. This is fortunate for the hog but sad for humanity. For on the irrefragible principle that like produces like, men who eat pork will be porcine. They will bristle up easily and love to have little curly tails to their names, such as Esq., M. D., LL. D., and so on. But pork is more specifically dangerous when taken internally. Dr. Smith (everybody has heard of Dr. Smith) in speaking of the *trichina spiralis* says that it is all nonsense to be afraid of such an insignificant little worm and that, as to the danger from it, "it is of very little weight, when we consider it on the great numbers of pork consumers, since the known instances of injury are infinitesimally few." Yes, yes, but how about the *unknown* instances of injury" from it?

Yet, Dr. Smith recommends pork and animal food in general and mentions that it is to be preferred to vegetable food for the reason that is more easily digested and more readily sustains the vital actions. In justice to Dr. Smith we should say that his work on Food, published by the Appletons, is at once popular and instructive. But, personally, we don't like pork.

Education.

The National Educational Convention in session at Elmira is largely attended and seems to be more than ordinarily fruitful in good talk and sound suggestion. In a forcible speech a member suggested that the funds accruing from the sale of public lands should be appropriated to purposes of education. There is sense in this proposition, heralded as it is by the growth and popularity of the Free School system in this country. It is but a truism to say that education, of both head and heart, is the cheapest thing in the long run that people are called upon to pay for. There is such a possibility to any nation as that it may get wealthier and weaker. We hear no end of brag about our increasing facilities for intercommunication, and brilliant prophecies of the nation's future abound in the rhetorical fireworks of Fourth of July, and stride with exultant crow across the pages of many a dull hebdomidal.

But power means *law*. Endurance is the child of obedience, as much in politics as in architecture. Manifest destiny is manifest humbug. We shall amount to something if we behave ourselves; and if we don't, we won't. That fact summarizes the whole case. Upon this we base the necessity of culture.—The fools will be a majority for at least five hundred years to come, but something will be gained if the schoolmaster can convince the fools of the limitations of their nature. It will also be an infinite advantage to our busy, bustling population if the cool cloister and the Academic shade shall finally impress them with the notion that there is nothing divine about money.

Furthermore if they shall come some time to think that contentment is the best currency, the highest kingdom the well-furnished mind, the noblest republic the independence of intelligence and the equality which is born of charity—but we must not moralize in August. We are glad to notice that the reports of the convention allude to the vast, integral changes going on in China and Japan. Few of us realize what a concession to the ideas which underlie our civilization is the sending students here for education by those ancient hives of humanity. The governments of China and Japan, be it remembered, are opposing the instruction and hereditary prejudices of millions in taking this advanced ground. Officially, those lands are no longer heathen. They have abjured Buddhism, the ingrained religion of centuries, and are honestly striving after a faith more practical and efficient. They are more likely to arrive at this through an interchange of thought with us and a commingling of life, than by means of exported missionaries and bibles. We shall justify our claim to the name of Christian by renouncing in favor of Japan our share of the Wyoming indemnity, which forty times overpays our losses; especially as the offence committed against us by the attack on our cruiser was by a rebel Daimio, not by the government.—Speed education. With its advent wars go out and quarrels become less vicious and protonged; the people healthier and happier, and nearer loom up the thousand years of peace.

CURRENT TOPICS.

—Professor Wise has had no recent prominent applicants to accompany him while air cruising.

—The London Journals deny the report that Prince Arthur is betrothed to Princess Thyra of Denmark.

—Saratoga racing stakes are to close on the 15th. Let bored newspaper readers, who can't for their life, "talk horse," take fresh courage.

—A reported death from cholera in New York city was found on a post mortum examination to have resulted from inflammation of the stomach.

—The Cherokee Indians are reported to be on the war path, owing to an election difficulty among themselves. Such occurrences are unusual to the Indian Territory.

—What changes happen in the course of one short year! Witness, for instance, the public reception of North Carolina election returns in 1872, and again in 1873.

—The swill-milk, stump-tail cow question threatens soon to be revived in Brooklyn. This time it can be hoped this gross outrage on dumb beasts and common decency will be fully and permanently abated.

—President Grant, in a quiet, modest way, has much gallantry towards the ladies, as common usually among regular army and navy officers. Thursday night at Long Branch, he rescued a lady from injury by a runaway team.

—The Times discourses against the danger to public health, just now, by New York street venders of fruit. It truthfully remarks that much of this fruit by exposure to the burning rays of the sun becomes very unwholesome eating for the average human digestion. It disclaims any hostile intent against the class of poor people usually vending, but insists that the business wants some proper seasonable rules.

—The steam driving nature of modern enterprise was well shown by two New York journals, the Tribune and Evening Post, publishing elaborate obituary notices of the historian and ex-Minister Motley. The latest reliable information concerning the latter's illness shows it to be, instead of paralysis or apoplexy as first reported, an attack of neuralgia, from which every one is pleased to know Mr. Motley will soon likely be out of danger. What news and enterprise next?

—Independent journalism in its fullest sense, that is when not dependent for patronage upon politics or jobs, is popular with the people, and is fast crowding partisan papers out of the influence they once wielded. This is right, and the sentiment that causes the fact is also more and more seen in our political contests. The growth of independent voters, if it continues as likely, will prove the power that will yet save our government from utter sacrifices by selfish, venal politicians.

—It seems politics will pop up at all times, regardless of wind or weather. Ohio having been heard from in a nominating line, Virginia follows suit and has its opposing candidates for Governor in the field. So far all right; but when disputation arises as to the meaning of platforms adopted, whether on the one side seemingly tenacious of still keeping in view the once known principles of 1776, and on the other hand a squirmishness about back-pay denunciation, an impartial observer, if found, must impute the phrase of "glittering generalities" to platform making generally.

—The Tribune, amid convulsive spasms, calls attention to a noted United States Senator taking a paramour to Long Branch, during the course of a drunken spree. The writer goes on to beat all around the bush to save mentioning directly the Senator's name; yet for all that asserts "between him and the Presidency of the United States are but two lives, and one of them of frailest tenure." Who else but Senator Matt Carpenter of Wisconsin, presiding officer pro tem of the Senate, does all this mean? Out upon this suppression of names, when disgraced prominence is concerned!

—The approaching state canvass may call public attention anew to the subject of our state canals. As a popular avenue of competition with our railway lines no party dares or cares to take ground in favor of their sale to private ownership. That is well enough if they formed less prominent objects for official pluckings to either political party in power. A long continued course like this will soon put forbearance to a test, the more if added to it the canals became out of repair through the acts of venal contractors. We hope, however, this great avenue of trade may long remain to compete with adjacent railway lines, in the interests of the people.

—The Rhinebeck & Connecticut Railroad is being rapidly pushed toward completion.—During the past week a switch has been laid near the Hog Bridge, and a considerable portion of the road ballasted. Four thousand and four hundred tons of iron arrived at the Slate Dock on Monday. The work of putting it down will commence immediately and every effort will be made to finish the road by the middle of September.—*Rhinebeck Gazette.*

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

Unconditional Surrender of Valencia.

MADRID, August 8.—Valencia has unconditionally surrendered and General Compos now occupies the city. The submission of Cartagena is expected to follow immediately.

FRANCE.

Rochefort's Departure for New Caledonia.

PARIS, August 8.—Henri Rochefort was examined by physicians yesterday and pronounced able to bear the fatigues of a voyage. He was accordingly sent on board the transport Virginie this morning with eighty-nine other convicts for New Caledonia.

The payment of the third quarter of the last milliard of war indemnity was completed on the 5th inst.

AUSTRIA.

A New King of France.

VIENNA, August 8.—The Vorstadt Zeitung reports that Count de Chambord has accepted the throne of France, a formal tender of which was recently made him by a deputation of Legitimists.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE A PRINCE.

TRIESTE, August 8.—An attempt was made to-day to assassinate Prince Nicholas Hospodar of Montenegro. The Prince was severely wounded in the face.

LOUISIANA.

A Policeman Charged with Attempted Assassination.

NEW ORLEANS, August 8.—Officer Wm. Terry of the mounted Metropolitan police was arrested to-day on a charge of attempting to assassinate District Attorney McKay last night in Carrolton. Terry snapped a pistol twice at McKay and fled.

CONNECTICUT.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide at Columbia.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 8.—About noon to-day Mrs. Almira Maynard, wife of Alfred Maynard, of Columbia, Conn., attempted suicide by shooting herself in the head with a pistol, after vainly trying morphine and laudanum. The surgeons have not yet been able to extract the ball, which entered just below the centre of the forehead. Mrs. Maynard had left her husband and came here from New London with two young men named Herbert Bassett and Morrie Frarie, who are now detained by the police.

NEW YORK.

Another Roadside Horror.

ALBANY, August 8.—The body of an unknown man was found on the Schenectady turnpike about two miles from the city yesterday with his throat cut and seven pistol wounds in his head. He was apparently about thirty-five years of age, and well-dressed. A copy of the New York Sun of August 5th and a small looking-glass were found in his pocket. Though a razor was found near him there was no pistol, and there are other evidences of murder having been committed. Coroner Harrigan has the matter in charge.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

The Alabama Safe.

NEW YORK, August 8.—A dispatch from Glasgow to the agents of the State Line of steamers to-day says "Look for the Alabama on the 18th. Report unfounded." This explodes the theory that the wreck stuff on the coast of Ireland belonged to that steamship.

MORE RING RESULTS.

Hearing was given counsel to-day in the case of a bank which demands a mandamus against the city to compel the payment of some $25,000 alleged to have been advanced to pay for Court House jobs under the ring rule.—Decision reserved.

THE FARMERS' MOVEMENT.

Remarkable Speech by a Granger.

CHICAGO, August 8.—The Farmers' Convention was held in Paxton, Ford county, Ill., yesterday and a full ticket for county officers was nominated. The platform of the McLean county Farmers' Convention was adopted.

At the gathering of the Farmers' Clubs at Winchester, Scott county, yesterday, S. M. Smith, Secretary of the State Farmers' Association, made rather a remarkable speech, in the course of which he denounced the corruption and fraud of the present political parties and prophesied that the day would come, if there was no other way left, if the farmers were swindled and hoodwinked as they had been, that he and his boys and thousands of other farmers and their boys would have to ride some of these villains out of the state capitals on rails and that many a tree in broad America would bear human fruit. He thought a remedy could be found, but if a remedy could not be found anarchy and bloodshed might follow.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The Vogt Case.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The German Minister has been officially informed of the grounds of the conclusion of our government in the Vogt case, and further that at the expiration of a certain time Vogt will be discharged from custody.

THE VIENNA INVESTIGATION.

The full report of the special commission on the abuses of the United States branch of the Vienna exposition has been received here.—The conclusions are the reverse of complimentary to General Van Buren and his confidential assistant, Gen. Mayer, and some of their subordinates.

THE MANITOBA DIFFICULTY.

The government has received no official communication from Great Britain relative to the Manitoba difficulty and therefore, contrary to report, has taken no action whatever in the premises; nor has the government received any communication from the Spanish representatives concerning the action of the United States officers in relation to the protection of the Virginius.

EXTENSIVE HIGHWAY ROBBERIES IN THE WEST.

Special agent Wickizer of the Post-office Department reports from Salt Lake July 31st that highway robbery on the main routes in the Rocky Mountains is becoming quite frequent. On the 9th ult. robbers attacked the mail coach on the Montana route near Pleasant Valley and took $19,000 in treasure from Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, but did not molest the mails. The robbers have been arrested. A few days later, on the same route, near Snake River, the stage coach was fired into and the driver mortally wounded. The poor fellow had the nerve and presence of mind to put the whip to his horses, by which all was saved but his own life. He expired soon after he reached the first station. On the 24th ult. the mail coach on the Kelton & Boise route near Snake River was attacked by robbers and the through mail pouch from Boise to Kelton taken and also Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure box. Agent Wickizer says bad men come to the mines with the expectation of making sudden fortunes and being disappointed become reckless and desperate highwaymen.

FIRE IN DUTCHESS COUNTY.

Loss Seven Thousand Dollars.

POUGHKEEPSIE, August 8.—Herman Smith's dwelling and barn at Clinton Corners, Dutchess Co., were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss $7,000; partially insured.

HEARTRENDING CATASTROPHE.

A Steamer Burned on the Potomac,

BETWEEN FORTY AND FIFTY LIVES LOST.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The steamer Wawasset of Washington, with a large number of passengers on board, was burned off Acquia Creek this evening. Report says fifty to seventy-five persons were lost. Particulars are expected soon.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., August 8.—The steamer Wawasset, running on the Potomac River between Washington and Curriman took fire about 12 o'clock to-day, at Chatterton's Landing and was destroyed. She had about one hundred and fifty passengers on board and between forty and fifty lives are lost. Six bodies were found up to 2 o'clock—three white ladies, one child, and two colored children. Miss Virginia Warburg of Glymoul, Miss Bertie Saunders and a child from Curriman are among the dead. The others have not been recognized. George W. Cook, Warsaw, Va., is missing. Capt. Wood did not leave the boat until forced to do so by the flames. The fire was first discovered in the engine room.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—A reporter of the Associated Press at midnight had an interview with Doc Kenney, the bar-keeper of the Wawasset, who is the only one of the passengers or crew of that vessel that reached Washington to-night. He came up to this city on the steamer Express with an excursion party from Piney Point. The latter vessel sighted the wreck about four o'clock this afternoon and picked up Kenney, who had been sent out in a small boat to come to Washington. The passengers and crew of the Wawasset were at that time all cared for at Stewart's wharf, near the scene of the disaster. Kenney states that the Wawasset left here at six o'clock this forenoon on her regular weekly trip to Cone River with 117 registered passengers and quite a large cargo of freight for the river landings. Just before reaching Chatterton's Landing, on the Virginia side of the Potomac, about five miles below Acquia Creek, and after the whistle of the boat had been blown as a signal of landing, the steamer at the time being about a third of a mile from shore, fire was discovered in the hold and hose was attached immediately, but before the men could reach it the conflagration became general. The fire had been smouldering, it is supposed, for some hours, and upon opening the hatches it burst forth with great fury, driving the men from the hold, and completely baffled all attempts to subdue it. In an instant the wildest confusion prevailed on the vessel, passengers becoming panic-stricken and frantic with fear, very few having presence of mind sufficient to take care of themselves.

The steamer was without a second's delay headed for the shore on the Virginia side and in a few minutes ran aground about two hundred yards from the shore. At this time the flames had spread with fearful rapidity and in the excitement many jumped overboard.—Several of them jumped into the water before the steamer struck. She was provided with but two small boats, and in the frenzy of the moment one of these was thrown overboard and lost by the passengers, who, uncontrolled, were endeavoring to launch her. Capt. Wood of the ill-fated steamer and his assistants are said to have used every effort to control the passengers, but without avail, and but for this disobedience of orders many who were lost would have been saved. The vessel was well provided with life preservers, but in the panic it seems that none of the passengers secured them, and this also added to the loss of life. Over forty passengers were drowned, among whom were Mrs. Reed and three children, the wife and children of Policeman Reed of this city, and his neice, name not ascertained; Adeline Jenkins, chambermaid, and deck hand, name unknown; Mrs. Virginia Warburg of Glymont; Miss Bertie Sanders and child of Curriman, Va. Up to the time that the Express, in which the narrator arrived, left the scene of the wreck but five or six bodies had been recovered and the confusion was so great that a further list of names of the lost could not be obtained.

Among the saved was Mr. Wise of this city and J. Welkin Massey. Kenney states that Captain Wood was the last man to leave the steamer and the pilot, Mr. Boswell, was surrounded by flames before he left the pilot-box. Not until after he had run the steamer aground. The flames spread with such rapidity that the tiller ropes were on fire before the vessel struck ground. All of those lost were, it is supposed, drowned, having jumped overboard to escape the flames.

The Wawasset was a side-wheel steamer of about three hundred and fifty tons and was running between Washington and landings along the Potomac. She was insured for $28,000. When she left here this morning it was supposed she was in perfect order and the origin of the fire is unknown.

The fire was first discovered about twenty minutes before eleven o'clock and Kenney states that in less than ten minutes the vessel was enveloped in flames and burned to the water's edge. Chatterton's Point is just opposite to Maryland Point and the survivors of the disaster have been made as comfortable as possible at Stewart's and near that place, where they will remain till about nine o'clock this (Saturday) morning, when the steamer Georgiana will take them on board, expecting to reach this city about nine o'clock P. M. About one-half of the passengers on the Wawasset were women and children. There were quite a number of colored people among the passengers.

The crew of the Wawasset consisted of Captain Wood, a clerk, two engineers, two firemen, bar-keeper, four deck hands and chambermaid. As soon as the particulars of the disaster became known to-night, 1.15 A. M. great crowds collected about the wharves and the steamer Express was boarded by hundreds of persons anxious to learn the fate of friends on the ill-fated steamer, but as the registry list was destroyed no positive particulars as to the names could be gained. It is impossible to obtain a correct list before the arrival of the survivors on the Georgiana, which is expected at 9 o'clock to-day (Saturday.)

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

—Bankruptcy proceedings against the Trust Company of Brooklyn have been discontinued.

—Fifteen sudden deaths from various causes were attended to by the coroners of New York yesterday.

—The Louisiana colored delegates who propose speaking in various northern cities upon the affairs of their state arrived at New York yesterday.

—The Brooklyn Police Department was newly organized yesterday, many of the old captains who held office through political influence being removed and faithful sergeants appointed in their places. Other like changes are to be made throughout the whole force.

—The ball for the benefit of the Portland sufferers at Long Branch has been postponed 'till Wednesday evening next.

—Mr. Dent having recovered, the President has decided to visit Maine on Monday.

—The body of the man found murdered at the corner of Spring and Green streets and supposed to have been that of Gorgan has been fully identified as the body of Captain James Hadwin of the schooner Benjamin English, who left his vessel Monday morning to purchase ship stores. Hadwin lived at Fall River, Mass.

—Rigid quarrantine is enforced at Copenhagen on all vessels coming from Hamburgh on account of cholera prevailing there.

THE WEATHER.

To-Day's Probabilities.

For the Middle Atlantic States northerly veering to southeasterly winds, clear and slightly cooler weather.

THE BUFFALO RACES.

Gloster Wins the 2:24 Race.

BUFFALO, August 8.—Fully twenty thousand people attended the Buffalo Park races to-day. In the 2:24 race ten horses were entered and eight started, John W. Conley and Chicago having been withdrawn. The horses were called promptly on time, and on the third score the word was given. Major Allen had the pole and Susie was ahead. At the quarter pole Derby had the lead by four lengths and at the half mile pole held the same position, Susie second. On the home stretch Susie passed Derby. Flagler, running, came in first, Susie second, Derby third and Gloster fourth. The heat was given to Susie. Time 2:26½.

SECOND HEAT.—The horses started on the second score, Derby leading. At the quarter pole Gloster took the lead and kept it around the track, winning the heat in 2:24½, Susie second, Brown third and Major Allen fourth.

THIRD HEAT.—A start was effected on the second score, Gloster taking the lead, Major Allen second, Hotspur third and the balance stringing out from two to three lengths. The same position on home stretch, Gloster coming in first, Major Allen lapping and Hotspur three lengths behind. Time 2:23¾.

FOURTH HEAT.—In this heat the horses were all in a bunch to the quarter pole, Gloster leading and Major Allen second. At the half pole Gloster still maintained the lead, with Susie second and Major Allen third. On the home stretch Gloster and Brown were neck and neck, Hotspur nosing Brown's wheel. Gloster came in first, winning the heat and race in 2:23½.

In the 2:30 race ten horses entered and six started, Brother Jonathan, Manhattan, Red Wing and Platt being drawn. The word was given on the second score. St. James and Castle Boy took the lead. At the quarter pole the contest was exceedingly interesting. St. James came in winner by a length, Annie Collins second, Star of Philadelphia third, Castle Boy fourth, Lady Banker fifth. Time 2:27¾.

SECOND HEAT.—Word was given on the third scoring. Castle Boy took the lead, Annie Collins second. At the half post St. James drew ahead, closely followed by Castle Boy. Down the home stretch all were in a bunch. St. James came in winner, Castle Boy second, Cosette third. Time 2:26¾.

THIRD HEAT.—The horses got the word on the first trial, St. James leading, Castle Boy second. At the half post St. James was half a length ahead of Cosette, who was closely followed by the others. This position was maintained until reaching the home stretch, when Lady Banker pulled ahead, winning the heat by a length in 2:26½, St. James second, Annie Collins third, Castle Boy fourth.

FOURTH HEAT.—Lady Banker took the lead, St. James second, Castle Boy third. The horses were neck and neck until reaching the half post, when St. James drew ahead. When within eight rods of the wire St. James broke, but was quickly down, coming under the wire on a square trot and winning the heat and race by a length, Lady Banker second, on a run. Time 2:24¼.

In the free for all race to-morrow Judge Fullerton is drawn. Lucy is lame and probably will be drawn. In the pools Goldsmith Maid is the favorite at fifty dollars against the field.

AN INDIAN FIGHT.

The Pawnees Whipped.

OMAHA, Nebraska, August 8.—On Tuesday morning while a party of Pawnee Indians were hunting near Republican River on Blackwood Creek they were surprised and attacked by a large body of Sioux and a bloody fight ensued, resulting in the defeat of the Pawnees, who lost about one hundred, comprising some of the best men of the tribe, and most of their horses, arms and game.

THE CHOLERA.

New Cases at Chattanooga.

NASHVILLE, August 8.—Five new cholera cases in Chattanooga to-day, three fatal.

ITS REAPPEARANCE NEAR MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, August 8.—Cholera has again made its appearance in the northeastern portion of this county.

A HORRIBLE AFFAIR.

A Negro Roasted Alive "For Fun."

MEMPHIS, August 8.—Last Monday a negro named Dan Calhoun, who had been digging a well near Brighton station on the Paducah Railroad, lay down to sleep near his work.—While sleeping he was discovered by three men, who, thinking to have some fun, as they afterwards stated, poured the contents of a bottle of turpentine on Calhoun's clothes and set them on fire. Calhoun awaking and finding himself enveloped in flames ran shrieking for help and before he could be caught by the citizens was so badly burned that he died next day. The negroes in the neighborhood heard of the horrible affair and in vain attempted to have warrants issued for the arrest of the perpetrators of the crime, who, becoming alarmed, fled. The negroes in armed squads scoured the woods in search of them and becoming enraged threatened other citizens, but were quieted by Sheriff Locke, who promised to make every effort for the capture of the murderers. Believing they had come to this city Sheriff Locke came here to-day and with the assistance of the police is searching for them.

A NOVEL CASE.

Bluff Old Spinner Speaks His Mind.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—General Spinner has addressed the following letter to the cashier of the New England Bank:

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7th, 1873.

Sir:—Your letter of the 1st inst. was received yesterday by Adams Express Co. There came enclosed, as therein stated, two United States legal tender notes, one of the denomination of $500 and the other of $100. Both of these notes are entirely new, having never even been folded, and are perfectly clean, being without spot or speck. For some bad purpose, probably a fraudulent one, with a view to the raising of other United States notes of smaller denominations to the value of these, more than one-tenth of each has been scissored out with a clean cut. Under the old regulations of the Treasury Department that existed for more than ten years these two notes could have been redeemed for only nine-tenths of their face value; $60 would, under the old rules, have been deducted for the mutilations. These rules, unfortunately for the government, have been lately modified so that this penalty cannot be enforced. Under this more than generous modification you claim to have returned to you new United States notes of like denominations, under government contract, at the expense of the United States. The charge to the government by the express company for their transportation both ways would be one dollar and twenty cents. For dog days I consider this request decidedly cool. First, you or your client wilfully mutilate clean, new notes, and then you ask the government not only to replace them with other new unmutilated notes, to be in their turn, for aught I know, mutilated and returned with a like request for other new notes, but to pay the expense and run the risk of transportation both ways. This, to my mind, is piling it on pretty steep. You not only burn with a hot iron, but you ask the burned one to pay for heating the poker.

If you will turn to the 58th section of the national banking law you will find that if any person had treated two of your bank notes in the way these two United States notes have been you could recover by any action in any court having jurisdiction fifty dollars for each of the mutilations. Now what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. Ought not the perpetrators of these mutilations be made to respond in like manner under the circumstances? It has been concluded that the notes be retained, at any rate until the pieces that were cut out of them shall be returned to this office and until the apparent fraudulent or malicious mutilation shall have been satisfactorily explained to the Department.

Very respectfully yours,
F. E. SPINNER,
Treasurer United States.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

FLOUR.—More active and without decided change. Receipts 8,000 barrels. Sales 14,000 bbls. at $4 75@5 15 for superfine State and Western; $5 90@7 10 for common to choice extra; $5 80@7 10 for common to choice extra Western; $6 05@8 50 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio. Rye Flour steady. Sales 400 bbls. at $4 25@5 25 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN.—Wheat firmer. Receipts 156,000 bu. Sales 62,000 bu. at $1.43 for No. 2 Milwaukee; $1 59 @1 41 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.33 for No. 3 Spring. Rye firm. Receipts none.—Western held at 82. Corn steady. Receipts 336,000 bushels. Sales 94,000 bu. at 53@55½ for steamer Western mixed. Barley dull. Receipts none. Sales none. Oats a shade firmer. Receipts 24,000 bu. Sales 41,000 bu. at 43½@44 for new Mixed Western; 50@54 for White Western; 42½@43½ for Black do.

PROVISIONS.—Pork quiet and weak. Sales at $18.00 for new Mess. Beef quiet. Cut Meats quiet. Lard dull; selling at 8 ½@8 7-16 for steam; 8¾ for kettle rendered. Butter 25@30. Cheese 11½@12¾. Sugar firm. Eggs 18@20.

ALBNY MARKET.

ALBANY, August 8.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Receipts to-day 575 bbls. There is no quotable change in the demand or in prices. City millers are filling orders daily but these sales are less than they were a year ago. Corn Meal continues to sell in small lots at $1.25 to 1.40 for coarse and fine.

GRAIN.—Wheat in fair demand, and the best samples of old are being taken by millers here. Sales 6,000 bu. Amber and 2,000 bu. White State on p. t. Rye dull at 75c. for new, 78@80c. for old. Oats in fair demand. Sales 5,000 bu. No. 2 Chicago 42½ in car lots, No. 2 Western at 46½, 164 bags White State at 53. Corn sells slowly in small lots at 57. Barley, no sales. Old Canada held at $1.20@1.30, and stock here 12,000 to 13,000 bu. Malt in good trade demand, and orders from eastern brewers are liberal.

FEED.—Dull and lower. Prices range from 80 to 95 for coarse, and middlings $1.00 to $1.26.

OSWEGO MARKET.

OSWEGO, August 8.

FLOUR.—Unchanged.

GRAIN.—Wheat firm but quiet; sales of 2 cars No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1.48; Choice White Canada at $1.90. Corn dull.

STOCK and MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

Money more active, loaning as high as 5 per cent., closing 4. Sterling dull at unchanged rates. Customs receipts to-day $305,000. Gold closed 115⅛. Loans from 2 to 5 per cent. Clearings $26,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $168,000. Railway and miscellaneous speculations exhibited more animation and firmness than on any previous day of the week, the advance in prices ranging from ⅛ to 2¾. The greatest strength was in Pacific Mail, which rose from 38⅜ to 41¾, with large dealings. The improved feeling in the general share list to-day was quite marked. There was a good demand for all leading stocks. There are indications of renewed activity next week. The most active stocks outside of Pacific Mail were Erie, Lake Shore, New York Central, Western Union, Rock Island, Wabash, Northwest common, Ohio, Union Pacific, C. C. & I. C. and Atlantic & Pacific preferred. The general market closed firm. Governments dull. Money 3 to 4. Stocks dull and steady. State bonds firm.

STOCKS.

U. S. 6's '81 reg.	118¼	Un. Pacific stock	38⅜
U. S. 6's '81 cou.	119⅜	L. S. & Mich. Sou.	94⅜
U.S. 5-20's '62, reg.	117	Ill. Central	108⅜
U. S. 5-20's '62 cou.	117⅜	Clev. & Pitts.	89¼
U. S. 6's '64 cou.	117⅜	Chi. & N. West	67⅛
U. S. 6's '65 cou.	119⅛	Chi. & N. W. pref.	83
U.S. 6's '65 new	117⅜	Clev., Col, & Cin.	84⅜
U. S. 6's '67	119⅛	New Jersey Cen.	108
U. S. 6's '68	118⅜	Chi. & R. I.	110⅜
U. S. new fives	114⅜	Mil. & St. Paul	52⅜
U. S. 10-40's, reg.,	112	Mil. & St. P. pref.	73⅛
U. S. 10-40's, cou.	115⅜	Tol. Wab. & W.	71⅜
Currency Sixes	114	Do. pref.	80
Del. & Hud Canal	114	Ft. Wayne	93⅜
Canton	99⅜	Alton & T. H.	20
Consol'd Coal Co	54⅜	Do. pref.	35
Cumberland	75	Chicago & Alton	109
West Union Tel.	92¼	Do. pref.	111⅜
Quicksilver	38	Ohio & Miss.	39⅜
Do. pref.	47	Del. L. & West	101¾
Pacific Mail	41⅛	Bost. Har. & Erie	2⅜
Boston Water P.	20	Col. Chi. & In. Cen	31¾
Adams' Express	94⅛	Chi., B. & Q.	105
Wells, F. & Co. Ex.	75	Hannibal & St. Jo.	38¾
Am. Mer. Un. Ex	61⅜	Cen. Pacific	100⅝
United States Ex.	68½	Union Pacific Bonds	82⅛
N. Y. Cen. & H. R.	106⅝	Tenn. 6's	82
Erie	29½	Tenn. 6's new	82
Erie pref.	73	Va. 6's	48⅜
Harlem	132	Va. 6's new	50
Harlem pref.	135	Mo. 6's	92⅝
Mich. Cen.	94		

Gold—115⅛

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Next Monday President Grant, his daughter Nellie and Gen. Babcock leave Long Branch for Boston. Speaker Blaine will there meet them, and their trip will be extended to Augusta and Mount Desert Island.

—An excursion train of 40 cars carried 2,500 persons to Atlantic City, from Philadelphia, Thursday.

—In Washington, during a quarrel, Michael Hussey of Baltimore was stabbed and dangerously wounded by a young man named Statter from Philadelphia.

—The State Labor Reform Party, of Mass., which has just met in convention at Lowell, resolved to support Gen. Butler for Governor.

—An ocean steamer of the Baltic Lloyd line is overdue at New York. The vessel left Stettin, Germany, July 2d, with nearly one hundred passengers.

—The break in the canal at Shelby Basin, at Medina, N. Y., has been repaired and boats are passing.

—William Henry Brown, of Birmingham, England, committed suicide in Waco, Texas, by shooting himself through the heart.

—The pasting of newspaper clippings or printed matter of any kind on a postal card is not allowed by the Postal Department.

—A Boston paper comforts bathers with the assurance that "sharks are now plentiful off the Massachusetts south shore."

—A force of farmers, with plows, scrapers and spades, are digging over the Bender grave-yard at Cherryvale, Kansas.

—A Florida paper ascertained that a healthy alligator can eat seven negro children inside of seven hours, and not display any symptoms of disquiet.

B. LOUGHRAN,

PRACTICAL PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER.

106 NORTH FRONT STREET, KINGSTON, N. Y.

Dealer in PLUMBERS' materials of all descriptions, Chandeliers and GAS FIXTURES.

AGENT FOR THE

Star Gas Machine.

Country houses fitted up with all conveniences of city dwellings, with both

GAS AND WATER.

All goods and work warranted. Jobbing promptly attended to.

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EPIDEMIC DISEASES

PREVENTED BY USING

BROMO-CHLORALUM,

The New Odorless and Non-Poisonous Powerful DEODERIZER and DISINFECTANT.

It destroys all bad odors and poisonous emanations about your premises, and thereby prevents contagion and disease; contains no poison, has no odor, and is always safe.

"Diploma awarded by the American Institute to Tilden & Co., for Bromo-Chloralum. They consider it of value as being non-poisonous and inodorous, and can recommend it especially for medical and general household purposes where disinfection and deodorization is called for."—Exhibition of 1872.

Prepared only by TILDEN & CO., New York.

Sold by all druggists.

July22w4

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE and MARINE.

Stow & Benson,

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Saturday Morning, August 9.

☞ Correspondents will please direct their letters to Rondout Post Office, N. Y.

☞ The uptown office of THE FREEMAN can be found on John street, in the law office of McD. VanWagoner, where our agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there or at the General office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

—Hon. Thomas Cornell has a new span of fine roan horses.

—A pleasant stroll any day is through Jacob's Valley. The adjacent cemetery grounds seem kept in good order.

—There is a baker's wagon in this city on which are painted these: "Bread, Cake, and *Pie's*."

—This is a Freeman compositor's conundrum: "What is George W. Davids' favorite name just now? Ans. Bridge-it."

—The Sleightburgh ferry-boat *pro tem* is bailed out with a scoop shovel. Dr. Relyea goes the bail.

—The Sleightburgh ferry-boat becoming disabled yesterday, teams and foot passengers were transported, not with joy, in that old scow.

—There has been a larger influx of diminutive Italian barpists and fiddleists in the city for the past two days than we ever noticed before.

—Bernstein's new structure, corner of Wall and East Front street, is now making fair progress. When completed it will have a very prominent site, and should improve it greatly.

—The traveling outfit of the Senior Editor of The Freeman comprised a fine new brush and comb. To those familiar with the appearance of that honored gentleman's cranium the question naturally suggests itself "What will he do with them?"

—Jack Gross went fishing with a couple of other gentlemen in the east channel of the Hudson river near Flatbush on Wednesday, and returned home at night with two bushels of cat-fish and eels. These fish were caught by "dropping."

—A lady who resides on Fair street claims she saw a mad dog the other day, and the folks were awfully scared, thinking it was a clear case of hydrophobia. The dog was mad, but it was an old tom cat that made him so, and it's enough to make any dog mad to be worsted by a cat.

—On going up or down Division street at the corner of Newkirk avenue the passers-by and also the neighbors near by are annoyed every evening between six and seven o'clock by the sonorous blowing or puffing of some amateur musician on some new fangled instrument. The neighbors wish he would give them a rest.

—An old bachelor uptown, on seeing three young ladies dressed in the height of fashion saunter past him, remarked, "the girls now-a-days look just like a flock of old hens that had been in a heavy rain storm." The lollopy look of the over-dresses, and limp pieces of gauze tied round their heads made the remark quite appropriate, for they did look as though a heavy dew had fallen on them.

Fire.

Fire broke out about half-past two o'clock this morning in the cooper shop on Union avenue, opposite Schwalbach's, owned by one Kelly, and the shop and shed adjoining were entirely destroyed. We learned no particulars of the loss.

Coal Arrival.

Yesterday 65 canal boats laden with 7,992 tons of coal reached tide water at Eddyville through the Delaware & Hudson canal.

Religious Notice.

Rev. William B. Merritt, of New York, will preach both morning and evening in the Second Reformed Church, upper Kingston, on Sunday next, to-morrow.

A Solon.

We would mildly suggest to the Local of the Hudson Register that when he copies items from the N. Y. Tribune, and even The Freeman, that he also copy the spelling of the words. For instance, "Alanthus." Gracious, Hodge! buy or borrow a dictionary and look up the word "Ailantus."

Obituary.

Jonas Hasbrouck, a well known gentleman of this city, who had been in the employment of Hon. Thomas Cornell for a number of years, died of consumption on Monday last. Mr. Hasbrouck was about forty-five years of age. The concourse at the funeral on Wednesday in Zion Church was immense—so great the church was not large enough to contain the people, while Bowery street was blockaded with vehicles. An impressive and eloquent sermon was delivered by Rev. Demprey Kennedy.

Legal Intelligence.

On Friday the case of the Commissioners of the Alms House of the city of Kingston against John Kraus for selling liquor, lager beer, &c., without a license, was tried before Josiah Dubois, Jr., Justice of the Peace, and judgment rendered against the defendant for $150, penalties, besides the costs. An execution against the person of the defendant was issued under which, unless he pays, he will be promptly consigned to jail. Unlicensed sellers of liquor or beer will do well to take warning by this example.

How to go on the Erie Railway.

Take the stage to New Paltz, which connects with the Wallkill Valley R. R., and at Goshen with the Erie. The stage will take you and your baggage from your door in this city to the depot in New Paltz without change. By going through Newburgh you have to change cars at Fishkill, walk the long dock, and pay exorbitant prices for getting your baggage carried, wait an hour or so for a train, and change again at Greycourt, besides the trouble of getting yourself and baggage to the depot in this city.—*Po'keepsie Eagle.*

Distinguished Visitors.

The steam yacht Bessie, owned and commanded by Commodore Hudson Tayor of Po'keepsie, brought a party of gentlemen from that city to Rhinecliff on Friday, for the purpose of taking a trip over the Rhinebeck & Connecticut Railroad. The party consisted of Commodore Taylor, Judge Joseph F. Barnard, of the Supreme Court, and children, Judge Jones of the Superior Court New York, Thomas R. Fox of the Western Union Telegraph office, Poughkeepsie, and Hon. George W. Davide, City Editor of the Eagle. The latter gentleman stood at the wheel of the pretty little yacht and guided it in its course as easily and gracefully as his pen perambulates over quires of paper in exhilaration over "the bridge."—The party were met at Rhinecliff by Hon. Thomas Cornell of this city, President of the company, Hon. Ambrose L. Wager and George Esselstyne of Rhinebeck. A special train conveyed them over the road, affording them an opportunity of viewing the bridges along the line, the principal object of the trip. On the return of the party to Rhinecliff they re-embarked on the Bessie and that vessel steamed into Rondout Creek, where the services of Joel Rightmyer were engaged as pilot, and proceeded up the creek to Eddyville, remaining there long enough to view the falls and other objects of interest. The Bessie was then headed down the creek, the pilot landed at Rondout and the party proceeded homeward.

The Lightning Rod Suit.

The lightning rod case of George A. Baker and William W. Baker against Peter Rosa, in which a trial was had on the 21st of July last, resulting in nothing but the payment of costs by plaintiff, and which was fully reported in The Freeman, was retried on Monday last before the 'Squire on John street. The testimony didn't differ materially from the last trial, with the exception that one of the lightning rod men was present as a witness for plaintiff and testified directly against the defendant. It was one of those peculiar cases in which men swear in a manner that passeth all understanding. The 'Squire decided on Thursday that the note was valid, and defendant should pay the sum of $30.

Personals.

Dr. J. G. Holland, who with his family has been spending the summer at Milton, delivered last evening his lecture entitled "Social Undertow" in the church at that place. It was a free lecture and all were invited to attend, and we have no doubt all who could did.

John S. Langworthy, formerly of Kingston but now in the Treasury Department, Washington, was one of the party who accompanied Peck Dukehart to San Francisco in charge of a special United States Treasury car, containing the snug sum of ten millions of dollars in greenbacks.

Jervis McEntee, the artist, left the city yesterday for the summer home of Eastman Johnson on Nantucket, around which island the two knights of the brush are to make a sketching tour.

A party of ladies and gentlemen from Poughkeepsie are gipsying on the banks of the Kingston creek near Glenerie.

A Fortunate Escape—With a Moral.

While some ladies from this city, who were visiting at the residence of Mr. F. O. Norton in High Falls, were returning from a drive on Thursday evening and going at a rapid rate, a dog rushed at a cow on the roadside, and the cow running directly in front of the horses it was knocked down by the team before they could be reined up. The horses leaped over the prostrate cow, which lay upon the ground in such a position the wagon passed squarely over it without upsetting the vehicle, and it was an extremely fortunate circumstance, as there were three ladies on the back seat and one on the seat with the driver. Strange to relate the cow was not in the least injured, but got up and walked off, seemingly delighted at even such an escape from the dog, which we are sad to say was *not* killed. One of the listeners to whom this circumstance was being related remarked, when the above tale had been told, "Well, I ran over a duck once and it didn't hurt the duck either—but it squshed out an egg;" to which remark a Lord Dundreary added, "Moral—never run over a cow for fear of squshing out an egg," and then our reporter left.

That Old Question.

"A paper printed down the river says the Delaware & Hudson Company used the first locomotive ever seen in this country. It was made in England in 1827. There are only sixteen other claimants for the same honor."—*Albany Morning Express.*

Yes, and that "paper printed down the river" was correct, as can be and has been abundantly proven by such men as Mr. John B. Jervis, the celebrated Engineer now residing in Rome, N. Y.; Horatio Allen, the Consulting Engineer of the Brooklyn bridge, and the gentleman who not only went to England to contract for that locomotive (and three others), but ran that *first* locomotive on its *first* trip in America; Mr. McAlpin the Engineer, who, we believe, has something to do with the Albany Water Works; Mr. Charles McEntee of New York, who took that *first* locomotive from the ship in which it was brought from England, and transported it to Rondout, from whence it was sent via Del. & Hud. Canal to Honesdale, and several other gentlemen of undoubted veracity and clear memory who were present at the first trial of the *first* locomotive in America. Mr. Thurlow Weed is another gentleman of whom the Express man may chanced to have heard, and who can give him reliable information on this subject.

A House Built in a Day.

The newspapers of Lancaster, Pa., publish an account of the building of a brick dwelling house in that city in ten and a half hours, the material having been prepared and collected on the site previous to the commencement of the building operations. The photographer spoken of below is the eldest son of Mr. J. P. Reading, the baker on Hasbrouck avenue. The house is twenty feet by thirty on the ground floor, two stories in height, and contains eight rooms. There were in all upward of one hundred workmen employed. The cellar foundations was already laid, and at precisely six o'clock Friday morning the men went to work. The Examiner thus describes the labor:

Mr. J. T. Reading, photographer, was present with his apparatus, and took views every fifteen minutes of the building and the workmen while in motion, which, of course, produced some ridiculous pictures—men, white and colored, in almost every position are to be seen represented. At 8 o'clock A. M. the structure was advanced to the height of one story, with two floors—ground and second—laid, partitions in, and lathed and plastered, doors hung, stairway up, and a view taken with the Doctor in the midst of his workmen. The scene is a busy and comic one—the brick layers erecting scaffolding for the second story. 10 o'clock, A. M., view taken of western front on Prince street; second story brickwork two-thirds up, with carpenters ready to lay floor, and plasterers commence lathing; western front painted and brick pencilled of first story, and masons run short of brick, and then some delay in consequence, but it was remedied in a short while.

Eleven o'clock A. M., the bricklayers are up to square of ceiling for third floor, with corners raised to height required to receive the rafters for roofing. Tinners are waiting.—The process of whitecoating is now about completed in the first story. At 11:18 A. M., first rafter for the roof laid. At 12:11 the last brick was placed upon the chimneys, and the bricklayers are done. Roof sheathed, and tinners begin to lay roofing. At 12:50, scaffolding all removed from building. At 2:30 P. M., sash in windows of the first story and painters finished up; washboards down and rubbish cleaned away. At this writing the tinners are leaving the building; roofing and spouting completed. Plasterers still at work in the second story. The building has been insured, and in the course of a few hours will be in ready for a tenant.

Tows.

The following were yesterday's tows:

Steamer G. A. Hoyt—Ice barges Brooklyn, Hudson, R. Parker, boats E. A. Gilbert, C. Roak, Chas. Sillman, New Era, Belle Daniel, schooner Jennie C. Russ for New York.

Steamer Oswego—Schooner Niantic from Poughkeepsie, boats Restless, E. W. Cory, 15 Coal Boats for New York.

Propeller Farrington—Boats Graham, W. H. Pragnell, 6 Del. & Hud. Boats, 8 Penn. Boats for Newburgh.

Steamer Herald—Barges J. F. Betz, Diligent, Dr. Vose, G. F. Patten, schooner Lizzie Florence, boats W. B. King, P. J. Gibbs, Mary C. Seaman, Jas. Norton, 4 D. & H. Boats, 2 Penn. Boats for Albany.

Propeller Columbia—Four D. & H. C. Boats, 4 Penn. C. Boats, for Hudson.

Up tows from New York:

Boats B. McWilliams, Young James to Poughkeepsie, Ocean Queen and Ella Saylor to Hudson, ice barges Sturgeon and P. Dater, D. & H. C. Co.'s Boats, Cora from 161st street, New York, L. W. Hall from Roay Hook, Haskins, barge Mary Emma from Peck's Dock.

A Runaway Wife Sues Her Husband for Her Property. Her Paramour's Wife Takes a Hand In.

A somewhat novel case came up for trial before 'Squire O'Connor at Eddyville, on Wednesday, in which a wife brings an action of trover or conversion against her husband. The plaintiff in the case is Blandina Ripple, and the defendant is William Henry C. Ripple, her husband. Blandina, as has been stated in the columns of this paper, eloped with another man, and now brings an action against her husband for retaining the household furniture. The case of a woman sueing her husband in a civil action is a novel one in our courts, and we know of no precedent that will sustain such a proceeding. Had the action been tried Wednesday, perhaps the question would have been forever settled; but the plaintiff didn't care to test the point just then, and demanded an adjournment, which was given to the 18th of September.

While the preliminaries of this adjournment were being settled between the attorneys, the wife of the chap who had taken to his bosom the frail and fragile Blandina, appeared on the scene, and opened the vials of her wrath on her husband. The husband replied fiercely, and for a time obscene epithets, coarse phrases, and big oaths were hurled across that court room in a way that would have made the devil dance a hornpipe with unusual glee. Each rattled off a condensed history of the other's past life, winding up each sentence with a howl of blasphemy that made the bystanders' hair raise on end. At last the woman being no longer able to control her feelings, picked up the 'Squire's book of law on civil and criminal justice, and made ready to launch it at the cranium of her husband. In another moment, no doubt, she would have impressed more law on the head of the stronger vesse', than would have been considered highly beneficial to his health, had not the justice, becoming alarmed for the safety of his property, grasped her arm and averted the blow. The woman dropped the book, but caught instead an inkstand well filled with the dark fluid, which she raised high in air to fling at her antagonist. Until this moment the lawyers and bystanders had remained seated in silent contemplation of the scene, but no sooner did they comprehend the peculiar use about to be made of the dark liquid, than they incontinently fled from the room. It is needless to say the court adjourned without hesitation.

"Heaven has no rage like love to hatred turn'd,
Nor hell a fury like a woman scorn'd."

A Baker's Law Suit.

For several days past the promenaders on John street have been astonished to hear strange and unearthly sounds proceed from an old stone house on the northerly side of the street, and for a time supposed a first-class menagerie had been housed by some energetic showman, to be seen at the low price of ten cents per head. These noises, however, did not proceed from the mouths of wild animals, but instead were produced by learned men who were in a most learned manner expounding the law to 'Squire Schepmoes in regard to the case of Charles Stewart *versus* George M. Van Schaick. Mr. Stewart is by profession a baker, and an adept in the art. He can bake a loaf of bread that will cost but two pence, and reasonably sell for twelve. He can put a roll containing but a thimbleful of flour so it will be as large as a half bushel measure. Then he can make bread that would make the mouth of a king water. Now Van Schaick, a well-known gentleman of Ellenville, having heard of the exploits of Stewart as a baker, determined to set up a baking establishment and hire this professional kneader of dough to run it. Stewart came with his wife in 1869, and seemed to be much thought of by Van Schaick until a few months back, and then the eccentric George came to the conclusion he would retire from the baking business. He did so and gave Stewart notice that he might take on his back his household gods, scrape the dough of that establishment from the soles of his shoes and depart, he wasn't particular where. Stewart duly came to this city and there breathing the air that arises from the law libraries of some thirty-two lawyers, became infected with a desire that his name should appear in the annals of jurisprudence. He therefore brought suit against his former employer, claiming that Van Schaick had hired him for a year, agreeing to pay him twelve dollars per week and board himself and wife beside. Under this contract he worked until some time in June, when he was discharged. Under this contract he claimed he should be paid up to the time of the commencement of the suit, amounting in all to $72.

On Tuesday Van Schaick came down with a vast array of witnesses. A jury was called and the trial commenced about ten o'clock. It continued all day Tuesday, until Wednesday afternoon. On his defence Van Schaick claimed he had discharged the plaintiff because he was incompetent for the business; he got out his bread, etc., so late in the morning it could not be sold, so he lost hundreds of dollars. The defendant also claimed the plaintiff was in debt to him for board that had been provided by defendant for plaintiff and wife for a number of years; that such board bill amounted to the sum of $400. The case was given to the jury about three o'clock in the afternoon and after being out two hours they returned a verdict of $65 for plaintiff. The attorneys in the case were T. B. Westbrook, T. R. Westbrook and S. D. Soule for plaintiff, while D. W. Sparling and John Lyon appeared for defendant.

"The Song of the Shirt."

Not the song exactly, but we wanted a good "head"—the shirt was well provided with the opposite part. Not long since a certain young man "fair to see," came from Jersey City to upper Kingston on a pleasure trip, and while having a good time with some young lady friends he conceived the idea of going to West Hurley, and taking the damsels along to visit some relatives who resided in that village.—They went, and while there the young man ran short of clean linen, so he purchased some of that very necessary portion of a gentleman's wardrobe, but concluded, as he and the ladies were to return to Kingston on the day the new garment was purchased, he'd wait to don it until he arrived in the city. He had pasteboard put in the bosom, and had it carefully folded and wrapped up so as not to rumple it. Now the damsels, knowing the nature of the purchase and of the exceeding great care the gay Lothario had taken to preserve its freshness, concluded to have a little fun with it and him. Casting about for timber from which to manufacture the fun, they came across an ancient garment that had evidently been used for a lengthy period to cover some person who performed about a cow stable, and said garment was not clean, nor yet was it savory; but it was carefully placed, with pasteboard in its tattered bosom, in the self-same wrapper in which the new garment had been after that one had been removed.

The hour arrived for the party to take cars for Kingston, when the ladies in turn volunteered to carry the package for the young man, for fear in his awkwardness he'd "muss the bosom," &c. All their kind offers were declined, however, and on the trip to Kingston those girls "almost died a laughing" to see the tender manner in which that chap nursed that old shirt—"why, had it been a glass baby he couldn't have taken more care of it!" Arriving at the house at which he was sojourning in Kingston the young man hied to his room to indulge in the luxury of a clean shirt; carefully removing the wrapping from what he supposed was the object of his desire, imagine his look of astonishment upon beholding the tattered, torn, and not at all fragrant garment he had so carefully transported all the way from West Hurley! He sat down to endeavor to solve the riddle when his room door was opened by invisible hands and the fresh, crisp shirt he had purchased was thrust in and the door closed. "Ah!" exclaimed he, "a trick of those girls!" He donned his clean garment and to prevent all future connection with the old one, he packed, locked and carried his traveling bag to the hall below, where it remained until he bade the young ladies—and let us hope kissed them all around—"good bye," and went his way to Jersey City. Wanting his slippers soon after his arrival home he fished them from his traveling bag, and from one of his slippers he fished that old shirt,—and then we'll bet he said "a cuss word."

Change of Time.

On and after Monday, 11th inst. the horse car that formerly left the terminus of the road in upper Kingston at 7 A. M. will leave at 6.40 in order to connect with the 7.15 ferry boat for the down express train over the H. R. Railroad, due at Rhinecliff at 7.39 A. M.

Arrivals at the Overlook.

AUGUST 7th, 1874.

HAMILTON, N. Y.—Rev. John James Lewis.
KINGSTON—Rev. Z. Grenell, Miss McCauley.
BROOKLYN—A. P. Ostrum and daughter, Miss Cooke.
JERSEY CITY—Henry McTaghe.
NEW YORK—Dr. S. M. Judson and wife, Mrs. Summers, V. W. Baldwin and wife, T. Spangenberg, A. D. Shlisenger and lady, Dr. Laming and wife, Master Edward Laming, Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Miss S. Schenck, Harry P. Rogers, N. P. Rogers, Jr., J. B. Rogers, C. Coles, E. Littlefield, Mrs. Littlefield, Miss Littlefield, Fred. N. Dodge and wife, Henry Sanford and wife, Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. Hodgman, Miss Cecil.
POUGHKEEPSIE—John McLean, Miss Emma Potter, Miss Mary A. McLean.

COUNTY.

—Ellenville offers $3,000 in premiums at the coming fair of the driving park.

—The fall term of the New Paltz Academy will commence early in September.

—Lefevre, of the Independent, denies the truth of some of the stories lately afloat about the county poor-house.

—The New Paltz Times editor reports that he has been interviewing "Jack" Curtis of Kingston.

—A grand masquerade and full dress ball will be given at the Overlook on the night of Friday, August 15th.

—Ulster county has so many candidates for Sheriff that it would require a supplement to The Freeman to print all their names.—*Honesdale Herald.*

—Lands in this county, adjacent to the supposed terminus of the projected Poughkeepsie bridge, are said by the Eagle to be already advancing in price. Further particulars from that quarter of our county can well be awaited.

—Mr. D. R. Hasbrouck has the best field of oats in the town of Lloyd—eight acres. The straw is four and a half to five feet in length. We have a sample in our office, twenty stalks from one grain.—*New Paltz Times.*

—On Thursday afternoon, August 28th, at 4 o'clock, a Democratic meeting will be held at Wm. Steen's hotel, New Paltz. Hon. David M. DeWitt, Messrs. A. B. Parker and J. M. Van Wagonen are expected to address the meeting. Its professed object is to open the campaign against local corruption. Other meetings of a similar nature throughout the county are expected to follow.

KINGSTON, August 9th, 1873.

To the President, Directors and Stockholders of the Kingston & Rondout Horse Railroad:

GENTLEMEN—I wish to state publicly to you through the columns of The Daily Freeman that I will give you 7 per cent. on the cost of the road you are now running for the use of it for a term of ten years, and will give you *good* and sufficient security for the payment of the money, together with the rolling stock, horses, &c. Each party to inventory the stock, &c., with two good reliable men, and also a written contract that I shall be bound to return cars, horses, &c., in as good order as when I got them. I shall leave this open for acceptance for the term of thirty days. *I mean business.* Address

BUSINESS,
P. O. Box 521, Kingston, N. Y.

Kingston Business Men

Desiring space in the New York, Kingston & Syracuse R. R. Pocket Time Table, can get terms by applying to JOHN E. KRAFT, John street. A. HASBROUCK, Publisher.

An Act of Cruelty.

Chapped hands and faces are the most serious annoyances that farmers, and people who labor much out of doors, experience from exposure. Exposed persons, especially children, repeatedly suffer intensely from cracks upon the hands, that often bleed. It is cruel to allow one's self or others to suffer in this way, when the means of positive prevention are so easy to be had, and so cheaply, as to pay ten cents for a cake of Hand Sapolio. Hand Sapolio is not only better than the costliest soap for removing dirt, but it prevents chapping, and renders the skin soft and pliable. Sold everywhere.

Horse Cars—Early Car.

On and after Monday, August 13th, a horse car will leave Kingston at 6:40 A. M., to connect with the 7:15 A. M. ferry-boat, in time for the 7:39 down express train on the Hudson River Railroad.

At the Opera House.

Commencing Monday evening and continuing during the week will appear at the Opera House the California sensation, James Wallace, the great original and only one legged song and dance man in the world.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

James Wallace, a veteran of our late war, who lost his leg in the last great decisive struggle between the North and South at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6th, 1864, while fighting side by side with his father who was killed. Regardless of all danger he carried the body of his father to the rear, there leaving it and returning to the front, where, amidst the fierce rain of shot and shell, after raising the flag of his country, which had been shot down three times, he fell wounded and bleeding. He was then taken to the rear, where it was found necessary to amputate his leg. After his recovery he was honorably discharged from the army and pensioned by the government. Finding his pension insufficient to support his mother and sisters, and being desirous of going upon the stage, at the inducement of several managers he did so, and to the astonishment of all, made one of the most decided hits on record, the press and public pronouncing him the greatest curiosity in the world. Don't fail to see him and a host of other new stars.

Cure for Piles.

Vincent's Magic pile remedy is the most perfect cure for Parites or itching Piles ever offered to the public. It is *warranted* to give relief to the worst cases in forty-eight hours after the commencement of its use, if the directions for using are complied with. Price 50 cents per box. G. E. Vincent, Proprietor, Catskill, N. Y. At Wholesale and Retail by Van Deusen Brothers.

The large family size bottles of Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil are cheapest for you to purchase for family use, to cure headache, toothache, ague in the face, lameness, neuralgia, sprains, cramp, sciatica, bruises, burns. Keep it in the house for use. Sold by R. Deyo and all druggists in Rondout and Kingston.

Becker's Farina

Is a delicious article of food and a beautiful ornament for the table.

Lost.

On Thursday, August 7th, 1873, a pair of gold spectacles in a leather case marked E. Kearney, Wilbur. The finder will be liberally rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner by leaving or sending them to the office of D. E. Donovan, Wilbur.

E. KEARNEY.

Pianos.

I am prepared to furnish Pianos and Organs of any manufacturer at a reduced price; also second-hand Pianos for sale or rent.

E. WINTER, Book and Music Store,
Music Hall, Kingston.

Kingston Coal Depot.

D. C. Overbaugh is still selling Lackawanna Coal at the following prices; all screened and *honest* weight given:

Stove coal at yard	$6.50	Delivered	$7.00.
Chesnut, "	6.00	"	6.50.
Egg, "	6.50	"	7.00.
Grate, "	6.00	"	6.50.

Yard central part of the City, on Union Avenue.

D. C. Overbaugh has established a branch coal office in North Front Street, near Wall, at the office of the A. M. U. Express Co.—Mr. Rawson is his agent. All orders left with him will be promptly filled.

D. C. OVERBAUGH.

Important

To churches holding Pic-nics or Festivals. Arrangements can be made with O. Hermance, Music Hall, for ice cream, candies, &c., more satisfactory than at any other place in the state. Call at O. Hermance's before you make arrangements elsewhere, which may save you some dollars. Satisfaction *guaranteed.*

100,000,000

Men, women and children wanted every day and every hour in the day to get their meals, which are served in fine style and at reasonable prices at

O. HERMANCE'S,
Music Hall.

If You are Thirsty

Go to Masten's drug store and try a glass of pure sparkling soda water with cream syrup. The celebrated Geyser Spring water of Saratoga on draught at Masten's.

Soda, Kissingen and Vichy Water on Draught.

Just received at KNAPP'S Drug Store, next door to the Postoffice, Garden street, Rondout.

TO LET.—A Furnished House, two Stories and Basement, in a pleasant situation on Green street.
Inquire of C. S. CLAY, Wall Street.

WANTED.—A German boy about sixteen years of age, to learn the barber's trade and tend bar at odd intervals. Enquire at FREILEWEH'S Hotel, Kingston.

FOR SALE.—A two story, finely shaded frame House and Barn, with lot fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep. On the premises are a large number of fruit trees and berry bushes of almost every kind. There is also a finely dittered cistern on the place. Premises situated on Hurley Avenue. Terms reasonable. Apply on premises of MRS. R. RIVERS, Kingston, N. Y.

SCHOOL OPENING.—Mr. Starr's School (Fair street) re-opens on MONDAY, Sept. 1st. A prompt attendance of his pupils is requested. Residence in Green, at the head of Main street, upper Kingston.

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING A CITY HALL.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until AUGUST 27th next, for furnishing all the materials and necessary work required for the erection of a City Hall in the city of Kingston, N. Y. Plans and specifications for same may be seen between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. of each intervening day, at the office of Clark Chatfield, City Surveyor. The right is hereby reserved to reject any or all bids. Proposals to be addressed to A. H. Vandling, Kingston City, N. Y.

A. H. VANDLING,
W. H. FREDENBURGH,
P. A. CANFIELD,
ALEX. W. SHUFELDT,
JACOB PLOUGH,
Committee.

City of Kingston, August 6, 1873.

ULSTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE, July 22, 1873.—Notice is hereby given, that I will attend at this office on Saturday, August 16th, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of drawing a panel of Petit Jurors to attend and serve at a County Court and Court of Sessions, to be held at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, in and for the County of Ulster, commencing on the 2nd Monday (the 8th) of September, 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. C. W. DEYO, Clerk.

FOR SALE.—Lot 40x225 feet, containing two buildings, the smaller one suitable for an office or small store. A number of Shade and Fruit Trees. For information apply on the premises or address to Wilbur, N. Y. Lot is situated opposite Wilbur Toll Gate.
MRS. MARGARET SUTTON.

AUCTION SALE POSTPONED.—The Auction Sale of Real Estate is postponed until SATURDAY, August 9th, at 2 P. M.
ALBERT BURHANS.

FOR SALE.—A PILE DRIVER in good order, will sell cheap. Also. Chains, Canvas, and all kinds of utensils for Farmers' and Blacksmith's use, at a very reasonable price. The highest CASH PRICE paid for Iron, Rope and metal of all kinds. L. BACHARACH,
Garden and Ferry street.

CITY ASSESSORS' NOTICE OF Completion of Assessment Roll. Notice is hereby given that the Assessors of the City of Kingston have completed their Assessment Roll for the present year, and that a copy thereof has been left with the City Clerk, at his office on John street, in said city, where the same may be seen and examined by any person interested until TUESDAY, AUGUST 19th, 1873, and that on that day the Assessors will meet at Firemen's Hall, from 9 o'clock A. M., until 4 P. M., to review their Assessment upon the application of any persons conceiving themselves aggrieved. All persons interested are requested to take notice that Steamboats, Sloops, Barges and other river crafts, are taxed as personal property.

July 31st, 1873.

DANIEL JOHNSTON,
DANIEL B. STOW,
SIMON S. WESTBROOK,
City Assessors.

DRUG STORE FIXTURES.—Splendid opportunity for any person desiring to purchase a complete assortment of FIXTURES, SHELVING, COUNTERS, SHOW CASES, DRAWERS, SCALES, WEIGHTS, MEDICINE JARS of all kinds and sizes. Everything in complete order for the furnishing of a Drug Store, Terms easy. Apply to A. J. MELLON, Rondout, N. Y.

RAILROAD TIES WANTED.—From 1,000 to 1,500 Chestnut or White Oak Ties, 4x4 inches x 8 feet long. To be delivered at Flatbush, town of Kingston, at farm of Levi Myer Davis, between 1st and 10th August.
Apply to JAMES R. SAYRE, Jr., & CO., Newark, New Jersey.

BRANCH OFFICE RONDOUT DAILY FREEMAN, John Street, upper Kingston. All orders for Job Printing will receive prompt attention.

PICNIC!!

There will be a

GRAND PICNIC

HELD IN

JAMES' GROVE, ROSENDALE,

NEAR THE HIGH BRIDGE AND DEPOT.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 15th, 1873.

Good Music Will Be Provided.

REFRESHMENTS IN ABUNDANCE.

Proceeds to be applied towards the debt on St. Peter's Church property.

Admission Free.

The Best Paper! Try It!

The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 70 to 75 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, N. Y., Branch Office, cor. F and 7th Sts., Washington, D. C. Augsw1

FOR SALE or EXCHANGE for City property—A Farm containing about 80 acres, situated at Port Jackson, Ulster County, 16 miles from Kingston, on the Delaware & Hudson Canal. There is a large FRONTAGE ON THE CANAL, with ample DOCK ROOM, &c.; also large quantities of Lime and Cement, and a Lime-Kiln upon the premises; the Kiln is in profitable operation; also good and suitable tenements for five families, besides that occupied by the farmer; also a Blacksmith Shop, and a Wagon Maker's Shop on the property, all of which is rented, affording a comfortable income, which can be considered a valuable auxiliary to any farm, and as Cement is being sought for everywhere, this location must soon become an important point for that purpose. Terms, &c., easy.

MASTEN & HAYES,
Kingston, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT—ULSTER COUNTY. The President, Managers and Company of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, *against* Bridget O'Reilly and Thomas Leonard, Catharine Leonard, Annie Leonard, Owen Leonard, Fannie Leonard and Mary Leonard, infants, by C. R. N. Champlin, their guardian *ad litem.*

In pursuance of a Judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action on the 4th day of August, instant, the subscriber, a referee for that purpose in and by said judgment appointed, will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Kingston, on the 29th day of August, instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described lot of land and premises, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situate, lying and being in the City of Kingston aforesaid, distinguished as lot number three hundred and thirty-one (331), on the property of the President, Managers and Company of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, as described and designated in their survey of the same, accompanied by a map thereof, being in front on Abeel street or Eddyville road eighty (80) feet, and in rear about seventy-six (76) feet, and averaging (100) feet deep, and being bounded as follows: In front on Abeel street or Eddyville road, in rear on property of said Company, on the East side by lot No. 330, and on the west side by property of the said Company.

Dated August 7th, 1873.

J. DUBOIS, Jr., Referee.

E. S. WOOD, Pl'ff's Att'y.

MUSIC HALL, KINGSTON,

Wednesday, August 13th.

WASHINGTON HALL, RONDOUT,

Thursday, August 14th.

SECOND ANNUAL TOUR

HARRY ROBINSON'S MINSTRELS

The Man With the Silver Horns!!!

Charley Reynolds, the favorite Comedian, and Twenty other Star Performers.

SOLID SILVER BAND, WITH GORGEOUS GRENADIER UNIFORMS.

E. M. GOTTHOLD, Gen'l Ag't.
WM. WEBSTER, Adv. Ag't.

EXCELSIOR!!

Grand Firemen's Festival.

LACKAWANNA

Steam Fire Engine Co.

WILL HOLD A

Target Excursion

—AT—

JACOB'S VALLEY PARK,

(Near Schwalbach's Brewery.)

—ON—

Monday, August 11, 1873.

The friends of the Company in the city and vicinity, and the Firemen generally are invited to attend.

Goeller's Brass & String Band

Will furnish the music. Dancing and refreshments in abundance. All are invited to attend.

CAPT. WILLETT L. HASBROUCK,
FOREMAN L. B. STRONG,
LIEUT. JOHN SCHNITZLER,
" JOHN J. O'REILLY,
" WALTER PARDEE,
SERGT. FRED MENGER,
" WENZEL RADLE,
GEORGE MESSENGER,
JOHN ENGLERT.
Committee.

C. C. MAYER, Secretary.

AUCTION SALE OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON

Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

The whole of my property situated at Wiltwyck, City of Kingston,

ADJOINING THE NEW CITY HALL.

The property consists of a handsome

Brick Residence,

WITH FRENCH ROOF,

And with all the appurtenances necessary for family comfort, together with all modern improvements. Also my

Large Workshop

AND MACHINERY,

With lot upon which the said shop is located, also

A VACANT LOT ADJOINING.

TERMS given on day of sale on the premises.

ALBERT BURHANS.

July 17th, 1873.

FRANK M. NESTELL,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

Fair Street, Opposite Music Hall, Kingston.

WROUGHT IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS, GAS AND KEROSENE CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c. CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Old Fixtures Bronzed and Re-Gilt at the Shortest Notice.

Down Town Office, at A. Dodge's Hardware Store, Garden St.

Where all orders left will receive prompt attention. Having had fifteen years' experience in gas fitting in this place all work entrusted to me will be done in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

TO BOARD SEEKERS.

Mrs. Esther Livingston,

Having leased the fine residence and grounds of

MR. E. W. BUDINGTON,

In the suburbs of Upper Kingston,

Is now prepared to receive boarders for the Summer or permanently. The house is handsomely furnished and is in the midst of extensive grounds which command a most magnificent view of the Catskills and the valley of the Kingston. The upper part of city of Kingston is within ten minutes walk of the house. There are handsome drives in all directions, and a driving park within half a mile of the place. No pains will be spared to make this a pleasant home to sojourners. There is a fine stable capable of accommodating six horses on the place. Terms reasonable. For particulars apply on the premises, or by mail to

MRS. ESTHER LIVINGSTON,
Kingston, Ulster Co., N. Y.

New York reference MR. LEE, 72 Pine St.

A NEW LOT OF

GERMAN ACCORDEONS,

Just Received. The best out.

A. RICE.

HIRAM ROOSA'S

Insurance, Real Estate, and Loan Agency,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

The reputation and standing which this Agency has secured during the term it has transacted business, together with the LARGE and UNDOUBTED SECURITY it offers for all its obligations, will, it is hoped, secure for it a share of the public patronage. This Agency represents the following Old and Popular companies:

Queen Insurance Co. of London,
Assets $12,000,000.

Imperial Insurance Company of London.
ASSETS $10,000,000.

Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.
ASSETS $3,000,000.

Mercantile Marine Insurance Company of New York.
ASSETS $1,500,000.

Home Fire Insurance Company of Columbus, O.
ASSETS $700,000.

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Saturday Morning, August 9.

☞ Correspondents will please direct their letters to Rondout Post Office, N. Y.

☞ The uptown office of THE FREEMAN can be found on John street, in the law office of Mc D. VanWagoner, where our agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there or at the General office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

—Hon. Thomas Cornell has a new span of fine roan horses.

—A pleasant stroll any day is through Jacob's Valley. The adjacent cemetery grounds seem kept in good order.

—There is a baker's wagon in this city on which are painted these: "Bread, Cake, and *Pie's*."

—This is a Freeman compositor's conundrum: "What is George W. Davids' favorite name just now? Ans. Bridge-it."

—The Sleightburgh ferry-boat *pro tem* is bailed out with a scoop shovel. Dr. Relyea goes the bail.

—The Sleightburgh ferry-boat becoming disabled yesterday, teams and foot passengers were transported, not with joy, in that old scow.

—There has been a larger influx of diminutive Italian harpists and fiddleists in the city for the past two days than we ever noticed before.

—Bernstein's new structure, corner of Wall and East Front street, is now making fair progress. When completed it will have a very prominent site, and should improve it greatly.

—The traveling outfit of the Senior Editor of The Freeman comprised a fine new brush and comb. To those familiar with the appearance of that honored gentleman's cranium the question naturally suggests itself "What will he do with them?"

—Jack Gross went fishing with a couple of other gentlemen in the east channel of the Hudson river near Flatbush on Wednesday, and returned home at night with two bushels of cat-fish and eels. These fish were caught by "dropping."

—A lady who resides on Fair street claims she saw a mad dog the other day, and the folks were awfully scared, thinking it was a clear case of hydrophobia. The dog was mad, but it was an old tom cat that made him so, and it's enough to make any dog mad to be worsted by a cat.

—On going up or down Division street, at the corner of Newkirk avenue the passers-by and also the neighbors near by are annoyed every evening between six and seven o'clock by the sonorous blowing or puffing of some amateur musician on some new fangled instrument. The neighbors wish he would give them a rest.

—An old bachelor uptown, on seeing three young ladies dressed in the height of fashion saunter past him, remarked, "the girls now-a-days look just like a flock of old hens that had been in a heavy rain storm." The lollopy look of the over-dresses, and limp pieces of gauze tied round their heads made the remark quite appropriate, for they did look as though a heavy dew had fallen on them.

Fire.

Fire broke out about half-past two o'clock this morning in the cooper shop on Union avenue, opposite Schwalbach's, owned by one Kelly, and the shop and shed adjoining were entirely destroyed. We learned no particulars of the loss.

Coal Arrival.

Yesterday 63 canal boats laden with 7,992 tons of coal reached tide water at Eddyville through the Delaware & Hudson canal.

Religious Notice.

Rev. William B. Merritt, of New York, will preach both morning and evening in the Second Reformed Church, upper Kingston, on Sunday next, to-morrow.

A Solon.

We would mildly suggest to the Local of the Hudson Register that when he copies items from the N. Y. Tribune, and even The Freeman, that he also copy the spelling of the words. For instance, "Alanthus." Gracious, Hodge! buy or borrow a dictionary and look up the word "Ailantus."

Obituary.

Jonas Hasbrouck, a well known gentleman of this city, who had been in the employment of Hon. Thomas Cornell for a number of years, died of consumption on Monday last. Mr. Hasbrouck was about forty-five years of age. The concourse at the funeral on Wednesday in Zion Church was immense—so great the church was not large enough to contain the people, while Bowery street was blockaded with vehicles. An impressive and eloquent sermon was delivered by Rev. Demprey Kennedy.

Legal Intelligence.

On Friday the case of the Commissioners of the Alms House of the city of Kingston against John Kraus for selling liquor, lager beer, &c., without a license, was tried before Josiah Dubois, Jr., Justice of the Peace, and judgment rendered against the defendant for $150, penalties, besides the costs. An execution against the person of the defendant was issued under which, unless he pays, he will be promptly consigned to jail. Unlicensed sellers of liquor or beer will do well to take warning by this example.

How to go on the Erie Railway.

Take the stage to New Paltz, which connects with the Wallkill Valley R. R., and at Goshen with the Erie. The stage will take you and your baggage from your door in this city to the depot in New Paltz without change. By going through Newburgh you have to change cars at Fishkill, walk the long dock, and pay exorbitant prices for getting your baggage carried, wait an hour or so for a train, and change again at Greycourt, besides the trouble of getting yourself and baggage to the depot in this city.—*Po'keepsie Eagle.*

Distinguished Visitors.

The steam yacht Bessie, owned and commanded by Commodore Hudson Tayor of Po'keepsie, brought a party of gentlemen from that city to Rhinecliff on Friday, for the purpose of taking a trip over the Rhinebeck & Connecticut Railroad. The party consisted of Commodore Taylor, Judge Joseph F. Barnard, of the Supreme Court, and children, Judge Jones of the Superior Court New York, Thomas R. Fox of the Western Union Telegraph office, Poughkeepsie, and Hon. George W. Davids, City Editor of the Eagle. The latter gentleman stood at the wheel of the pretty little yacht and guided it in its course as easily and gracefully as his pen perambulates over quires of paper in exhilaration over "the bridge."—The party were met at Rhinecliff by Hon. Thomas Cornell of this city, President of the company, Hon. Ambrose L. Wager and George Esselstyne of Rhinebeck. A special train conveyed them over the road, affording them an opportunity of viewing the bridges along the line, the principal object of the trip. On the return of the party to Rhinecliff they re-embarked on the Bessie and that vessel steamed into Roudout Creek, where the services of Joel Rightmyer were engaged as pilot, and proceeded up the creek to Eddyville, remaining there long enough to view the falls and other objects of interest. The Bessie was then headed down the creek, the pilot landed at Rondout and the party proceeded homeward.

The Lightning Rod Suit.

The lightning rod case of George A. Baker and William W. Baker against Peter Rosa, in which a trial was had on the 21st of July last, resulting in nothing but the payment of costs by plaintiff, and which was fully reported in The Freeman, was retried on Monday last before the 'Squire on John street. The testimony didn't differ materially from the last trial, with the exception that one of the lightning rod men was present as a witness for plaintiff and testified directly against the defendant. It was one of those peculiar cases in which men swear in a manner that passeth all understanding. The 'Squire decided on Thursday that the note was valid, and defendant should pay the sum of $30.

Personals.

Dr. J. G. Holland, who with his family has been spending the summer at Milton, delivered last evening his lecture entitled "Social Undertow" in the church at that place. It was a free lecture and all were invited to attend, and we have no doubt all who could did.

John S. Langworthy, formerly of Kingston but now in the Treasury Department, Washington, was one of the party who accompanied Peck Dukehart to San Francisco in charge of a special United States Treasury car, containing the scug sum of ten millions of dollars in greenbacks.

Jervis McEntee, the artist, left the city yesterday for the summer home of Eastman Johnson on Nantucket, around which island the two knights of the brush are to make a sketching tour.

A party of ladies and gentlemen from Poughkeepsie are gipsying on the banks of the Kingston creek near Glenerie.

A Fortunate Escape—With a Moral.

While some ladies from this city, who were visiting at the residence of Mr. F. O. Norton in High Falls, were returning from a drive on Thursday evening and going at a rapid rate, a dog rushed at a cow on the roadside, and the cow running directly in front of the horses it was knocked down by the team before they could be reined up. The horses leaped over the prostrate cow, which lay upon the ground in such a position the wagon passed squarely over it without upsetting the vehicle, and it was an extremely fortunate circumstance, as there were three ladies on the back seat and one on the seat with the driver. Strange to relate the cow was not in the least injured, but got up and walked off, seemingly delighted at even such an escape from the dog, which we are sad to say was *not* killed. One of the listeners to whom this circumstance was being related remarked, when the above tale had been told, "Well, I ran over a duck once and it didn't hurt the duck either—but it squshed out an egg;" to which remark a Lord Dundreary added, "Moral—never run over a cow for fear of squshing out an egg," and then our reporter left.

That Old Question.

"A paper printed down the river says the Delaware & Hudson Company used the first locomotive ever seen in this country. It was made in England in 1827. There are only sixteen other claimants for the same honor."—*Albany Morning Express.*

Yes, and that "paper printed down the river" was correct, as can be and has been abundantly proven by such men as Mr. John B. Jervis, the celebrated Engineer now residing in Rome, N. Y.; Horatio Allen, the Consulting Engineer of the Brooklyn bridge, and the gentleman who not only went to England to contract for that locomotive (and three others), but ran that *first* locomotive on its *first* trip in America; Mr. McAlpin the Engineer, who, we believe, has something to do with the Albany Water Works; Mr. Charles McEntee of New York, who took that *first* locomotive from the ship in which it was brought from England, and transported it to Rondout, from whence it was sent via Del. & Hud. Canal to Honesdale, and several other gentlemen of undoubted veracity and clear memory who were present at the first trial of the *first* locomotive in America. Mr. Thurlow Weed is another gentleman of whom the Express man may chanced to have heard, and who can give him reliable information on this subject.

A House Built in a Day.

The newspapers of Lancaster, Pa., publish an account of the building of a brick dwelling house in that city in ten and a half hours, the material having been prepared and collected on the site previous to the commencement of the building operations. The photographer spoken of below is the eldest son of Mr. J. P. Reading, the baker on Hasbrouck avenue. The house is twenty feet by thirty on the ground floor, two stories in height, and contains eight rooms. There were in all upward of one hundred workmen employed. The cellar foundations was already laid, and at precisely six o'clock Friday morning the men went to work. The Examiner thus describes the labor:

Mr. J. T. Reading, photographer, was present with his apparatus, and took views every fifteen minutes of the building and the workmen while in motion, which, of course, produced some ridiculous pictures—men, white and colored, in almost every position are to be seen represented. At 8 o'clock A. M. the structure was advanced to the height of one story, with two floors—ground and second—laid, partitions in, and lathed and plastered, doors hung, stairway up, and a view taken with the Doctor in the midst of his workmen. The scene is a busy and comic one—the brick layers erecting scaffolding for the second story. 10 o'clock, A. M., view taken of western front on Prince street; second story brickwork two-thirds up, with carpenters ready to lay floor, and plasterers commence lathing; western front painted and brick pencilled of first story, and masons run short of brick, and then some delay in consequence, but it was remedied in a short while.

Eleven o'clock A. M., the bricklayers are up to square of ceiling for third floor, with corners raised to height required to receive the rafters for roofing. Tinners are waiting.—The process of whitecoating is now about completed in the first story. At 11:18 A. M., first rafter for the roof laid. At 12:11 the last brick was placed upon the chimneys, and the bricklayers are done. Roof sheathed, and tinners begin to lay roofing. At 12:50, scaffolding all removed from building. At 2:30 P. M., sash in windows of the first story and painters finished up; washboards down and rubbish cleaned away. At this writing the tinners are leaving the building; roofing and spouting completed. Plasterers still at work in the second story. The building has been insured, and in the course of a few hours will be in ready for a tenant.

Tows.

The following were yesterday's tows:

Steamer G. A. Hoyt—Ice barges Brooklyn, Hudson, R. Parker, boats E. A. Gilbert, C. Roak, Chas. Sillman, New Era, Belle Daniel, schooner Jennie C. Russ for New York.

Steamer Oswego—Schooner Niantic from Poughkeepsie, boats Restless, E. W. Cory, 15 Coal Boats for New York.

Propeller Farrington—Boats Graham, W. H. Pragnell, 6 Del. & Hud. Boats, 8 Penn. Boats for Newburgh.

Steamer Herald—Barges J. F. Betz, Dillgent, Dr. Vose, G. F. Patten, schooner Lizzie Florence, boats W. B. King, P. J. Gibbs, Mary C. Seaman, Jas. Norton, 4 D. & H. Boats, 2 Penn. Boats for Albany.

Propeller Columbia—Four D. & H. C. Boats, 4 Penn. C. Boats, for Hudson.

Up tows from New York:

Boats B. McWilliams, Young James to Poughkeepsie, Ocean Queen and Ella Saylor to Hudson, ice barges Sturgeon and P. Dater, D. & H. C. Co.'s Boats, Cora from 161st street, New York, L. W. Hall from Roay Hook, Haskins, barge Mary Emma from Peck's Dock.

A Runaway Wife Sues Her Husband for Her Property. Her Paramour's Wife Takes a Hand In.

A somewhat novel case came up for trial before 'Squire O'Connor at Eddyville, on Wednesday, in which a wife brings an action of trover or conversion against her husband. The plaintiff in the case is Blandina Ripple, and the defendant is William Henry C. Ripple, her husband. Blandina, as has been stated in the columns of this paper, eloped with another man, and now brings an action against her husband for retaining the household furniture. The case of a woman sueing her husband in a civil action is a novel one in our courts, and we know of no precedent that will sustain such a proceeding. Had the action been tried Wednesday, perhaps the question would have been forever settled; but the plaintiff didn't care to test the point just then, and demanded an adjournment, which was given to the 18th of September.

While the preliminaries of this adjournment were being settled between the attorneys, the wife of the chap who had taken to his bosom the frail and fragile Blandina, appeared on the scene, and opened the vials of her wrath on her husband. The husband replied fiercely, and for a time obscene epithets, coarse phrases, and big oaths were hurled across that court room in a way that would have made the devil dance a hornpipe with unusual glee. Each rattled off a condensed history of the other's past life, winding up each sentence with a howl of blasphemy that made the bystanders' hair raise on end. At last the woman being no longer able to control her feelings, picked up the 'Squire's book of law on civil and criminal justice, and made ready to launch it at the cranium of her husband. In another moment, no doubt, she would have impressed more law on the head of the stronger vesse', than would have been considered highly beneficial to his health, had not the justice, becoming alarmed for the safety of his property, grasped her arm and averted the blow. The woman dropped the book, but caught instead an inkstand well filled with the dark fluid, which she raised high in air to fling at her antagonist. Until this moment the lawyers and bystanders had remained seated in silent contemplation of the scene, but no sooner did they comprehend the peculiar use about to be made of the dark liquid, than they incontinently fled from the room. It is needless to say the court adjourned without hesitation.

"Heaven has no rage like love to hatred turn'd,
Nor hell a fury like a woman scorn'd."

A Baker's Law Suit.

For several days past the promenaders on John street have been astonished to hear strange and unearthly sounds proceed from an old stone house on the northerly side of the street, and for a time supposed a first-class menagerie had been housed by some energetic showman, to be seen at the low price of ten cents per head. These noises, however, did not proceed from the mouths of wild animals, but instead were produced by learned men who were in a most learned manner expounding the law to 'Squire Schepmoes in regard to the case of Charles Stewart *versus* George M. Van Schaick. Mr. Stewart is by profession a baker, and an adept in the art. He can bake a loaf of bread that will cost but two pence, and reasonably sell for twelve. He can puff a roll containing but a thimbleful of flour so it will be as large as a half bushel measure. Then he can make bread that would make the mouth of a king water. Now Van Schaick, a well-known gentleman of Ellenville, having heard of the exploits of Stewart as a baker, determined to set up a baking establishment and hire this professional kneader of dough to run it. Stewart came with his wife in 1869, and seemed to be much thought of by Van Schaick until a few months back, and then the eccentric George came to the conclusion he would retire from the baking business. He did so and gave Stewart notice that he might take on his back his household gods, scrape the dough of that establishment from the soles of his shoes and depart, he wasn't particular where. Stewart duly came to this city and there breathing the air that arises from the law libraries of some thirty-two lawyers, became infected with a desire that his name should appear in the annals of jurisprudence. He therefore brought suit against his former employer, claiming that Van Schaick had hired him for a year, agreeing to pay him twelve dollars per week and board himself and wife beside. Under this contract he worked until some time in June, when he was discharged. Under this contract he claimed he should be pa'd up to the time of the commencement of the suit, amounting in all to $72.

On Tuesday Van Schaick came down with a vast array of witnesses. A jury was called and the trial commenced about ten o'clock. It continued all day Tuesday, until Wednesday afternoon. On his defence Van Schaick claimed he had discharged the plaintiff because he was incompetent for the business; he got out his bread, etc., so late in the morning it could not be sold, so he lost hundreds of dollars. The defendant also claimed the plaintiff was in debt to him for board that had been provided by defendant for plaintiff and wife for a number of years; that such board bill amounted to the sum of $400. The case was given to the jury about three o'clock in the afternoon and after being out two hours they returned a verdict of $65 for plaintiff. The attorneys in the case were T. B. Westbrook, T. R. Westbrook and S. D. Soule for plaintiff, while D. W. Sparling and John Lyon appeared for defendant.

"The Song of the Shirt."

Not the song exactly, but we wanted a good "head"—the shirt was well provided with the opposite part. Not long since a certain young man "fair to see," came from Jersey City to upper Kingston on a pleasure trip, and while having a good time with some young lady friends he conceived the idea of going to West Hurley, and taking the damsels along to visit some relatives who resided in that village.—They went, and while there the young man ran short of clean linen, so he purchased some of that very necessary portion of a gentleman's wardrobe, but concluded, as he and the ladies were to return to Kingston on the day the new garment was purchased, he'd wait to don it until he arrived in the city. He had pasteboard put in the bosom, and had it carefully folded and wrapped up so as not to rumple it. Now the damsels, knowing the nature of the purchase and of the exceeding great care the gay Lothario had taken to preserve its freshness, concluded to have a little fun with it and him. Casting about for timber from which to manufacture the fun, they came across an ancient garment that had evidently been used for a lengthy period to cover some person who performed about a cow stable, and said garment was not clean, nor yet was it savory; but it was carefully placed, with pasteboard in its tattered bosom, in the self-same wrapper in which the new garment had been after that one had been removed.

The hour arrived for the party to take cars for Kingston, when the ladies in turn volunteered to carry the package for the young man, for fear in his awkwardness he'd "muss the bosom," &c. All their kind offers were declined, however, and on the trip to Kingston those girls "almost died a laughing" to see the tender manner in which that chap nursed that old shirt—"why, had it been a glass baby he couldn't have taken more care of it!" Arriving at the house at which he was sojourning in Kingston the young man hied to his room to indulge in the luxury of a clean shirt; carefully removing the wrapping from what he supposed was the object of his desire, imagine his look of astonishment upon beholding the tattered, torn, and not at all fragrant garment he had so carefully transported all the way from West Hurley! He sat down to endeavor to solve the riddle when his room door was opened by invisible hands and the fresh, crisp shirt he had purchased was thrust in and the door closed. "Ah!" exclaimed he, "a trick of those girls!" He donned his clean garment and to prevent all future connection with the old one, he packed, locked and carried his traveling bag to the hall below, where it remained until he bade the young ladies—and let us hope kissed them all around—"good bye," and went his way to Jersey City. Wanting his slippers soon after his arrival home he fished them from his traveling bag, and from one of his slippers he fished that old shirt,—and then we'll bet he said "a cuss word."

Change of Time.

On and after Monday, 11th inst. the horse car that formerly left the terminus of the road in upper Kingston at 7 A. M. will leave at 6.40 in order to connect with the 7.15 ferry boat for the down express train over the H. R. Railroad, due at Rhinecliff at 7.39 A. M.

Arrivals at the Overlook.

AUGUST 7th, 1874.

HAMILTON, N. Y.—Rev. John James Lewis.
KINGSTON—Rev. Z. Grenell, Miss McCauley.
BROOKLYN—A. P. Ostrum and daughter, Miss Cooke.
JERSEY CITY—Henry McTaghe.
NEW YORK—Dr. S. M. Judson and wife, Mrs. Summers, V. W. Baldwin and wife, T. Spangenberg, A. D. Shlisenger and lady, Dr. Laming and wife, Master Edward Laming, Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Miss S. Schenck, Harry P. Rogers, N. P. Rogers, Jr., J. B. Rogers, C. Coles, E. Littlefield, Mrs. Littlefield, Miss Littlefield, Fred. N. Dodge and wife, Henry Sanford and wife, Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. Hodgman, Miss Cecil.
POUGHKEEPSIE—John McLean, Miss Emma Potter, Miss Mary A. McLean.

COUNTY.

—Ellenville offers $3,000 in premiums at the coming fair of the driving park.

—The fall term of the New Paltz Academy will commence early in September.

—Lefevre, of the Independent, denies the truth of some of the stories lately afloat about the county poor-house.

—The New Paltz Times editor reports that he has been interviewing "Jack" Curtis of Kingston.

—A grand masquerade and full dress ball will be given at the Overlook on the night of Friday, August 15th.

—Ulster county has so many candidates for Sheriff that it would require a supplement to The Freeman to print all their names.—*Honesdale Herald.*

—Lands in this county, adjacent to the supposed terminus of the projected Poughkeepsie bridge, are said by the Eagle to be already advancing in price. Farther particulars from that quarter of our county can well be awaited.

—Mr. D. R. Hasbrouck has the best field of oats in the town of Lloyd—eight acres. The straw is four and a half to five feet in length. We have a sample in our office, twenty stalks from one grain.—*New Paltz Times.*

—On Thursday afternoon, August 28th, at 4 o'clock, a Democratic meeting will be held at Wm. Steen's hotel, New Paltz. Hon. David M. DeWitt, Messrs. A. B. Parker and J. M. Van Wagonen are expected to address the meeting. Its professed object is to open the campaign against local corruption. Other meetings of a similar nature throughout the county are expected to follow.

KINGSTON, August 9th, 1873.

To the President, Directors and Stockholders of the Kingston & Rondout Horse Railroad:

GENTLEMEN—I wish to state publicly to you through the columns of The Daily Freeman that I will give you 7 per cent. on the cost of the road you are now running for the use of it for a term of ten years, and will give you *good* and sufficient security for the payment of the money, together with the rolling stock, horses, &c. Each party to inventory the stock, &c., with two good reliable men, and also a written contract that I shall be bound to return cars, horses, &c., in as good order as when I got them. I shall leave this open for acceptance for the term of thirty days. *I mean business.* Address

BUSINESS,
P. O. Box 521, Kingston, N. Y.

Kingston Business Men

Desiring space in the New York, Kingston & Syracuse R. R. Pocket Time Table, can get terms by applying to JOHN E. KRAFT, John street. A. HASBROUCK, Publisher.

An Act of Cruelty.

Chapped hands and faces are the most serious annoyances that farmers, and people who labor much out of doors, experience from exposure. Exposed persons, especially children, repeatedly suffer intensely from cracks upon the hands, that often bleed. It is cruel to allow one's self or others to suffer in this way, when the means of positive prevention are so easy to be had, and so cheaply, as to pay ten cents for a cake of Hand Sapolio. Hand Sapolio is not only better than the costliest soap for removing dirt, but it prevents chapping, and renders the skin soft and pliable. Sold everywhere.

Horse Cars---Early Car.

On and after Monday, August 13th, a horse car will leave Kingston at 6:40 A. M., to connect with the 7:15 A. M. ferry-boat, in time for the 7:39 down express train on the Hudson River Railroad.

At the Opera House.

Commencing Monday evening and continuing during the week will appear at the Opera House the California sensation, James Wallace, the great original and only one legged song and dance man in the world.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

James Wallace, a veteran of our late war, who lost his leg in the last great decisive struggle between the North and South at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6th, 1864, while fighting side by side with his father who was killed. Regardless of all danger he carried the body of his father to the rear, there leaving it and returning to the front, where, amidst the fierce rain of shot and shell, after raising the flag of his country, which had been shot down three times, he fell wounded and bleeding. He was then taken to the rear, where it was found necessary to amputate his leg. After his recovery he was honorably discharged from the army and pensioned by the government. Finding his pension insufficient to support his mother and sisters, and being desirous of going upon the stage, at the inducement of several managers he did so, and to the astonishment of all, made one of the most decided hits on record, the press and public pronouncing him the greatest curiosity in the world. Don't fail to see him and a host of other new stars.

Cure for Piles.

Vincent's Magic pile remedy is the most perfect cure for Purites or itching Piles ever offered to the public. It is *warranted* to give relief to the worst cases in forty-eight hours after the commencement of its use, if the directions for using are complied with. Price 50 cents per box. G. E. Vincent, Proprietor, Catskill, N. Y. At Wholesale and Retail by Van Deusen Brothers.

The large family size bottles of Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil are cheapest for you to purchase for family use, to cure headache, toothache, ague in the face, lameness, neuralgia, sprains, cramp, sciatica, bruises, burns. Keep it in the house for use. Sold by R. Deyo and all druggists in Rondout and Kingston.

Hecker's Farina

Is a delicious article of food and a beautiful ornament for the table.

Lost.

On Thursday, August 7th, 1873, a pair of gold spectacles in a leather case marked E. Kearney, Wilbur. The finder will be liberally rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner by leaving or sending them to the office of D. E. Donovan, Wilbur.

E. KEARNEY.

Pianos.

I am prepared to furnish Pianos and Organs of any manufacturer at a reduced price; also second-hand Pianos for sale or rent.

E. WINTER, Book and Music Store,
Music Hall, Kingston.

Kingston Coal Depot.

D. C. Overbaugh is still selling Lackawanna Coal at the following prices; all screened and *honest* weight given:

Store coal at yard	$6.50	Delivered	$7.00.
Chesnut, "	6.00	"	6.50.
Egg, "	6.50	"	7.00.
Grate, "	6.00	"	6.50.

Yard central part of the City, on Union Avenue.

D. C. Overbaugh has established a branch coal office in North Front Street, near Wall, at the office of the A. M. U. Express Co.—Mr. Rawson is his agent. All orders left with him will be promptly filled.

D. C. OVERBAUGH.

Important

To churches holding Pic-nics or Festivals. Arrangements can be made with O. Hermance, Music Hall, for ice cream, candies, &c., more satisfactory than at any other place in the state. Call at O. Hermance's before you make arrangements elsewhere, which may save you some dollars Satisfaction *guaranteed.*

100,000,000

Men, women and children wanted every day and every hour in the day to get their meals, which are served in fine style and at reasonable prices at

O. HERMANCE'S,
Music Hall.

If You are Thirsty

Go to Masten's drug store and try a glass of pure sparkling soda water with cream syrup. The celebrated Geyser Spring water of Saratoga on draught at Masten's.

Soda, Kissingen and Vichy Water on Draught.

Just received at KNAPP'S Drug Store, next door to the Postoffice, Garden street, Rondout.

TO LET.—A Furnished House, two Stories and Basement, in a pleasant situation on Green street.
Inquire of C. S. CLAY, Wall Street.

WANTED.—A German boy about sixteen years of age, to learn the barber's trade and tend bar at odd intervals. Enquire at FREILEWEH'S Hotel, Kingston.

FOR SALE.—A two story, finely shaded frame House and Barn, with lot fifty feet front and one hundred feet deep. On the premises are a large number of fruit trees and berry bushes of almost every kind. There is also a finely filtered cistern on the place. Premises situated on Hurley Avenue. Terms reasonable. Apply on premises of MRS. R. RIVERS, Kingston, N. Y.

SCHOOL OPENING.—Mr. Starr's School (Fair street) re-opens on MONDAY, Sept. 1st. A prompt attendance of his pupils is requested. Residence in Green, at the head of Main street, upper Kingston.

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING A CITY HALL.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until AUGUST 27th next, for furnishing all the materials and necessary work required for the erection of a City Hall in the city of Kingston, N. Y. Plans and specifications for same may be seen between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. of each intervening day, at the office of Clark Chatfield, City Surveyor. The right is hereby reserved to reject any or all bids. Proposals to be addressed to A. H. Vandling, Kingston City, N. Y.

A. H. VANDLING,
W. H. FREDENBURGH,
P. A. CANFIELD,
ALEX. W. SHUFELDT,
JACOB PLOUGH,
} Committee.

City of Kingston, August 6, 1873.

ULSTER COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE, July 22, 1873.—Notice is hereby given, that I will attend at this office on Saturday, August 16th, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of drawing a panel of Petit Jurors to attend and serve at a County Court and Court of Sessions, to be held at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, in and for the County of Ulster, commencing on the 2nd Monday (the 8th) of September, 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. C. W. DEYO, Clerk.

FOR SALE.—Lot 40x225 feet, containing two buildings, the smaller one suitable for an office or small store. A number of Shade and Fruit Trees. For information apply on the premises or address to Wilbur, N. Y. Lot is situated opposite Wilbur Toll Gate.
MRS. MARGARET SUTTON.

AUCTION SALE POSTPONED.—The Auction Sale of Real Estate is postponed until SATURDAY, August 9th, at 2 P. M.
ALBERT BURHANS.

FOR SALE.—A PILE DRIVER in good order, will sell cheap. Also, Chains, Canvas, and all kinds of utensils for Farmers' and Blacksmith's use, at a very reasonable price. The highest CASH PRICE paid for Iron, Rope and metal of all kinds. L. BACHARACH,
Garden and Ferry street.

CITY ASSESSORS' NOTICE OF Completion of Assessment Roll. Notice is hereby given that the Assessors of the City of Kingston have completed their Assessment Roll for the present year, and that a copy thereof has been left with the City Clerk, at his office on John street, in said city, where the same may be seen and examined by any person interested until TUESDAY, AUGUST 19th, 1873, and that on that day the Assessors will meet at Firemen's Hall, from 9 o'clock A. M., until 4 P. M., to review the Assessment upon the application of any persons conceiving themselves aggrieved. All persons interested are requested to take notice that Steamboats, Sloops, Barges and other river crafts, are taxed as personal property.
July 31st, 1873.

DANIEL JOHNSTON,
DANIEL B. STOW,
SIMON S. WESTBROOK,
} City Assessors.

DRUG STORE FIXTURES.—Splendid opportunity for any person desiring to purchase a complete assortment of FIXTURES, SHELVING, COUNTERS, SHOW CASES, DRAWERS, SCALES, WEIGHTS, MEDICINE JARS of all kinds and sizes. Everything in complete order for the furnishing of a Drug Store. Terms easy. Apply to A. J. MELLON, Rondout, N. Y.

RAILROAD TIES WANTED.—From 1,000 to 1,800 Chestnut or White Oak Ties, 4x4 inches x 8 feet long. To be delivered at Flatbush, town of Kingston, at farm of Levi Myer Davis, between 1st and 10th August.
Apply to JAMES R. SAYRE, Jr., & CO.,
Newark, New Jersey.

BRANCH OFFICE RONDOUT DAILY FREEMAN, John Street, upper Kingston. All orders for Job Printing will receive prompt attention.

PICNIC!!

There will be a

GRAND PICNIC

HELD IN

JAMES' GROVE, ROSENDALE,

NEAR THE HIGH BRIDGE AND DEPOT.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 15th, 1873.

Good Music Will Be Provided.

REFRESHMENTS IN ABUNDANCE.

Proceeds to be applied towards the debt on St. Peter's Church property.

Admission Free.

The Best Paper! Try It!

The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 70 to 75 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & Co., 37 Park Row, N. Y., Branch Office, cor. F and 7th Sts., Washington, D. C. Augsw4

FOR SALE or EXCHANGE for City property—A Farm containing about 80 acres, situated at Port Jackson, Ulster County, 16 miles from Kingston, on the Delaware & Hudson Canal. There is a large FRONTAGE ON THE CANAL, with ample DOCK ROOM, &c.; also large quantities of Lime and Cement, and a Lime-Kiln upon the premises; the Kiln is in profitable operation; also good and suitable tenements for five families, besides that occupied by the farmer; also a Blacksmith Shop, and a Wagon Maker's Shop on the property, all of which is rented, affording a comfortable income, which can be considered a valuable auxiliary to any farm, and as Cement is being sought for everywhere, this location must soon become an important point for that purpose.
Terms, &c., easy.
MASTEN & HAYES,
Kingston, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT—ULSTER COUNTY. The President, Managers and Company of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, *against* Bridget O'Reilly and Thomas Leonard, Catharine Leonard, Annie Leonard, Owen Leonard, Fannie Leonard and Mary Leonard, infants, by C. H. N. Champlin, their guardian *ad litem*.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action on the 4th day of August, instant, the subscriber, a referee for that purpose in and by said judgment appointed, will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Kingston, on the 29th day of August, instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described lot of land and premises, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situate, lying and being in the City of Kingston aforesaid, distinguished as lot number three hundred and thirty-one (331), on the property of the President, Managers and Company of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, as described and designated in their survey of the same, accompanied by a map thereof, being in front on Abeel street or Eddyville road eighty (80) feet, and in rear about seventy-six (76) feet, and averaging (100) feet deep, and being bounded as follows: In front on Abeel street or Eddyville road, in rear on property of said Company, on the East side by lot No. 330, and on the west side by property of the said Company.
Dated August 7th, 1873.

J. DUBOIS, JR., Referee.

E. S. WOOD, Pl'ff's Att'y.

MUSIC HALL, KINGSTON,

Wednesday, August 13th.

WASHINGTON HALL, RONDOUT,

Thursday. August 14th.

SECOND ANNUAL TOUR

HARRY ROBINSON'S MINSTRELS

The Man With the Silver Horns!!!

Charley Reynolds, the favorite Comedian, and Twenty other Star Performers.

SOLID SILVER BAND, WITH GORGEOUS GRENADIER UNIFORMS.

E. M. GOTTHOLD, Gen'l Ag't.
WM. WEBSTER, Adv. Ag't.

EXCELSIOR!!

Grand Firemen's Festival.

LACKAWANNA

Steam Fire Engine Co.

WILL HOLD A

Target Excursion

—AT—

JACOB'S VALLEY PARK,

(Near Schwalbach's Brewery.)

—ON—

Monday, August 11, 1873.

The friends of the Company in the city and vicinity, and the Firemen generally are invited to attend.

Goeller's Brass & String Band

Will furnish the music. Dancing and refreshments in abundance. All are invited to attend.

CAPT. WILLETT L. HASBROUCK,
FOREMAN L. B. STRONG,
LIEUT. JOHN SCHNITZLER,
" JOHN J. O'REILLY,
" WALTER PARDEE,
SERGT. FRED MENGER,
" WENZEL RADLE,
GEORGE MESSENGER,
JOHN ENGLERT,
Committee.

C. C. MAYER, Secretary.

AUCTION SALE OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON

Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

The whole of my property situated at Wiltwyck, City of Kingston,

ADJOINING THE NEW CITY HALL.

The property consists of a handsome

Brick Residence,

WITH FRENCH ROOF,

And with all the appurtenances necessary for family comfort, together with all modern improvements. Also my

Large Workshop

AND MACHINERY,

With lot upon which the said shop is located, also

A VACANT LOT ADJOINING.

TERMS given on day of sale on the premises.
ALBERT BURHANS.

July 17th, 1873.

FRANK M. NESTELL,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

Fair Street, Opposite Music Hall, Kingston.

WROUGHT IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS, GAS AND KEROSENE CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c. CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Old Fixtures Bronzed and Re-Gilt at the Shortest Notice.

Down Town Office, at A. Dodge's Hardware Store, Garden St.

Where all orders left will receive prompt attention. Having had fifteen years' experience in gas fitting in this place all work entrusted to me will be done in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

TO BOARD SEEKERS.

Mrs. Esther Livingston,

Having leased the fine residence and grounds of

MR. E. W. BUDINGTON,

In the suburbs of Upper Kingston,

Is now prepared to receive boarders for the Summer or permanently. The house is handsomely furnished and is in the midst of extensive grounds which command a most magnificent view of the Catskills and the valley of the Kingston. The upper part of city of Kingston is within ten minuter walk of the house. There are handsome drives in all directions, and a driving park within half a mile of the place. No pains will be spared to make this a pleasant home to sojourners. There is a fine stable capable of accommodating six horses on the place Terms reasonable. For particulars apply on the premises, or by mail to

MRS. ESTHER LIVINGSTON,
Kingston, Ulster Co., N. Y.
New York reference Mr. LEE, 72 Pine St.

A NEW LOT OF

GERMAN ACCORDEONS,

Just Received. The best out.
A. RICE.

HIRAM ROOSA'S

Insurance, Real Estate, and Loan Agency,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

The reputation and standing which this Agency has secured during the term it has transacted business, together with the LARGE and UNDOUBTED SECURITY it offers for all its obligations, will, it is hoped, secure for it a share of the public patronage. This Agency represents the following Old and Popular companies:

Queen Insurance Co. of London.
Assets $12,000,000.

Imperial Insurance Company of London.
ASSETS $10,000,000.

Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.
ASSETS $3,000,000.

Mercantile Marine Insurance Company of New York.
ASSETS $1,500,000.

Home Fire Insurance Company of Columbus

Love and Suicide.

An affecting story of love and suicide has just been chronicled in New York. Some time ago a young girl came to this country with her father from Germany. Her mother died when she was but eight years old, and was left alone in the world. Her father had been a well-to-do ship owner, but had lost his property, and the family was so poor that she had to go out to service. Three years ago she married Charles A. Moncks, who is a brushmaker, and lived with him very happily until recently, when her husband discovered that she was on terms of intimacy with his nephew, John Moncks. The husband did not attempt to interfere until a short time since, when he learned that his wife had drawn all the money he had deposited in a savings bank and run away to Boston with his nephew. He made inquiries and learned that the couple were living in Boston, and that they had no visible means of support. When their money was gone they returned to New York. The belief that they could not hide themselves from the injure dhusband dispirited them, and to this source of anxiety was added the fact that their means were reduced. They were without employment, and nearly every article of jewelry either possessed had been pawned. Finally Mrs. Moncks gave John all the money she had and told him to buy pistols, so that when her husband came they could die together. The husband came, as they had anticipated, and the infatuated lovers seized the pistols and prepared to shoot themselves when he appeared before them. The husband begged them to desist from their rash purpose when he saw them, but Mrs. Moncks replied, "No, we will die together; we've spent everything and pawned our jewelry." Moncks sprang to seize her pistol, and in the struggle it was discharged, the ball passing through her left breast. Her partner in guilt heard the report, and, believing Mrs. Moncks had shot herself, placed his pistol over his heart and fired the fatal shot.

STATE OF NEW YORK.—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, Albany, July 29, 1873.—To the Sheriff of the County of Ulster, SIR:—Notice is hereby given that, at the General Election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit: A Secretary of State, in the place of G. Hilton Scribner; a Comptroller, in the place of Nelson K. Hopkins; a Treasurer, in the place of Thomas Raines; an Attorney-General, in the place of Francis C. Barlow; a State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of William B. Taylor; a Canal Commissioner, in the place of John D. Fay; an Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Solomon Schen; all whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also, a Justice of the Supreme Court for the Third Judicial District in the place of Peter S. Danforth, whose term of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also, a Senator for the Fourteenth Senate District, comprising the counties of Greene and Ulster.

COUNTY OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED.

Three Members of Assembly; a Sheriff, in the place of John W. Kerr; a County Clerk, in the place of Charles W. Deyo; a Superintendent of the Poor, in the place of Benjamin J. Winne; two Justices of Sessions, in the place of John D. Merrihew and Philip Schryver; two Coroners, in the place of Charles Stephan and John Van Nostrand; all whose terms will expire on the last day of December next.

JOHN W. KERR,
Sheriff of Ulster County.

HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm

A FEW APPLICATIONS MAKE A

Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is Purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the Flushed Appearance caused by Heat, Fatigue, and Excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with

YOUTHFUL BLOOM AND BEAUTY

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in Park Place, New York.

ALASKA OIL

FOR THE HAIR

This delightful, absolutely pure, pellucid Oil is an entirely new discovery; never becomes rancid or sticky; preserves and beautifies the hair to the latest period of life. Sold wholesale and retail at Batchelor's Wig, Toupe, & Ornamental Hair Factory, 16 Bond street, New York City. Ask your Druggist for it. July22w12

$412.80 IN FOUR WEEKS CANVASSING was one agent's profits on Bryant's Library of Poetry and Song; $70 in One Week on The New Housekeeper's Manual, by Miss Beecher and Mrs. Stowe. Any active man or woman can have an agency. J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago and San Francisco. July22w4

WANTED.—Wholesale purchasing Agents for the "BARTRAM" SEWING MACHINE, made at Danbury, Conn. The latest and best, the stillest, fastest and easiest Lock Stitch, self-setting, straight-needle machine in the market. Better terms than any company. Address BARTRAM & FANTON M'f'g Co., JOHN A. DOLGE, Gen'l Agt., Danbury, Conn. Augsw4

35th Thousand in Press, Sale Increasing. 2000 more LIVE AGENTS wanted for our Livingstone 28 years in Africa. Over 600 pages, only $2.50. Look out for inferior works. Send for circular and Proof of the Greatest Success of the season. Report just in, 184 subs. in six days. HUBBARD BROS., Pub's, 723 Sansom St., Phila., Pa. July 22w4

DRUNKARDS & OPIUM

EATERS. C. C. BEERS, M. D., 343 4th av., N. Y., has a permanent and painless remedy. Ten years' successful experience. Cure guaranteed. Send stamp for evidence. J22w4

WANTED.—All men wishing to make money to send for a pamphlet containing instructions, &c., which everybody should know. J. C. TILTON, Pittsburg, Pa. Augsw4

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN

BLOOD PURIFIER

JURUBEBA

Is the most powerful cleanser, strengthener and remover of Glandular Obstructions known to *Materia Medica*.

It is specially adapted to constitutions "worn down" and debilitated by the warm weather of Spring and Summer, when the blood is not in active circulation, consequently gathering impurities from sluggishness and imperfect action of the secretive organs, and is manifested by Tumors, Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Scrofula, &c., &c.

When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowsiness and inertia take the place of energy and vigor, the system needs a *Tonic* to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.

In the heat of Summer, frequently the *Liver* and *Spleen* do not properly perform their functions; the Uterine and Urinary Organs are inactive, producing weakness of the stomach and intestines and a predisposition to bilious derangement.

DR. WELLS'

EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

Is prepared directly from the SOUTH AMERICAN PLANT, and is peculiarly suited to all these difficulties; it will cleanse the VITIATED BLOOD, strengthen the LIFE-GIVING POWERS, and REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS from IMPAIRED AND ENFEEBLED Organs.

It should be freely taken, as Jurubeba is pronounced by medical writers the most efficient PURIFIER, TONIC and DEOBSTRUENT known in the whole range of medicinal plants.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt-st., New York, Sole Agent for the United States. Sold by Druggists. Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular. Augw4

Diseases of the Kidneys.

Painful affections of the bladder and urinary organs, gravelly deposits, irritation of the neck of the bladder, with difficulty of holding the urine, in stricture, seminal weakness, and in all conditions accompanied by debility,

JULIEN'S HYDRASTIN COMPOUND

will be found a most efficacious remedy. Send for circulars to B. KEITH & CO., 41 Liberty St., N. Y. Sold by Druggists, $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5. Augw4

A WORK OF INTENSE INTEREST AND INTRINSIC VALUE

OCEAN'S STORY,

By the gifted son of the famous "Peter Parley."—The result of great historical research: "An Authentic History of Navigation and its Manifold Discoveries since the Flood. Abounds with Startling Incidents, Fearful Disasters, Lawless Piracies, Bloody Battles, and Glorious Achievements; also describes Diving, Telegraphing, Ocean Fisheries, &c. Over 200 Spirited Cuts. Subject New. Price Low. Agents Wanted. HUBBARD BROS., Pub's, 723 Sansom St., Phila., Pa. July 22w4

"Camphorine" cures every pain, &c. Try it. Sold by all druggists. J22w4 REUBEN HOYT, Proprietor, New York.

R. GLEDHILL,

Importer of French and German

PAPER HANGINGS,

Wholesale and Retail,

Fresco and Plain Painting.

Workmen Sent to all Parts of the Country.

894 BROADWAY,

OPP. LORD & TAYLOR'S. NEW YORK. w4

AGENTS WANTED to introduce 27 New Novelties—Books, Ekgrevings, &c. No company pays larger commissions. Address, with stamp for price lists and catalogues, American Novelty Co., 302 Broadway, N. Y. Jul22w4

NEVER

Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation of future evil consequences.

WELL'S CARBOLIC TABLETS

are a sure cure for all diseases of the respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diphtheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all diseases of the Lungs.

In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.

Well's Carbolic Tablets are put up only in blue boxes. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's send at once to the Agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.

Don't be Deceived by Imitations. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt-st., New York, Sole agent for U. S. ASw4 Send for Circular.

THE WAYS OF WOMEN

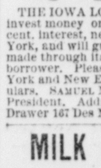
In their Physical, Moral and Intellectual Relations. By a Medical Man.

This unquestionably one of the most remarkable books issued from the American Press in many years. A most beautiful specimen of scientific and practical word-painting on themes of vital importance to every woman. A splendid chance for Agents. It makes an elegant 8vo volume of 400 pages, on tinted pages, superbly bound. Price $3. Sent by mail on receipt of price. For territory and agents' terms apply to the Publishers, John P. Jewett & Co., 5 Dey St., N. Y. July22w4

10 PER CENT. NET.

THE IOWA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY will invest money on first-class Real Estate at 10 per cent. interest, net, payable semi-annually in New York, and will guarantee the collection of all loans made through its agency. All charges paid by the borrower. Please write, before investing, for New York and New England references, and full particulars. SAMUEL MERRILL, late Governor of Iowa, President. Address, JAMES B. HEARTWELL, Sec'y, Drawer 167 Des Moines, Iowa. ASw4

MILK OF MAGNESIA.



The great discovery of the age. It will immediately and certainly relieve Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Headaches caused by sourness or acidity of the stomach or bowels. Its action as a laxative for women and children is superior to any other preparation, requiring no persuasion to induce them to take it, and if desired it may be mixed in the food or drink. This is the best, safest and most agreeable of the preparations of magnesia. Highly recommended by physicians. Sold by druggists. Prepared by C. H. PHILLIPS, Manuf'g Chemist, New York. DANIEL & MCCOTTER, General Agents, 58 Cedar St., N. Y. Aug5w4

GOODENOUGH HORSE SHOE.

The Cheapest & Best.

Cures and Prevents all Diseases Incident to the Horse's Foot.

JUST PUBLISHED:

"Rational Horse-Shoeing,"

with plates, illustrating how to perform operations and cure foot troubles. Sent by mail on receipt of one dollar. Send stamp for circular to Goodenough Horse-Shoe Co., 41 Dey St., N. Y. July22w12

Has been before the American public OVER THIRTY years. It has never yet failed to give perfect satisfaction, and has justly been styled the panacea for all external Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, &c., &c., for Man and Beast. No family should be a single day without this Liniment. The money refunded unless the Liniment is as represented. Be sure and get the genuine MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per Bottle. Notice style, size of bottle, &c.

Phine Growsirees

AND

KOLE SOLE

AS CHEAP AS ENNYBODY.

W. L. HALE, Cor. Union Ave. and Chester Street.

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CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing an amendment to article ten of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That article ten of the constitution be amended by adding at the end thereof an additional section as follows:

§ 9. No officer whose salary is fixed by the constitution shall receive any additional compensation.—Each of the other state officers named in the constitution shall, during his continuance in office, receive a compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which he shall have been elected or appointed; nor shall he receive to his use any fees or perquisites of office or other compensation.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that, in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
CHARLES E. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 22, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article six of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section eighteen of article six of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 18. The electors of the several towns shall at their annual town meeting, and in such manner as the legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be four years. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, they shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification may be established by law. Justices of the peace and judges or justices of inferior courts, not of record, and their clerks, may be removed after due notice and an opportunity to be heard by such courts as may be prescribed by law for causes to be assigned in the order of removal. All other judicial officers in cities, whose election is not otherwise provided for in this article, shall be chosen by the electors of cities or appointed in some local authorities thereof.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election for senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

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"Camphorine" cures every pain, &c. Try it. Sold by all druggists. J22w4 REUBEN HOYT, Proprietor, New York.

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Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article seven of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That sections three and six of article seven be amended as follows:

Section three to be amended by adding at the end of the section the following:

No extra compensation shall be made to any contractor; but if from any unforeseen cause, the terms of any contract shall prove to be unjust and oppressive, the canal board may, upon the application of the contractor, cancel such contract.

§ 6. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Black River canal, or the Cayuga and Seneca canal; but they shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. Hereafter the expenditure for collections, superintendence, ordinary and extraordinary repairs on the canals shall not exceed, in any one year, the average of the three preceding years. All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied in payment of the debt for which the canal revenues are pledged.

That the following be added as sections thirteen and fourteen, in place of sections thirteen and fourteen of this article, which have been transferred and inserted as sections twenty-one and twenty-two of article three.

§ 13. The sinking funds provided for the payment of interest and extinguishment of the principal of the debts of the state, shall be separately kept and safely invested, and neither of them shall be appropriated or used in any manner other than for the specific purpose for which they are provided.

§ 14. Neither the legislature, canal board, canal appraisers, nor any person or persons acting in behalf of the state, shall audit, allow or pay any claim which, as between citizens of the state, would be barred by lapse of time. The limitation of existing claims shall begin to run from the adoption of this section; but this provision shall not be construed to revive claims already barred by existing statutes, nor to repeal any statute fixing the time within which claims shall be presented or allowed, nor shall it extend to any claims duly presented within the time allowed by law and prosecuted with due diligence from the time of such presentment. But if the claimant shall be under legal disability, the claim may be presented within two years after such disability is removed.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity with section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 29, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to article seven of the constitution.

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Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity with section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 29, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article two of the constitution.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That section one and two of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years who shall have been a citizen for ten days, and an inhabitant of the state one year next preceding any election, and for the last four months a resident of the county, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to a vote of the people, provided that, in time of war, no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from any election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election districts in which they respectively reside.

§ 2. No person who shall receive, expect or offer to receive, or pay, offer or promise to pay, contribute, offer or promise to contribute to another, to be paid or used, any money or other valuable thing as a compensation for the giving or withholding a vote at an election, or who shall make any promise to influence the giving or withholding any such vote, or who shall take or receive, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager, depending upon the result of any election, shall vote at such election; and upon challenge for such cause, the person so challenged, before the officers authorized for that purpose shall receive his vote, shall swear or affirm before such officers that he has not received or offered, does not expect to receive, has not paid, offered or promised to pay, contributed, offered or promised to contribute to another, to be paid or used, any money or other valuable thing, as a compensation or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at such election, and has not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding of any such vote, nor made or become, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of such election. The legislature, at the session held after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws excluding from the right of suffrage all persons convicted of bribery or any infamous crime.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendments be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
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Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article three of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That sections one, four, five, six, seven and eight of article three of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The legislative power of the state shall be vested in a senate and assembly.

§ 4. An enumeration of the inhabitants of the state shall be made under the direction of the legislature, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and in every tenth year thereafter.

§ 5. The assembly shall consist of one hundred and twenty-eight members elected for one year. The members of assembly shall be apportioned among the several counties of the state, by the legislature, as nearly as may be, according to the number of their respective inhabitants, excluding aliens, and shall be chosen by single districts. The assembly districts shall remain as at present organized until after the enumeration of the inhabitants of the state in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-five. The legislature, at its first session after the return of every enumeration, shall apportion the members of assembly among the several counties of the state, in manner aforesaid, and the board of supervisors in such counties as may be entitled under such apportionment to more than one member, except the city and county of New York, and in said city and county the board of aldermen of said city shall assemble at such times as the legislature making such apportionment shall prescribe and divide their respective counties into assembly districts, each of which districts shall consist of convenient and contiguous territory equal to the number of members of assembly to which such counties shall be entitled, and shall cause to be filed in the offices of the secretary of state and the clerks of their respective counties a description of such districts, specifying the number of each district, and the population thereof, according to the last preceding enumeration, as near as can be ascertained, and the apportionment and districts shall remain unaltered until another enumeration shall be made as herein provided. No town shall be divided in the formation of assembly districts. Every county heretofore established and separately organized, except the county of Hamilton, shall always be entitled to one member of the assembly, and no new county shall hereafter erected unless its population shall entitle it to a member. The county of Hamilton shall elect with the county of Fulton until the population of the county of Hamilton shall, according to the ratio, be entitled to a member. But the legislature may abolish the said county of Hamilton and annex the territory thereof to some other county or counties. Nothing in this section shall prevent division at any time of counties and towns, and the erection of new towns and counties by the legislature.

§ 6. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his service an annual salary of one thousand five hundred dollars. The members of either house shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each session, on the most usual route. Senators, when the senate alone is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of ten dollars a day.

§ 7. No member of the legislature shall receive any civil appointment within this state, or the senate of the United States, from the governor, the governor and senate, or from the legislature, or from any city government, during the time for which he shall have been elected; and all such appointments, and all votes given for any such member for any such office or appointment, shall be void.

§ 8. No person shall be eligible to the legislature who at the time of his election is, or within one hundred days previous thereto has been, a member of congress, a civil or military officer under the United States, or an officer under any city government. And if any person shall, after his election as a member of the legislature, be elected to congress or appointed to any office, civil or military under the government of the United States, or under any city government, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

And that the following additional sections be added to said article three of the constitution:

§ 17. No act shall be passed which shall provide that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be made or deemed a part of said act, or which shall enact that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be applicable, except by inserting it in such act.

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways or alleys, or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changing of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or impannelling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage or allowance of public officers during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson between Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent only of the local authorities having the control of that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or, in case the consent of such property-owners cannot be obtained, the general term of the supreme court in the district in which it is proposed to be constructed may, upon application, appoint three commissioners, who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by such court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 19. The legislature shall neither audit nor allow any private claim or account against the state, but may appropriate money to pay such claims as shall have been audited and allowed according to law.

§ 20. Every law which imposes, continues or revives a tax shall distinctly state the tax and the object to which it is to be applied, and it shall not be sufficient to refer to any other law to fix such tax or object.

§ 21. On the final passage, in either house of the legislature, of any act which imposes, continues or revives a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or revives any appropriation of public or trust money or property, or releases, discharges or commutes any claim due to the state, the question shall be taken for yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered upon the journals, and three-fifths of all the members elected to either house shall in such cases be necessary to constitute a quorum therein.

§ 22. There shall be in the several counties, except in cities whose boundaries are the same as those of the county, a board of supervisors, to be composed of such members and elected in such a manner, and for such period, as is or may be provided by law. In any such cities the duties and powers of a board of supervisors shall be devolved upon the common council or board of aldermen thereof.

Section seventeen of said article is hereby made section twenty-three of the proposed amendment, and is amended so as to read as follows:

§ 17. The legislature shall, by general laws, confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the state such further powers of local legislation and administration as the legislature may from time to time deem expedient.

§ 24. The legislature shall not, nor shall the common council of any city, nor board of supervisors, grant any extra compensation to any public officer, servant, agent or contractor.

§ 25. Sections seventeen and eighteen of this article shall not apply to any bill or the amendments to any bill which shall be reported to the legislature by commissioners who have been appointed pursuant to law to revise the statutes.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that, in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 29, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article five of the constitution.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That article five of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1. The comptroller and secretary of state shall be chosen at the same general election, and for the same term as the governor. The persons holding the offices at the time when this section shall take effect shall continue to hold the same until the first day of January next succeeding the first election of comptroller and secretary of state, pursuant to the provisions hereof, and shall each receive a salary to be fixed by law for such time as they may hold such offices beyond the term for which they shall have been elected.

§ 2. The attorney-general and state engineer and surveyor shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, and hold their offices until the end of the term of the governor by whom they shall be nominated, and until their successors are appointed. No person shall be appointed state engineer and surveyor who is not a practical engineer.

§ 3. A superintendent of state prisons shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, and hold his office for five years, unless sooner removed; he shall give security in such amount, and with such sureties, as shall be required by law for the faithful discharge of his duties; he shall have the superintendence, management and control of the state prisons, subject to such laws as now exist or may hereafter be enacted; he shall appoint the agents, wardens, physicians and chaplains of the prisons. The agent and warden of each prison shall appoint all other officers of such prison, except the clerk, subject to the approval of the same by the superintendent. The comptroller shall appoint the clerks of the prisons. The superintendent shall have all the powers and perform all the duties not inconsistent herewith, which have heretofore been had and performed by the inspectors of state prisons; and from and after the time when the superintendent of state prisons shall have been appointed and qualified, the office of inspector of state prisons shall be and is hereby abolished. The governor may remove the superintendent for cause at any time, giving to him a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity to be heard in his defense.

§ 4. The treasurer shall be chosen by the senate and assembly in joint ballot, and hold his office for three years, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified. He shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, give such security as may be required by law. He may be suspended from office by the governor during the recess of the legislature, and until thirty days after the commencement of the next session of the legislature, whenever it shall appear to him that such treasurer, has, in any particular, violated his duty. The governor shall appoint a competent person to discharge the duties of the office during such suspension of the treasurer.

§ 5. The lieutenant governor, comptroller, secretary of state, attorney-general, treasurer and state engineer and surveyor shall be the commissioners of the land office. The office of the commissioner of the canal fund is abolished, and all the powers and duties heretofore had and performed by the commissioners of the canal fund shall hereafter be had or performed by the comptroller. The canal board shall consist of the lieutenant governor, secretary of state, treasurer, attorney-general, state engineer and surveyor, and superintendent of public works.

§ 6. A superintendent of public works shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, and to hold his office until the end of the term of the governor by whom he was nominated and until his successor is appointed. He shall receive for his services a compensation to be fixed by law. He shall be required by law to give security for the faithful execution of his office, before entering upon the duties thereof. He shall be charged with the execution of all laws relating to the repair and navigation of the canals; and also of those relating to the construction and improvement of the canals, except so far as the execution of the laws relating to such construction or improvement shall be confided to the state engineer and surveyor. Subject to the control of the legislature, he shall make the rules and regulations for the navigation or use of the canals. He may be suspended or removed from office by the governor, whenever in his judgment the public interest shall so require; but in case of removal of such superintendent of public works from office, the governor shall file with the secretary of state a statement of the cause of such removal, and shall report such removal and the cause thereof, to the legislature at its next session.

§ 7. The superintendent of public works shall appoint not more than three assistant superintendents, whose duties shall be prescribed by him, subject to modification by the legislature, and who shall receive for their services a compensation to be fixed by law. They shall hold their office for three years, subject to suspension or removal by the superintendent of public works, whenever in his judgment the public interest shall so require. Any vacancy in the office of any such assistant superintendent shall be filled, for the remainder of the term for which he was appointed, by the superintendent of public works; but in case of the suspension or removal of any such assistant superintendent by him he shall at once report to the governor, in writing, the cause of such removal. All other persons employed in the care and management of the canals, except collectors of tolls, and those in the department of the state engineer and surveyor, shall be appointed by the superintendent of public works, and be subject to suspension or removal by him.

§ 8. The office of canal commissioner is abolished from and after the appointment and qualification of the superintendent of public works, until which time the canal commissioners shall continue to discharge their duties as now provided by law. The superintendent of public works shall perform all the duties of the canal commissioners, and board of canal commissioners, as now declared by law, until otherwise provided by the legislature.

§ 9. The governor, by and with the consent of the senate, shall have power to fill vacancies in the offices in this article named except as herein otherwise provided; or, if the senate be not in session, he may grant commissions, which shall expire at the end of the next succeeding session of the senate.

§ 10. The attorney-general, state engineer and surveyor and treasurer, in office at the time this article shall take effect, shall hold their offices until their successors are appointed.

§ 11. The powers and duties of the respective boards, and of the several officers in this article named, shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be such as now are or hereafter may be prescribed by law.

§ 12. All offices for the weighing, gauging, measuring, culling or inspecting any merchandise, produce, manufacture or commodity whatever, are hereby abolished, and no such office shall hereafter be created by law; but nothing in this section contained shall abrogate any office created for the purpose of protecting the public health or the interest of the state in its property, revenue, tolls or purchases, or of supplying the people with correct standards of weights and measures, or shall prevent the creation of any office for such purposes hereafter.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 29, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 29, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.

By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article two of the constitution.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That sections one, two, four, eight and nine of article four of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor who shall hold his office for three years; a lieutenant-governor shall be chosen at the same time, and for the same term. The governor and lieutenant-governor elected next preceding the time when this section shall take effect, shall hold office during the term for which they were elected.

§ 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant-governor, except a citizen of the United States, of the age of not less than thirty years, and who shall have been five years, next preceding his election, a resident of this state.

§ 4. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state. He shall have power to convene the legislature (or the senate only) on extraordinary occasions. At extraordinary sessions no subject shall be acted upon, except such as the governor may recommend for consideration. He shall communicate by message to the legislature at every session the condition of the state, and recommend such matters to them as he shall judge expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of government, civil and milit ary. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislature, and shall take care that the laws are faithfully executed. He shall receive for his services an annual salary of ten thousand dollars, and there shall be provided for his use a suitable and furnished executive residence.

§ 8. The lieutenant-governor shall receive for his services an annual salary of five thousand dollars, and shall be entitled to no other or further compensation, fee or perquisite, for any duty and service he may be

Love and Suicide.

An affecting story of love and suicide has just been chronicled in New York. Some time ago a young girl came to this country with her father from Germany. Her mother died when she was but eight years old, and was left alone in the world. Her father had been a well-to-do ship owner, but had lost his property, and the family was so poor that she had to go out to service. Three years ago she married Charles A. Moncks, who is a brushmaker, and lived with him very happily until recently, when her husband discovered that she was on terms of intimacy with his nephew, John Moncks. The husband did not attempt to interfere until a short time since, when he learned that his wife had drawn all the money he had deposited in a savings bank and run away to Boston with his nephew. He made inquiries and learned that the couple were living in Boston, and that they had no visible means of support. When their money was gone they returned to New York. The belief that they could not hide themselves from the injure dhusband dispirited them, and to this source of anxiety was added the fact that their means were reduced. They were without employment, and nearly every article of jewelry either possessed had been pawned. Finally Mrs. Moncks gave John all the money she had and told him to buy pistols, so that when her husband came they could die together. The husband came, as they had anticipated, and the infatuated lovers seized the pistols and prepared to shoot themselves when he appeared before them. The husband begged them to desist from their rash purpose when he saw them, but Mrs. Moncks replied, "No, we will die together; we've spent everything and pawned our jewelry." Moncks sprang to seize her pistol, and in the struggle it was discharged, the ball passing through her left breast. Her partner in guilt heard the report, and, believing Mrs. Moncks had shot herself, placed his pistol over his heart and fired the fatal shot.

STATE OF NEW YORK.—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, Albany, July 29, 1873.—To the Sheriff of the County of Ulster, Sir:—Notice is hereby given that, at the General Election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit: A Secretary of State, in the place of G. Hilton Scribner; a Comptroller, in the place of Nelson K. Hopkins; a Treasurer, in the place of Thomas Raines; an Attorney-General, in the place of Francis C. Barlow; a State Engineer and surveyor, in the place of William B. Taylor; a Canal Commissioner, in the place of John D. Fay; an Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Solomon Schen; all whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also, a Justice of the Supreme Court for the Third Judicial District in the place of Peter S. Danforth, whose term of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also, a Senator for the Fourteenth Senate District, comprising the counties of Greene and Ulster.

COUNTY OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED.

Three Members of Assembly; a Sheriff, in the place of John W. Kerr, a County Clerk in the place of Charles W. Deyo; a Superintendent of the Poor, in the place of Benjamin J. Winne, two Justices of Sessions, in the place of John D. Merrihew and Philip Schryver; two Coroners, in the place of Charles Stephan and John Van Nostrand; all whose terms will expire on the last day of December next.

The attention of Inspectors of Election and County Canvassers is directed to Chap. 314 of Laws of 1872, a copy of which is printed herewith, entitled: "An Act to provide for submitting to the electors of this state, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, the question whether the offices of chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals, of justices of the supreme court, of the judge of the superior court of the city of New York, of the judge of the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, of the judge of the superior court of Buffalo, of the judge of the city of Brooklyn, of the county judge of the several counties of this State, shall be hereafter filled by appointment, pursuant to section seventeen, article six, of the constitution," for instructions in regard to their duties under said act.

CHAP. 314.

AN ACT to provide for submitting to the electors of this State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, the question whether the offices of chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals, of justices of the supreme court, of the judge of the superior court of the city of New York, of the judge of the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, of the judge of the superior court of Buffalo, of the judge of the city of Brooklyn, of the county judge of the several counties of this State, shall be hereafter filled by appointment, pursuant to section seventeen, article six, of the constitution.

Passed April 26, 1873; three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The question whether the offices of chief judge and associate judge of the court of appeals, the justices of the supreme court, the judges of the superior court of the city of New York, of the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, of the superior court of Buffalo, of the city court of Brooklyn, and the county judge of the several counties of this State, shall hereafter be filled by appointment, shall be submitted to the electors of this State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, as provided in section seventeen of article six of the constitution of this State, in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

§ 2. The inspectors of election in each election district in the State shall provide two boxes, in which they shall deposit the ballots of the electors upon the question whether the judges and justices of the several courts named in the first section of this act shall hereafter be filled by appointment. One of said boxes shall be labeled "appointment or election of the chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals, and of justices of the supreme court." The other one shall be labeled "appointment or election of judges of city and county courts." Each citizen entitled to vote at such election may vote two ballots, as follows: One of them shall be endorsed "appointment or election of the chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals, and of the justices of the supreme court," and shall contain on the inside, when folded, the words, 'shall the offices of chief judge and associate judge of the court of appeals and of the justices of the supreme court be hereafter filled by appointment—Yes,' or the words, "shall the offices of chief judge and associate judge of the court of appeals and of the justices of the supreme court be hereafter filled by appointment—No;" and all such ballots shall be deposited in the boxes labeled "appointment or election of chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals and justices of the supreme court." The other of said ballots shall be indorsed "appointment or election of judges of city and county courts," and on the inside, when folded, shall contain the words, "shall the offices of the judge of the superior court of the city of New York, of the judge of the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, of the judge of the superior court of Buffalo, of the judge of the city of Brooklyn, of the county judge of the several counties of this State be hereafter filled by appointment—Yes," or the words, "shall the offices of the judge of the superior court of the city of New York, of the judge of the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, of the judge of the superior court of Buffalo, of the judge of the city of Brooklyn, of the county judge of the several counties of this State be hereafter filled by appointment—No;" and all such ballots shall be deposited in the boxes labeled "appointment or election of judges of city and county courts."

§ 3. The votes so given shall be canvassed by the several boards of county canvassers at the next meeting thereof after such election, and the aggregate results in the several counties shall be canvassed and certified by the board of State canvassers. The existing laws in reference to a general election shall in all respects, so far as applicable, apply to and regulate the proceedings and duties of the said board of county and State canvassers, and of the county clerks and secretary of State. From the statements made to the board of State canvassers it shall determine whether a majority of the votes upon the questions submitted to the electors of the State, as herein provided, be in the affirmative or negative. The said board shall make a certificate of such determination and shall deliver the same to the secretary of State, who shall file the same in his office.

§ 5. If a majority of all the ballots indorsed "Appointment or election of chief judge and associate judges of the court of appeals and of justices of the supreme court" shall be in the affirmative, then the said offices shall not after said election be elective, but, as vacancies occur, they shall be filled by appointment by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, or if the senate be not in session, by the governor; but in such case he shall nominate to the senate when next convened, and such appointment by the governor alone shall expire at the end of that session; but if the majority of said ballots so endorsed be in the negative, then the said officers shall be elective, as heretofore. If a majority of the ballots indorsed "Appointment or election of judges of city and county courts" shall contain on the inside the question as hereinbefore provided, answered in the affirmative, then the said officers mentioned in the said question shall not after said election be elective, but as vacancies occur they shall be filled by appointment by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, or if the senate be not in session, by the governor; but in such case he shall nominate to the senate, when next convened, and such appointment by the governor alone shall expire at the end of that session; but if a majority of the ballots so indorsed shall be answered in the negative, then the said officers shall be elected as heretofore.

§ 6. It shall be the duty of the secretary of State to cause the said questions, together with the forms of the ballots as herein specified, to be published in two or more newspapers in each of the counties of this state, the same number of times prior to the said election as is now required by law to be published of the officers to be elected and the offices to be filled at such election; such newspapers to be designated by the Secretary of State in the manner now provided by law for designating newspapers to publish election notices; but no neglect or failure to publish or inforamality of publication shall impair the validity of such election.

§ 7. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to include in and cause to be published with the election notice for the said general election, a notice in substance and effect as follows: "Pursuant to section seventeen of article six of the constitution of this state, two questions will be submitted to the electors of this State, to be voted upon separate ballots, as follows: 1st. Shall the offices of chief judge and associate judge of the court of appeals, and of justice of the supreme court be hereafter filled by appointment. 2d. Shall the offices of the judge of the superior court of the city of New York, the court of common pleas of the city and county of New York, the judge of the superior court of Buffalo, the judge of the city court of Brooklyn, and the judge of the county courts of the several counties of this State be hereafter filled by appointment. And at such election each elector will be entitled to vote separately for or against each of said questions, and if a majority of the votes shall be in the affirmative of said questions, then the said judges and justices therein referred to, after said election as vacancies occur, will be appointed by the governor, as provided by law. No failure or omission to give notice, or any informality in the notice or the giving thereof, shall impair the validity of such notice, or the election herein provided for.

§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

Yours Respectfully,
G. HILTON SCRIBNER,
Secretary of State.

ULSTER COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
KINGSTON, August 4, 1873.

Pursuant to the above notice from the Secretary of state, Notice is hereby given that at the General Election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November next (November 4th), the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

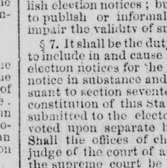
A Secretary of State, in the place of G. Hilton Scribner; a Comptroller, in the place of Nelson K. Hopkins; a Treasurer, in the place of Thomas Raines; an Attorney-General, in the place of Francis C. Barlow; a State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of William B. Taylor; a Canal Commissioner, in the place of John D. Fay; and Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Solomon Schen; all whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also a Justice of the Supreme Court for the Third Judicial District in the place of Peter S. Danforth, whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next. Also a Senator for the Fourteenth Senate District, comprising the counties of Greene and Ulster.

COUNTY OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED

Three Members of Assembly; a Sheriff, in the place of John W. Kerr; a County Clerk, in the place of Charles W. Deyo; a Superintendent of the Poor, in the place of Benjamin J. Winne; two Justices of Sessions, in the place of John D. Merrihew and Philip Schryver; two Coroners, in the place of Charles Stephan and John Van Nostrand; all whose terms will expire on the last day of December next.

JOHN W. KERR,
Sheriff of Ulster County.

HAGAN'S



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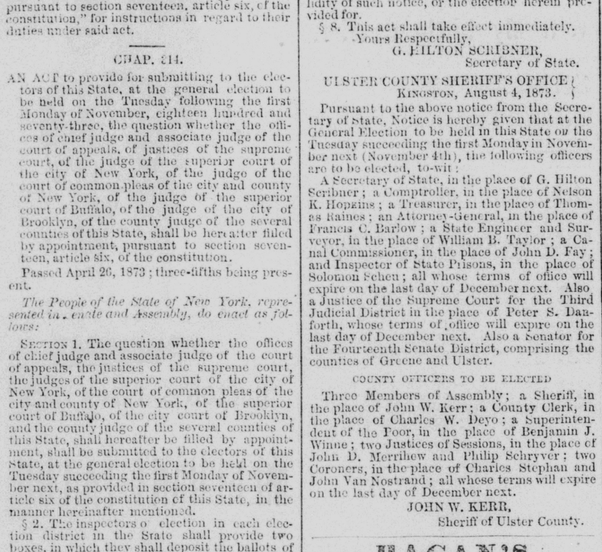

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is prepared directly from the SOUTH AMERICAN PLANT, and is peculiarly suited to all these difficulties; it will cleanse the VITIATED BLOOD, strengthen the LIFE-GIVING POWERS, and REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS from IMPAIRED AND ENFEEBLED Organs.

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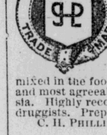

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CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing an amendment to article ten of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That article ten of the constitution be amended by adding at the end thereof an additional section as follows:

§ 9. No officer whose salary is fixed by the constitution shall receive any additional compensation.—Each of the other state officers named in the constitution shall during his continuance in office, receive a compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which he shall have been elected or appointed; nor shall he receive to his use any fees or perquisites of office or other compensation.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHARLES R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 22, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article six of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That section eighteen of article six of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 18. The electors of no several towns shall at their annual town meeting, and in such manner as the legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be four years. In case of an election occurring during the last two months of the expiration of a full term, they shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification may be regulated by law. Justices of the peace and judges or justices of inferior courts not of record, and their clerks, may be removed after due notice and an opportunity to be heard by such courts as may be prescribed by law for causes to be assigned in the order of removal. Judicial officers of courts, not of record, in the several cities of the state having a population of not less than three hundred thousand, shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, for a term of four years, and shall be subject to removal after due notice and an opportunity of being heard by such courts as may be prescribed by law for causes to be assigned in the order of removal. All other judicial officers in cities to be chosen as otherwise provided for in this article, shall be chosen by the electors of cities or appointed by some local authorities thereof.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election for senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 22, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to the constitution relative to funding the canal and general fund debts now charged on the canals.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the following amendment to the constitution be proposed for adoption to the people of the state, viz.:

ARTICLE —.

The commissioners of the canal fund shall borrow, on the credit of the state, such sums as may be necessary for paying the canal and general fund debts now charged on the canals, as the same shall fall due, by the issue and sale of bonds, or certificates of stock, having forty years to run from their date, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, for the payment of the principal whereof at maturity a sinking fund of one per cent per annum shall be established, and the tolls of the canals shall be fixed from time to time by the canal board in such a manner, as near as may be, to provide only for said sinking fund the interest on the debts so created, the expenses of collection, superintendence and keeping the canals in repair; and the contribution so created for said sinking fund shall be invested annually by the comptroller in the bonds or certificates of stock authorized by this article, or in the stocks or bonds of the state of New York or of the United States, which shall be held for the redemption and the bonds or certificates hereby authorized to be issued and sacredly applied to that purpose; all of said debt and interest shall be paid from the revenues of the canals, and no direct tax shall ever be levied or collected for canal purposes, either for current expenses or repairs, ordinary or extraordinary.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 1, 1873.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed.
By order of the senate,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 28, 1873.—The foregoing resolution was duly passed.
By order of the assembly,
JOHN O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to article twelve of the constitution.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That article twelve of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

§ 1. Members of the legislature (and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as shall bh by law exempted), shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the United States, and the constitution of the state of New York, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of —— according to the best of my ability," and all such officers who shall have been chosen at any election shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the oath of affirmation above prescribed, together with the following addition thereto, as part thereof; "And I do further solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have not directly or indirectly paid offered or promised to pay, contributed or offered or promised to contribute, any money or other valuable thing as a consideration or reward for the giving or withholding of a vote at the election at which I was elected to said office, and have not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding any such vote," and no other oath, declaration or test shall be required as a qualification for any office of public trust.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that, in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 22, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article eight of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That article eight of the constitution be amended, by amending section four thereof, so as to read as follows:

§ 4. The legislature shall, by general law, conform all charters of savings banks, or of institutions for savings, to a uniformity of powers, rights and liabilities, and all charters hereafter granted for such corporations shall be made to conform to such general law, and to such amendments as may be made thereto. And no such corporation shall have any capital stock, or shall be trustees thereof, or any of them have any interest whatever, direct or indirect, in the profits of such corporation; and no director or trustee of any such bank or institution shall be interested in any loan or use of money or property of such bank or institution for savings. The legislature shall have no power to pass any act granting any special charter for banking purposes; but corporations or associations may be formed for such purposes under general laws.

And further, by adding thereto additional sections to be known as sections ten and eleven, as follows:

§ 10. Neither the credit nor the money of the state shall be given or loaned to or in aid of any association, corporation or private undertaking. This section shall not, however, prevent the legislature from making such provision for the education and support of the blind, the deaf and dumb, and juvenile delinquents, as to it may seem proper. Nor shall it apply to any fund or property now held or which may hereafter be held by the state for educational purposes.

§ 11. No county, city, town, or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit, to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become, directly or indirectly, the owner of stock in or bonds of any association or corporation, nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness, except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor, as may be authorized by law.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that, in conformity to section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 29, 1873. The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to article seven of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That sections three and six of article seven be amended as follows:

Section three to be amended by adding at the end of the section the following:

Nor extra compensation shall be made to any contractor; but if from any unforeseen cause, the terms of any contract shall prove to be unjust and oppressive, the canal board may, upon the application of the contractor, cancel such contract.

§ 6. The legislature shall not sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the Erie canal, the Oswego canal, the Champlain canal, the Black River canal, or the Cayuga and Seneca canals, but the same shall remain the property of the state and under its management forever. Hereafter the expenditure for collections, superintendence, ordinary and extraordinary repairs on the canals named in this section shall not exceed, in any year, their net receipts for the previous year. All funds that may be derived from any lease, sale or other disposition of any canal shall be applied in payment of the debt for which the canal revenues are pledged.

That the following be added as sections thirteen and fourteen, in place of sections thirteen and fourteen of this article, which have been transferred and renumbered as sections twenty-one and twenty-two of article three.

§ 13. The sinking funds provided for the payment of interest and extinguishment of the principal of the debts of the state shall be kept and safely kept and safely invested, and neither of them shall be appropriated or used in any manner other than for the specific purpose for which it shall have been provided.

§ 14. Neither the legislature, canal board, canal appraisers, nor any officer, person or agent acting in behalf of the state, shall audit, allow or pay any claim which, as between citizens of the state, would be barred by lapse of time. The limitation of existing claims shall begin to run from the adoption of th s section; but this section shall not be construed to revive claims already barred by existing statutes, nor to repeal any statute fixing the time within which claims shall be presented or allowed, nor shall it extend to any claim presented within the time allowed by law, and prosecuted with due diligence from the time of such presentment. But if the claimant shall be under legal disability, the claim may be presented within two years after such disability is removed.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendment be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity with section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article two of the constitution.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That sections one and two of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

§ 1. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years who shall have been a citizen for ten days, and an inhabitant of the state one year next preceding any election shall be entitled to vote at the last general election of the county, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident, and not elsewhere, for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elective by the people, and upon all questions which may be submitted to a vote of the people, provided that, in time of war, no elector in the actual military service of the state, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from any election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election districts in which they respectively reside.

§ 2. No person who shall receive, expect or offer to receive, or pay, offer or promise to pay, contribute, offer or promise to contribute to another, to be paid or used, any money or other valuable thing as a compensation for the giving or withholding a vote at an election, or who shall make any promise to influence the giving or withholding any such vote, or who shall make or become directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager, depending upon the result of any election, shall vote at such election; and upon challenge for such cause, the person so challenged, before the officers authorized for that purpose shall receive his vote, shall swear or affirm before such officers that he has not received or offered, does not expect to receive, has not paid, offered or promised to pay, contributed, offered or promised to contribute to another, to be paid or used, any money or other valuable thing, as a compensation or reward for the giving or withholding a vote at such election, and has not made any promise to influence the giving or withholding of any such vote, nor made or become, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of such election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this article, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws excluding from the right of suffrage all persons convicted of bribery or any infamous crime.

Resolved, (if the assembly concur), That the foregoing amendments be referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of senators, and that in conformity with section one of article thirteen of the constitution, it be published for three months previous to the time of such election.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Senate, May 21, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
CHAS. R. DAYTON,
Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK, In Assembly, May 12, 1873.—The foregoing resolutions were duly passed.
By order,
J. O'DONNELL,
Clerk.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS proposing amendments to article three of the constitution.

Resolved (if the assembly concur), That sections one, four, five, six, seven and eight of article three of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows:

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The legislative power of the state shall be vested in a senate and assembly.

§ 4. An enumeration of the inhabitants of the state shall be made under the direction of the legislature, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and in every tenth year thereafter.

§ 5. The assembly shall consist of one hundred and twenty-eight members elected for one year. The members of assembly shall be apportioned among the several counties of the state, by the legislature, as nearly as may be, according to the number of their respective inhabitants, excluding aliens, and shall be chosen by single districts. The assembly districts shall remain as at present organized until after the enumeration of the inhabitants of the state in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-five. The legislature, at its first session after the return of every enumeration, shall apportion the members of assembly among the several counties of the state, in manner aforesaid, and the board of supervisors in such counties as may be entitled under such apportionment to more than one member, except the city and county of New York, and in said city and county the board of aldermen of said city shall assemble at such times as the legislature making such apportionment shall prescribe and divide their respective counties into assembly districts, each of which districts shall consist of convenient and contiguous territory equal to the number of members of assembly to which such counties shall be entitled, and shall cause to be filed in the offices of the secretary of state and of the clerks of their respective counties a description of such districts, specifying the number of each district, and the population thereof, according to the last preceding enumeration, as near as can be ascertained, and the apportionment and districts shall remain unaltered until another enumeration shall be made as herein provided. No town shall be divided in the formation of assembly districts. Every county heretofore established and separately organized, except the county of Hamilton, shall always be entitled to one member of the assembly, and no new county shall be hereafter erected unless its population shall entitle it to a member. The county of Hamilton shall elect with the county of Fulton until the population of the county of Hamilton shall, according to the ratio, be entitled to a member. But the legislature may abolish the said county of Hamilton and annex the territory thereof to some other county or counties. Nothing in this section shall prevent division at any time of counties and towns, and the erection of new towns and counties by the legislature.

§ 6. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his service an annual salary of one thousand five hundred dollars. The members of either house shall also receive the sum of one dollar for every ten miles they shall travel in going to and returning from their place of meeting, once in each session, on the most usual route. Senators, when the senate alone is convened in extraordinary session, or when serving as members of the court for the trial of impeachments, and such members of the assembly, not exceeding nine in number, as shall be appointed managers of an impeachment, shall receive an additional allowance of ten dollars a day.

§ 7. No member of the legislature shall receive any civil appointment within this state, or the senate of the United States, from the governor, the governor and senate, or from the legislature, or from any city government, during the time for which he shall have been elected; and all such appointments, and all votes given for any such member for any such office or appointment, shall be void.

§ 8. No person shall be eligible to the legislature who at the time of his election is, or within one hundred days previous thereto has been, a member of congress, a civil or military officer under the United States, or an officer under any city government. And if any person shall, after his election as a member of the legislature, be elected to congress or appointed to any office, civil or military under the government of the United States, or under any city government, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

And that the following additional sections be added to said article three of the constitution:

§ 17. No act shall be passed which shall provide that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be made or deemed a part of said act, or which shall enact that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be applicable, except by inserting it in such act.

§ 18. The legislature shall not pass a private or local bill in any of the following cases:

Changing the names of persons.

Laying out, opening, altering, working or discontinuing roads, highways or alleys, or for draining swamps or other low lands.

Locating or changing county seats.

Providing for changing of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Incorporating villages.

Providing for election of members of boards of supervisors.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or impanneling grand or petit jurors.

Regulating the interest on money.

The opening and conducting of elections or designating places of voting.

Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentage or allowance of public officers during the term for which said officers are elected or appointed.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Granting to any private corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Providing for building bridges, and chartering companies for such purposes, except on the Hudson river below Waterford, and on the East river, or over the waters forming a part of the boundaries of the state.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this section, and for all other cases which in its judgment may be provided for by general laws. But no law shall authorize the construction or operation of a street railroad except upon the condition that the consent of the owners of one-half in value of the property bounded on, and the consent also of the local authorities having the control of that portion of a street or highway upon which it is proposed to construct or operate such railroad be first obtained, or, in case the consent of such property-owners cannot be obtained, the general term of the supreme court in the district in which it is proposed to be constructed may, upon application, appoint three commissioners, who shall determine, after a hearing of all parties interested, whether such railroad ought to be constructed or operated, and their determination, confirmed by the court, may be taken in lieu of the consent of the property owners.

§ 19. The legislature shall neither audit nor allow any private claim or account against the state, but may appropriate money to pay such claims as shall have been audited and allowed according to law.

§ 20. Every law which imposes, continues or revives a tax shall distinctly state the sum and the object